

Licence

Licence Number	L6284/1992/10						
Licence Holder ACN	Santos WA Energy Limited 009 301 964						
Registered business address	60 Flinders Street ADELAIDE SA 5000						
File Number	DER2013/000949-3						
Duration	17/10/2013 to 16/10/2032						
Amendment Date	6/07//2023						
Premises	Varanus Island and East Spar Facilities						
	CALM Act Leases 1902/100 and 2064/100						
	Part Reserve 33902 (Part Lot 500 on Plan 240033)						
	(As depicted by the Premises Map in Schedule 1)						
	VARANUS ISLAND WA 6872						

Prescribed premises category description (Schedule 1, <i>Environmental Protection</i> <i>Regulations 1987</i>)	Assessed production capacity	
Category 10: Oil or gas production from wells	7 050 000 tonnes per annual period	
Category 34: Oil or gas refining		
Category 85: Sewage facility	72 cubic metres per day; 26,280 cubic metres per annual period	

This Licence is granted to the licence holder, subject to the following conditions, on 6 July 2023, by:

Manager, Process Industries

an officer delegated under section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)

Interpretation

In this licence:

- (a) the words 'including', 'includes' and 'include' in conditions mean "including but not limited to", and similar, as appropriate;
- (b) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;
- (c) where tables are used in a condition, each row in a table constitutes a separate condition;
- (d) any reference to an Australian or other standard, guideline, or code of practice means the version of the standard, guideline, or code of practice in force at the time of granting of this licence and includes any amendments to the standard, guideline or code of practice which may occur from time to time during the course of the licence;
- (e) unless specified otherwise, any reference to a section of an Act refers to that section of the EP Act; and
- (f) unless specified otherwise, all definitions are in accordance with the EP Act.

NOTE: This licence requires specific conditions to be met but does not provide any implied authorisation for other emissions, discharges, or activities not specified in this licence.

Definitions and interpretation

Definitions

In this Licence, the terms in Table 1 have the meanings defined.

Table 1: Definitions

Term	Definition					
ACN	Australian Company Number					
Amendment Notice	means an amendment granted under s.59 of the EP Act in accordance with the procedure set out in s.59B of the EP Act.					
Annual Audit Compliance Report	means a report in a format approved by the CEO as presented by the Licence Holder or as specified by the CEO (guidelines and templates may be available on the Department's website).					
Annual Period	means a 12 month period commencing from 1 July until 30 June in the following year.					
AS/NZS 5667.1	Means the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 5667.1 Water Quality – Sampling – Guidance on the design of sampling programs, sampling techniques and the preservation and handling of samples.					
AS/NZS 5667.10	means the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 5667.10 Water Quality – Sampling – Guidance on sampling of waste waters					
AS/NZS 5667.11	means the Australian/New Zealand Standard for Water quality – Sampling Part 11: Guidance on sampling of groundwaters					
ASTM D7979	Means the ASTM Standard ASTM D7979 – Standard Test Method for Determination of Perfluorinated Compounds in Water, Sludge, Influent, Effluent and Wastewater by Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC/MS/MS)					
Averaging period	means the time over which a limit is measured or a monitoring result is obtained					
Books	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.					
BTEX	means benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene					
CALM Act	means the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984 (WA)					
со	Carbon Monoxide					
Condition	means a condition to which this Licence is subject under s.62 of the EP Act.					
CEO	means Chief Executive Officer.					
	CEO for the purposes of notification means:					
	Director General Department Administering the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> Locked Bag 10					
	Joondalup DC WA 6919					
	Info@dwer.wa.gov.au					
Corrugated Plate Interceptor	means the water treatment system located at the Bulk Storage Facility that separates solids and oily water from contaminated stormwater falling within the Bulk Storage Tank bund and liquid recovered from the Soil Vapour Extraction system.					
Deep Disposal Wells	means the onshore water injection wells (Alkimos-1, Tanami-1 and Tanami-5) used for disposal of PFW and contaminated stormwater					
Department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector</i> <i>Management Act 1994</i> and designated as responsible for the administration of Part V, Division 3 of the EP Act.					

Department Request	means a request for Books or other sources of information to be produced, made by an Inspector or the CEO to the Licence Holder in writing and sent to the Licence Holder's address for notifications, as described at the front of this Licence, in relation to:
	(a) compliance with the EP Act or this Licence;
	 (b) the Books or other sources of information maintained in accordance with this Licence; or
	(c) the Books or other sources of information relating to Emissions from the Premises.
Discharge	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
DWER	Department of Water and Environmental Regulation.
Emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
EP Act	means the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA).
EP Regulations	means the Environmental Protection Regulations 1987 (WA).
H ₂ S	Hydrogen Sulfide
Implementation Agreement or Decision	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
IBC	means intermediate bulk container
Inspector	means an inspector appointed by the CEO in accordance with s.88 of the EP Act.
ISO 25101	Means the ISO Standard ISO 25101 – Water quality – Determination of perfluorooctanesulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoate (PFOA) – Method for unfiltered samples using solid phase extraction and liquid chromatography/mass spectrometry (applicable to drinking water, ground water and surface water)
Licence	refers to this document, which evidences the grant of a Licence by the CEO under s.57 of the EP Act, subject to the Conditions.
Licence Holder	refers to the occupier of the premises being the person to whom this Licence has been granted, as specified at the front of this Licence.
Material Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
NOx	Nitrogen Oxides
PM	Particulate Matter
Pollution	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Premises	refers to the premises to which this Licence applies, as specified at the front of this Licence and as shown on the map in Schedule 1 to this Licence.
Prescribed Premises	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
Primary Activities	refers to the Prescribed Premises activities listed on the front of this Licence as described in Schedule 2, at the locations shown in Schedule 1.
Serious Environmental Harm	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
SVE	means soil vapour extraction
SVOCs	semi volatile organic compounds
TRH	means Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons
Unreasonable Emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
VOCs	volatile organic compounds
Waste	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.

Conditions

Infrastructure and equipment

1. The Licence Holder must ensure that the infrastructure and equipment specified in Column 1 of Table 2 is maintained in good working order and operated in accordance with the requirements specified in Column 2 of Table 2.

 Table 2: Infrastructure and equipment controls table

Column 1	Column 2
Site infrastructure and equipment	Operational requirements
HJV and ESJV processing areas	Must be bunded, drained or graded such that uncontaminated stormwater is prevented from entering processing areas
	Must be designed such that contaminated stormwater and liquid wastes collected within processing areas are directed to collection sumps
Bunds, sumps and drains as identified in Schedule 1 Map:	Stormwater and liquid wastes collected must be routinely pumped out and sent to an oil water separator for treatment prior to disposal via the Deep Disposal Wells or discharge via the HJV Humeceptor 54
Containment Areas	All sumps must be pumped out before an impending cyclone unless unsafe to do so
Bulk Crude / Condensate Storage Tanks	Two crude oil storage tanks (each tank with capacity of $39,750,000L$) positioned within a lined and bunded containment area with a hydraulic permeability of less than 1×10^{-9} m/s
	The integrity of the containment infrastructure is maintained
	Contaminated stormwater to be transferred to the Corrugated Plate Interceptor for treatment prior to discharge via Deep Disposal Wells
Sewage Facility	Overtopping of the treatment tanks does not occur
	The integrity of the containment and discharge infrastructure is maintained.
SVE Infrastructure	SVE wells and groundwater bores piped to centralised process equipment
	All vapour recovered is vented to atmosphere via a 6.5m stack
	Transfer pump capable of transferring all liquid to the IBC
	1,000L IBC capable of storing liquid produced from the SVE.
	Any liquid recovered is to be processed through the Corrugated Plate Interceptor for treatment prior to discharge via Deep Disposal Wells

2. The Licence Holder must install the SVE in accordance with the SVE Infrastructure requirements specified in Column 2 of Table 2 at the location shown in Schedule 1: SVE Operations.

Emissions

3. The Licence Holder must not cause any Emissions from the Primary Activities on the Premises except for specified Emissions and general Emissions described in Column 1 of Table 3 subject to the exclusions, limitations or requirements specified in Column 2 of Table 3.

Column 1	Column 2			
Emission type	Exclusions/Limitations/Requirements			
Specified Emissions				
Emissions to air	Subject to compliance with Condition 4			
Treated effluent discharged from the Premises Sewage Facility	Subject to compliance with Conditions 4, 7, 8 and 14			
Treated stormwater from the HJV Humeceptor 54	Subject to compliance with Conditions 4, 6 and 14			
General Emissions (excluding Specified Emissions)				
Emissions which:	Emissions excluded from General Emissions are:			
• arise from the Primary Activities set out in	Unreasonable Emissions; or			
Schedule 2: Primary Activities	 Emissions that result in, or are likely to result in, Pollution, Material Environmental Harm or Serious Environmental Harm; or 			
	 Discharges of Waste in circumstances likely to cause Pollution; or 			
	 Emissions that result, or are likely to result in, the Discharge or abandonment of Waste in water to which the public has access; or 			
	 Emissions or Discharges which do not comply with an Approved Policy; or 			
	 Emissions or Discharges which do not comply with a prescribed standard; or 			
	 Emissions or Discharges which do not comply with the conditions in an Implementation Agreement or Decision; or 			
	• Emissions or Discharges the subject of offences under regulations prescribed under the EP Act, including materials discharged under the Environmental <i>Protection</i> (Unauthorised Discharges) Regulations 2004.			

Table 3: Authorised Emissions table

Point source emissions to air

4. The Licence Holder shall ensure that where waste is emitted to air from the emission points in Table 4 and identified on the map of emission points to air in Schedule 1 it is done so in accordance with the conditions of this Licence.

Emission	Discharge point	Emission point height (m)	Discharge point location as shown in Schedule 1: Map of Emissions to Air locations
NOx, PM	ES Power Generator (EG-6003)	13	Discharge point A5
NOx, PM,	Taurus 60 (K-11A) gas turbine	11	Discharge point A7
Acrolein	Taurus T70 (K-12) gas turbine	12	Discharge point A9
	ESJV - Taurus A (K-6401-A) gas turbine	13	Discharge point A10
	ESJV - Taurus B (K-6401-B) gas turbine	13	Discharge point A11
NOx	ESJV - Taurus C (K-6401-C) gas turbine	13	Discharge point A12
	Mars 100 ESJV Sales Gas Compressor (K-6401-D)	20	Discharge point A13
	Black start Diesel Generator (EG-1)	6	Discharge point A16
NOX, PIVI	Black start Diesel Generator (EG-2)	6	Discharge point A17
	HJV Elevated Flare (F-101)	35	Discharge point A18
NOx, PM, CO,	HJV Ground Flare (F-100)	15	Discharge point A19
hexane	ESJV Elevated Flare (V-6542)	33	Discharge point A20
	ESJV Ground Flare (V-6541)	8	Discharge point A21
ЦС	Amine Train Vent 1 (AV1)	24	Discharge point A22
П25	Amine Train Vent 2 (AV2)	24	Discharge point A23
Methane, hexane, cyclo- hexane, BTEX H ₂ S, VOCs SVOCs		6.5	Discharge point A24
	Mars 100 ESJV Inlet Gas Compressor (K-0302)	12.8	Discharge point A26
	Mars 100 ESJV Inlet Gas Compressor (K-0402)	12.8	Discharge point A25
NOx	Centaur C40 (EG-9001) Gas Turbine Generator	9.8	Discharge point A27
	Cummins Generator (EG-9002)	6.5	Discharge point A28
	Cummins Generator (EG-9004)	6.5	Discharge point A29

Table 4: Authorised discharge points to air

5. The Licence Holder must ensure that:

- (a) emissions specified in Table 5 are discharged only from the corresponding discharge point;
- (b) at the corresponding emission point reference; and
- (c) at the discharge point location; and

(d) in accordance with the limit;

specified in Table 5.

Table 5: Emission point limits

Emission	Limit	Discharge point	Emission point reference	Discharge point location
Treated effluent		Discharge via	Effluent discharge	Ocean Outfall Discharge Point as shown in
from the Premises Sewage Facility	<u><</u> 72m³ / day	pipe to marine environment	Pipe	Schedule 1: Sewage Facility Location and Discharge Point
Treated stromwater		Discharge via	Humocontor	Discharge Point to Land as shown in
from the HJV Humeceptor 54	<u><</u> 15mg/L TRH	pipe to land	discharge pipe	Schedule 1: Humeceptor Location and Discharge Point

Ambient Groundwater Quality Monitoring

- **6.** The Licence Holder must monitor the groundwater for concentrations of the parameters listed in Table 6:
 - (a) at the corresponding monitoring point location and reference;
 - (b) in the corresponding unit;
 - (c) at no less that the corresponding frequency;
 - (d) for the corresponding averaging period;
 - (e) using the corresponding sampling method; and
 - (f) the corresponding analytical method,
 - as set out in Table 6.

Table 6: Monitoring of ambient groundwater quality

Monitoring point	Baramator	Units	Averaging period	Frequency	Method	
reference	Farameter			Frequency	Sampling	Analysis
	pH ¹	-				
	Temperature ¹	°C		Annually		AS/NZS 5667.11
MW01B, MW03, MW04, MW06, MW07,	Electrical conductivity ¹	µS/cm	Spot sample		AS/NZS 5667.1	
	Dissolved oxygen	mg/L				
MW08, MW11, MW14, MW16, MW17, MW25,	Redox potential	mV				
MW44, MW55, MW56, MW58, MW61, MW63 and MW64	Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	mg/L				
	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	mg/L				
	Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl	mg/L				

Monitoring point	Desembles	Units	Averaging	F	Method	
reference	Parameter		period	od Frequency		Analysis
	Benzene and Xylene					
	Phenols	mg/L				
MW01B, MW03, MW04, MW08, MW11, MW53B, MW55 and MW63	Arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, strontium and zinc	mg/L				
MW01B, MW03, MW04, MW14, MW19, MW44, MW61, MW63, MW64 and MW71	Natural attenuation	mg/L				
MW03, MW06, MW08, MW19, MW58 and MW61	PFAS compounds ¹	µg/L	Spot sample	Annually	AS/NZS 5667.1	ISO 25101 or ASTM D7979

Note 1: Analysis of PFAS compounds to be performed in accordance with the *Interim Guideline on the Assessment and Management of Perflouroalkyl and Polyflouroalkyl Substances (PFAS)*" (Department of Environment Regulation, January 2017)

Emissions to Land Monitoring

7. The Licence Holder must monitor emissions listed in Table 7:

- (a) from each discharge point;
- (b) at the corresponding monitoring location;
- (c) for the corresponding parameter;
- (d) at the corresponding frequency;
- (e) for the corresponding averaging period;
- (f) in the corresponding unit; and
- (g) using the corresponding method,

as set out in Table 7.

Table 7: Monitoring of point source emissions to land

Discharge point	Monitoring location	Parameter	Frequency	Averaging period	Unit	Method	
						Sampling	Analysis
Outlet of HJV Humeceptor 54 discharge pipe	Discharge Point to Land as shown in Schedule 1: Humeceptor Location and Discharge Point	TRH	Annually: at least once per year during periods of discharge	Spot sample	mg/L	AS/NZS 5667.1	AS/NZS 5667.10

Emissions to Surface Water Monitoring

8. The Licence Holder must monitor and record the total amount of waste outputs for the waste type listed in Table 8 and in the corresponding unit and for the corresponding time period set out in Table 8.

 Table 8: Monitoring of WWTP outputs

Waste type	Monitoring point reference	Parameter	Units	Averaging period	Frequency
Sewage	Outflow meter as shown in Schedule 1: Map - Sewage Facility Location and Discharge Point.	Volumetric flow rate (cumulative)	m ³ / day	Monthly	Continuous

9. The Licence Holder must monitor and record emissions listed in Table 9:

- (a) at the corresponding monitoring location;
- (b) for the corresponding parameter;
- (c) at the corresponding frequency;
- (d) for the corresponding averaging period;
- (e) in the corresponding unit; and
- (f) using the corresponding method,

as set out in Table 9.

Table 9: Monitoring of point source emissions to surface water

Monitoring location	Parameter	Frequency	Averaging period	Unit	Method	
					Sampling	Analysis
	pH ¹	Quarterly	Spot sample	pH Units	AS/NZS 5667.1	AS/NZS 5667.10
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand			mg/L		
	Total Suspended Solids			mg/L		
	Total Nitrogen			mg/L		
Schedule 1: Map - Sewage Facility Location and Discharge Point.	Total phosphorus			mg/L		
	E. Coli			Organis ms / 100mL		
	Anionic surfactants			mg/L		
	Oil and grease			mg/L		
	Free Chlorine ¹			mg/L		
	Copper, zinc, lead, mercury, nickel, cadmium			mg/L		

Note 1: In field non-NATA accredited analysis permitted

- **10.** The Licence Holder must ensure that:
 - (a) quarterly monitoring is undertaken such that there are at least 45 days in between the days on which samples are taken; and
 - (b) annual monitoring is undertaken such that there are at least 9 months in between the days on which samples are taken.
- **11.** The Licence Holder shall submit all samples required by conditions 6, 7 and 9 of to a laboratory with current NATA accreditation for the analysis of parameters specified.

Record-keeping

- **12.** The Licence Holder must maintain accurate and auditable Books including the following records, information, reports and data required by this Licence:
 - (a) the calculation of fees payable in respect of this Licence;
 - (b) the maintenance of infrastructure required to ensure that it is kept in good working order in accordance with Condition 1 of this Licence;
 - (c) monitoring undertaken in accordance with Conditions 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of this Licence; and
 - (d) complaints received under Condition 13 of this Licence.

In addition, the Books must:

- (e) be legible;
- (f) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and subsequent amendments remain legible and are capable of retrieval;
- (g) be retained for at least 3 years from the date the Books were made; and
- (h) be available to be produced to an Inspector or the CEO.
- **13.** The Licence Holder must record the number and details of any complaints received by the Licence Holder relating to its obligations under this Licence and its compliance with Part V of the EP Act at the Premises, and any action taken by the Licence Holder in response to the complaint. Details of complaints must include:
 - (a) an accurate record of the concerns or issues raised, for example a copy of any written complaint or a written note of any verbal complaints made;
 - (b) the name and contact details of the complainant, if provided by the complainant;
 - (c) the date of the complaint; and
 - (d) the details and dates of the actions taken by the Licence Holder in response to the complaints.

Reporting

14. The Licence Holder must submit to the CEO, by no later than 30 September in each year, an Annual Audit Compliance Report indicating the extent to which the Licence Holder has complied with the Conditions in this Licence for the preceding Annual Period.

15. The Licence Holder must submit to the CEO, by no later than 30 September in each year, an Annual Environmental Report for the preceding Annual Period for the conditions listed in Table 10, and which provides information in accordance with the corresponding requirement set out in Table 10.

Condition(s)	Requirement
6	Ambient groundwater quality monitoring - Tabulated groundwater monitoring data results and an interpretation of monitoring data results including comparison of historical data to determine trends
7	Emissions to land monitoring – tabulated discharge water quality results from the outlet of HJV Humeceptor 54 to determine compliance with discharge limit set out in condition 5
8 and 9	Sewage Facility outflows (including volumes of sludge removed) and treated effluent quality monitoring results and an interpretation of monitoring data results including comparison against trigger levels and historical data to determine trends and compliance with discharge limit set out in condition 5

Table 10:	Annual Environmenta	I Report requirements
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16. The Licence Holder must comply with a Department Request, within 14 days from the date of the Department Request or such other period as agreed to by the Inspector or the CEO.

Works

- **17.** The Licence Holder must construct / install the infrastructure listed in Table 11, in accordance with;
 - (a) the corresponding design and construction / installation requirement; and
 - (b) at the corresponding infrastructure location;

as set out in Table 11.

Table 11: Design and construction / installation requirements

Infrastructur e	Design and construction / installation requirement	Infrastructure location
2 x Cummins Generators	 GEA containers to be sound insulated with interior sound attenuators at either end. 	Within the Premises
	b) Lighting to be limited to within enclosed container.	Boundary as depicted in the Premises Map of
	 GEA operation with container doors open to trigger GEA fire system alarm 	Schedule 1.
Construction lighting	 d) Construction activities to be scheduled during daylight hours to reduce impact of light emissions. 	
Water cart	 e) Unsealed roads, access tracks, work areas and soil stockpiles to be watered as required to reduce dust emissions 	
Mobile equipment	 f) Mobile equipment to be maintained to ensure equipment exhaust systems are operating as designed 	

- **18.** The Licence Holder must within 30 days of the infrastructure required by Condition 17 being constructed:
 - (a) undertake an audit of their compliance with the requirements of Condition 17; and
 - (b) prepare and submit to the CEO an Environmental Compliance Report on that compliance.
- **19.** The Environmental Compliance Report required by Condition 0, must include as a minimum the following:
 - (a) certification by a Qualified Professional Engineer that the items of infrastructure or component(s) thereof, as specified in Condition 17 (Table 11), have been constructed in accordance with the relevant requirements specified in Condition 17;
 - (b) as constructed plans and a detailed site plan for each item of infrastructure specified in Condition 17; and
 - (c) be signed by a person authorised to represent the Licence Holder and contains the printed name and position of that person.

Schedule 1: Maps

Premises map

The Premises is shown in the map below. The red line depicts the Premises boundary.



L6284/1992/10

Date of Amendment: 06/07/2023

Premises layout

The Premises is layout shown in the map below.



L6284/1992/10

Date of Amendment: 06/07/2023

Containment Areas

The locations and layout of the Premises bunds, sumps and drainage infrastructure is shown in the map below.



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Emissions to air

The locations of the Premises discharge points to air are shown in the map below.



SVE Operations



Sewage Facility Location and Discharge Point

The location of the Premises Sewage Facility, sample point and discharge location is shown in the map below.



Humeceptor 54 Location and Discharge Point

The location of the Premises Humeceptor 54, sample point and discharge location is shown in the map below.



Monitoring locations

The locations of the Premises groundwater monitoring bores are shown in the map below.



Schedule 2: Primary Activities

At the time of assessment, Emissions and Discharges from the following Primary Activities were considered in the determination of the risk and related Conditions for the Premises.

The Primary Activities are listed in Table 11:

Table 12: Primary Activities

Primary Activity	Premises production or design capacity
Category 10 - Oil or gas production from wells: premises, whether on land or offshore, on which crude oil, natural gas or condensate is extracted from below the surface of the land or the seabed, as the case requires, and is treated or separated to produce stabilized crude oil, purified natural gas or liquefied hydrocarbon gases.	<u>≺</u> 7,050,000 tonnes per annual period
Category 34 - Oil or gas refining: premises on which crude oil, condensate or gas is refined or processed	
Category 85 - Sewage facility: premises —	
(d) on which sewage is treated (excluding septic tanks); or	<72 cubic metres per day
 (e) from which treated sewage is discharged onto land or into waters. 	

Infrastructure and equipment

The Primary Activity infrastructure and equipment situated on the Premises is listed in Table 13.

Table 13: Infrastructure and equipment

Infrastructure		Reference		
Pres	Prescribed Activity Category 10 and 34			
Oil and gas is pumped from surrounding offshore platforms to Varanus Island to produce oil, gas and condensate via separation plants. LNG and condensate is exported via ship while gas is piped to the mainland for distribution to the Dampier to Bunbury Natural Gas Pipeline.				
1	HJV gas separation plant			
2	HJV oil separation plant			
3	ESJV gas separation plant			
4	HJV Ground Flare	Schedule 1: Premises layout		
5	HJV Elevated Flare			
6	ESJV Ground Flare			
7	ESJV Elevated Flare			
8	Crude oil and condensate Bulk Storage tanks			

Infra	astructure	Reference	
9	PFW Storage tanks	Schedule 1: Premises lavout	
10	Subsea pipeline and marine terminal for the export of hydrocarbon liquids	Schedule 1. Fremises layout	
11	Two sales gas pipelines to the mainland		
12	Inlet gas compression infrastructure		
Pres	scribed Activity Category 85		
The acco mari	activated sludge bioreactor (ASBR) sewage facility to treat domestic ommodation camp, mess facilities and office ablutions prior to discha ine environment	sewage from the rging treated effluent to the	
1	ASBR Sewage system comprising influent screen, 2 x balance tanks (combined capacity of 100 m3), bioreactor (for aerobic and anoxic treatment) Tanks A and B, clarification tank (including sludge skimmer), treated effluent tank (capacity 9 kL), sludge tank (capacity 22 kL), effluent chlorination system, and treated effluent distribution system (including flowmeter and effluent sample point)	Schedule 1: Premises layout	
2	Sub-sea pipeline and discharge point to marine waters	Schedule 1: Premises Map "Sewage Facility Location and Discharge Point"	
Dire	ctly related activities		
Con direa	taminated wastewater from various waste streams, including PFW and to the following infrastructure for treatment and disposal	nd contaminated stormwater is	
1	Network of bunds and sumps on the Premises. Captured water is then directed through oil-water separation systems (eg. Corrugated Plate Interceptor (CPI) / Humeceptors) prior to disposal via deep disposal wells to oil reservoirs or discharge to land via pipeline.	Schedule 1: Premises Map "Containment Areas"	
Other activities			
1	Support infrastructure including power generation units, chemical storage, workshops, laydown areas, incinerator, wharfs, wash down bays, concrete batching plant, offices, accommodation village, potable water plant and heliport.	Schedule 1: Premises layout	
2	Contaminated Sites SVE remediation activities: The application of a vacuum to induce air flow in SVE wells (MW41, MW43, MW44, MW45, MW58, MW59 MW60) and other groundwater monitoring wells, to strip volatile contaminants from soil and groundwater and venting them to atmosphere. Recovered liquid is processed through the Corrugated Plate	Schedule 1: SVE Operations	
	Interceptor prior to disposal via deep disposal wells to depleted oil reservoirs.		