

Amendment Report

Application for Licence Amendment

Part V Division 3 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Licence Number	L7064/1997/11
Licence Holder	City of Rockingham
File Number	2010/005913-2
Premises	Millar Road Landfill Facility
	204 Millar Road West
	BALDIVIS 6171
	Legal description –
	Lot 2170 on Plan 211650
	Certificate of Title Volume 1464 Folio 465
	As defined by the coordinates in Schedule 2 of the Revised Licence
Date of Report	02 March 2023
Decision	Revised licence granted

MANAGER WASTE INDUSTRIES REGULATORY SERVICES

an officer delegated under section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)

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1. Decision summary

Licence L7064/1997/11 is held by the City of Rockingham (Licence Holder) for the Millar Road Landfill Facility (the Premises), located at 204 Millar Road West, Baldivis (Lot 2170 on Plan 211650, Certificate of Title Volume 1464 Folio 465).

This Amendment Report documents the assessment of potential risks to the environment and public health from proposed changes to the emissions and discharges during the operation of the Premises. As a result of this assessment, Revised Licence L7064/1997/11 has been granted.

The Revised Licence issued as a result of this amendment consolidates and supersedes the existing Licence previously granted in relation to the Premises. The Revised Licence has been granted in a new format with existing conditions being transferred, but not reassessed, to the new format.

2. Scope of assessment

2.1 Regulatory framework

In completing the assessment documented in this Amendment Report, the department has considered and given due regard to its Regulatory Framework and relevant policy documents which are available at <u>https://dwer.wa.gov.au/regulatory-documents</u>. Due regard has also been given to the design, operation, rehabilitation and aftercare sections of the document titled 788.3: *Siting, design, operation and rehabilitation of landfills* (EPAV 2015).

2.2 Application summary

On 30 September 2022, the Licence Holder submitted an application to the department to amend Licence L7064/1997/11 under section 59 and 59B of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (EP Act). The following amendments are being sought:

- Changes to Category 64: Class II or III putrescible landfill site activities, including:
 - Extension of the landfill capping layer over the south and eastern slopes of landfill cell 10 and the southern slope of landfill cell 11;
- Addition of Category 57: Used tyre storage (general) due to:
 - Increasing waste tyre storage from 100 tyres at one time to 250 tyres at one time;
- Changes to Category 61A: Solid waste facility activities, including:
 - Increasing greenwaste throughput from 7,000 tonnes per annual period (tpa) to 10,000 tpa; and
 - Decreasing spacing between greenwaste stockpiles from 5 m to 3 m;
- Changes to Category 62: Solid waste depot activities, including:
 - Acceptance and temporary storage of E-waste, household batteries, lithium batteries and lead-acid batteries; and
 - Increasing hazardous waste throughput from 99 tpa to 1,000 tpa, to incorporate the acceptance of the solid hazardous wastes listed above (batteries);

- Addition of Category 61: Liquid waste facility due to:
 - Increasing hazardous waste throughput from 99 tpa to 1,000 tpa, to incorporate increased acceptance of liquid household hazardous wastes and waste paint; and
- Additional administrative amendments to the licence summarised in Table 2.

Table 1 below summarises the proposed changes to the categories of prescribed premises on the existing Licence.

Category	Current design or throughput capacity	Proposed design or throughput capacity	Reason for proposed amendment	
57	N/A – new category	Up to 250 used tyres at any one time	Downstream tyre recycling facilities are experiencing capacity issues resulting in tyres being removed from the Premises less frequently.	
61	N/A – new category	1,000 tonnes per annual period	Increased volumes of liquid household hazardous waste are being received from ratepayers.	
61A	7,000 tonnes per annual period	10,000 tonnes per annual period	To account for large spikes in green waste volumes received after storm events and increasing volumes forecast to be received from ratepayers.	
62	50,000 tonnes per annual period	No change to capacity	Acceptance and temporary storage of E-waste, household batteries, lithium batteries and lead-acid batteries.	
64	450,000 tonnes per annual period	No change to capacity	Cells 10 and 11 were previously capped with a synthetic liner, however the cap did not fully extend down the east and south slopes of the landfill and beyond the edge of the basal liner.	
			As a result of excessive leachate generation during the winter of 2021, the Licence Holder undertook an investigation into the leachate generation issues and determined that the solution was to extend the synthetic capping system down the eastern and southern slopes of Cell 10 and 11 and 5 m beyond the edge of the base liners of the landfill cells.	

Condition or Section	Requested administrative amendments		
Premises Description and Licence Summary	Remove the outdated reference to a 390,000 tonnes per annum throughput		
	Remove outdated references to the active landfill cell numbers and total number of cells		
	Remove the outdated reference to AGL Energy and replace with LMS Energy		
	Remove the outdated reference to the expected closure of the landfill being 2035. Due to the opening of two Waste to Energy facilities in the southern metropolitan area, the landfill is now expected to operate until at least 2055		
Annual Period	Change the Annual Period from calendar year to financial year		
Table 1.2.4	Remove reference to disposal of Special Waste Type 3 within Cell 16 and 17 so the condition will be applicable to future landfill cells constructed to the same specifications.		
Condition 1.2.9	Correct reference error from Schedule 2, Part A to Schedule 3		
Condition 1.3.1	Correct reference error from Table 1.4.1 to Table 1.3.1		
Condition 2.3.2	Change condition number from 2.3.2 to 2.3.1		
Table 2.3.1	Replace reference to Leachate Pond 2 with Leachate Ponds 4A/4B, as this is outdated		
	Remove the <i>total</i> term for arsenic monitoring as this is incorrect. Total in relation to metals analysis means unfiltered samples, however it is understood that this was intended to mean that arsenic is not speciated into As(III) and As(V)		
	Replace the term methylbenzene with ethylbenzene and ben(a)pyrene with benzo(a)pyrene, as these are the correct descriptions for these parameters		
Schedule 1	Replace Premises Map and Map of Site Features with the updated maps provided in the application		

The application had also requested an amendment to allow for the temporary storage of leachate in depressions on the landfill surface during extreme weather periods, in place of removal offsite. However, this activity was not considered to be consistent with the proposal description and implementation conditions previously referred under Part IV of the EP Act. Subsequently, the Licence Holder withdrew this activity from the scope of the application.

2.3 Part IV of the EP Act

Development and operation of the landfill facility was referred to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) under Part IV of the EP Act in 1990. The proposal was assessed at the level of Public Environmental Review (PER). The PER was issued in June 1991 for an eight-week public review period and the Report and Recommendations of the EPA was published through EPA Report Number 596 in November 1991.

A decision on the implementation of the proposal was granted by the WA Minister for the Environment on 1 July 1992 through Ministerial Statement No. 271 (MS:271).

MS:271 contains a number of conditions relating to the design and management of the landfill. The conditions considered potentially relevant to the scope of the application are summarised in Table 3.

Condition number	Condition requirements	Relevance to amendment application	
2	Subject to these conditions, the manner of detailed implementation of the proposal shall conform in substance with that set out in any designs, specifications, plans or other technical material submitted by the proponent to the Environmental Protection Authority with the proposal. Where, in the course of that detailed implementation, the proponent seeks to change those designs, specifications, plans or other technical material in any way that the Minister for the Environmental Protection Authority, is not substantial, those changes may be effected.	Temporary storage of leachate in depressions on the landfill surface was not considered to be consistent with the manner of detailed implementation of the proposal submitted by the proponent (Licence Holder). The proponent has not sought any change to the detailed implementation through the EPA since the initial referral in 1990.	
5-2	Within two years of the date of commencement of construction, the proponent shall prepare a draft decommissioning and post closure management plan, to the satisfaction of the EPA	The draft Millar Road Landfill Facility Rehabilitation and Post-Closure Plan was previously provided to the satisfaction of the EPA	
5-3	At least two years prior to closure, the proponent shall prepare the final decommissioning and post closure management plan, to the satisfaction of the EPA		
5-4	The proponent shall implement the final decommissioning and post closure management plan required by condition 5-3, to the satisfaction of the EPA		
9.3 (28)	The Proponent will ensure that, upon completion of the refuse disposition, landfill cells will be covered with a layer of granular material, bedding sand (below and above the barrier membrane), a composite barrier membrane of low permeability, further granular material, and a final layer of soil suitable for vegetation establishment	requirements of this condition have been incorporated into the capping design. Information relating to the design of the capping layer is contained in Section	
9.3 (29)	The Proponent will ensure that, as part of the ongoing operational practice, the final landfill surface will be constructed to a predetermined crossfall to enhance surface run-off while safeguarding against erosion, and to ensure that final contours of the site will not constrain future use for light industry	The Millar Road Landfill Facility Rehabilitation and Post-Closure Plan provides a conceptual top of waste profile that provides a stable and graded surface to enhance surface water run-off. Operations are undertaken according to this design.	

Condition number	Condition requirements	Relevance to amendment application
9.3 (30)	The Proponent will ensure that, on completion of each landfill cell, shallow rooted native vegetation (in accordance with advice from the Department of Conservation and Land Management) will be established and maintained	The capping design includes the establishment of shallow rooted plant species, predominantly grasses.

2.4 Consolidation of Licence

As part of this amendment package the department has consolidated the licence by incorporating changes made under the previous amendments as summarised in Table 4.

 Table 4: Licences consolidated in this amendment

Instrument	Issued	Summary of approval	
L7064/1997/11	04/09/2015	Licence renewal granted	
L7064/1997/11	01/10/2015	Licence amendment to correct conditions	
L7064/1997/11	24/03/2016	Licence amendment to increase Category 62 throughput	
L7064/1997/11	29/04/2016	Notice of Amendment of Licence Expiry Dates	
L7064/1997/11	27/04/2018	Amendment Notice 1 to allow for the acceptance of household hazardous waste types and storage of green waste	
L7064/1997/11	20/03/2019	Amendment Notice 2 to allow the acceptance and burial of PFAS contaminated solid waste in existing Class III landfill cells 16 and 17	
L7064/1997/11	20/12/2019	DWER initiated amendment to give effect to the Minister's Appeal Determination of 12 September 2019 and amalgamate/consolidate separately issued licence amendment notices in the licence	
L7064/1997/11	DD/03/2023	This amendment	

The obligations of the Licence Holder have not changed in consolidating the licence. The department has not undertaken any additional risk assessment of the Premises related to previous Amendment Notices.

In consolidating the licence, the CEO has:

- updated the format and appearance of the Licence;
- revised licence condition's numbers, removed any redundant conditions and realigned condition numbers for numerical consistency;
- removed unenforceable terms like as soon as practicable and replaced with specified time frames where one was not already listed; and
- corrected clerical mistakes and unintentional errors.

The full consolidation of licence conditions as they relate to this Revised Licence are detailed in Section 7.1. Previously issued Amendment Notices will remain on the department's website for future reference and will act as a record of the department's decision making.

3. **Premises operations**

The existing infrastructure and operations (prior to this application) at the Premises considered relevant to the scope of the application are summarised below.

3.1 Leachate management

The active and recent landfill cells at the Premises are provided with a leachate management system that incorporates the following aspects:

- A base composite liner system of HDPE and GCL that provides a low permeability barrier for leachate infiltration to groundwater;
- A pipework and drainage system above the basal liner to collect leachate accumulating within the base of the landfill and direct it to the leachate sumps;
- A pumping system to extract leachate from the sumps and transfer it to one of the leachate ponds;
- Leachate ponds that include surface sprays for the storage and evaporation of leachate;
- Leachate recirculation systems for spraying leachate onto the surface of the landfill to increase leachate evaporation;
- Dedicated water cart for spraying leachate onto the active landfill surface; and
- A landfill capping design to minimise the generation of leachate post the closure of a landfill cell.

3.2 Hazardous waste

The Licence Holder currently accepts and stores up to 99 tonnes per annual period of household hazardous wastes at the Premises including waste oil, household chemicals, fire extinguishers, flares, batteries, fluorescent lamps and tubes, smoke detectors, small household gas cylinders and paints.

Household hazardous wastes are accepted under the Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) Program. The HHW is delivered to the Premises by members of the public and placed in a dedicated storage area comprised of a concrete bund with raised edge containment. Site operators relocate waste materials to a storage shed where they are placed in segregated plastic boxes on shelves or onto self-bunded pallets for larger containers. Separate enclosed metal cabinets are available for oxidisers and flares.

The Premises has a dedicated metal storage tank for waste oil. The tank is covered to prevent rain entry. Waste motor and gear oil is delivered by the public and placed either on a self-bunded pallet, or on a draining section located within the tank.

Paint is also accepted at the Premises under the Paintback Scheme, which provides selfbunded stillages for separate storage of water-based and solvent-based paint. The self-bunded (fully contained and welded) metal stillages are 1.1 m x 1.1 m x 1.1 m in external dimensions and are designed to capture spills and leaks.

Paint is delivered to the Premises by both members of the public and commercial painters. Members of the public deliver paint to a bunded shed designed to capture spills and leaks during receipt and temporary storage of waste paint. Site operators then transfer the paint into the selfbunded stillages. Commercial painters are permitted to deposit paint directly into the stillages.

The stillages are progressively filled until there is sufficient volume to warrant removal. For paint, an estimated six tonnes (excluding weight of stillages) within 10 - 14 stillages will be on the Premises at any one time. The paint is then removed from the Premises and transported for further processing and disposal.

3.3 Green waste

The Licence Holder currently accepts, stockpiles and mulches green waste that is received from local residents, commercial contractors and the City of Rockingham's operations. The green waste is stored on a limestone hardstand area. Once sufficient material has accumulated a shredder is brought onto the Premises to process the material.

Once mulched, the majority of the processed green waste is removed within one week and taken to a composting facility. The remaining portion of the material is stored on the Premises and used by the City for its parks and garden landscaping requirements, with a small amount made available to the public free of charge.

Mulched green waste is stored on the Premises in windrows typically 3.5 to 4.0 m high, approximately 10 m wide and with a fire break access of a minimum 5 m wide. The windrows are occasionally turned to prevent heat build-up and to maintain aerobic conditions.

4. Cell 10 and 11 capping

4.1 Background

The majority of landfill cells 10 and 11 at the Premises have previously been capped with a synthetic liner. However, after winter rainfall in 2021, pop-outs of landfill leachate were evident in the southern batters of the two cells. Following an investigation into the source of the leachate it was apparent that the pop-outs were occurring due to the synthetic liner component of the capping layer not being fully installed down the batter of the cells. Consequently, there is a need to conduct further works to extend the capping layer of Cell 10 and 11 to include the south and eastern batters of Cell 10 and the southern batter of Cell 11.

The Licence Holder has already undertaken some temporary repairs to the capping layer on the southern slopes of Cells 10 and 11 in May 2022. The temporary works improved the flow of stormwater down the slope of the cells and reduced infiltration into the waste mass. The temporary works acted to prepare the southern slope areas for the proposed works.

4.2 Capping design

The design of the additional landfill capping is consistent with the recent capping carried out on the eastern slopes of Cell 8 (early 2020) and the southern and western slopes of Cells 12 and 13 (2018). The landfill capping system relies on a number of components to reduce moisture ingress into the waste mass, reducing leachate generation within the landfill. The design incorporates the following layers, in ascending order:

- Soil cover layer over the waste mass;
- Coated GCL synthetic liner;
- Cushion geotextile;
- Sand drainage layer;
- Soil growing medium; and
- Revegetated final cap surface.

The composite GCL layer provides the primary barrier to stormwater infiltration through the capping layer. The GCL is coated with polyethylene that protects it from seasonal wetting and drying cycles and from root penetration into the synthetic clay layer within the material. The design also incorporates a taped join along all edges of the GCL panels to further prevent root penetration.

The sand drainage layer above the GCL captures and drains any stormwater that infiltrates after accumulating in the vegetated surface of the cap. This reduces any hydrostatic pressure build-up on the synthetic liner and moisture ingress through the liner.

The growing medium above the soil drainage layer absorbs and retains winter rainfall, up to the field moisture capacity of the soil, to sustain vegetation growth over the dry summer months. Moisture uptake and evapotranspiration by vegetation further reduces moisture ingress and potential leachate generation.

4.3 Capping works

The proposed works associated with the extension of the capping layer consists of the following activities:

- Construction Quality Assurance (CQA) testing, inspections and approval of synthetic liner materials;
- Clearing and grubbing of the works area;
- Surface trimming of soil cover to achieve a uniform surface;
- Installation of compacted fill where necessary to ensure a minimum soil cover over the waste surface;
- Subgrade preparation prior to liner installation;
- Installation of the synthetic liner materials, including tie-ins, joins and welding;
- Installation of the sand drainage layer;
- Installation of the growing medium;
- Ripping of the final surface; and
- Surface vegetation establishment when the weather is suitable for rapid plant establishment (autumn/winter and early spring).

The new capping liner will extend 2 m over the existing Cell 10 and 11 GCL liner to ensure an effective join interface between the new and existing works. The new liner will then extend a minimum of 5 m beyond the perimeter of the landfill cell basal liner, to ensure there is a barrier layer over the whole waste mass that will convey stormwater falling on the cap beyond the landfill cell footprint. Boot seals will be installed around existing landfill gas extraction and leachate management infrastructure to minimise any surface water ingress or landfill gas escape around these penetrations.

The majority of earthworks have already been completed when implementing the temporary repairs in May 2022. The remaining earthworks are isolated to minor trimming of soil cover and any filling of slopes that may be required for surface preparation. Soil material that was removed during the temporary repairs has been stockpiled at the base of the cell's southern slopes and will be reused as the growing medium on the extended cap.

The upper surface of the soil cap will be scarified and hydro-seeded to encourage establishment of a vegetated cap on the landfill surface. The seeding will consist of sub-tropical cereal rye, native grass seeds and shallow rooted shrubs.

There is no reshaping of the landfill waste mass associated with the proposed capping works. The existing soil cover layer above the waste mass will be removed so that the waste profile is unaffected by the proposed capping works.

The Licence Holder intends to commence the capping works as soon as possible following the determination of the amendment application. Works at the Premises are expected to occur approximately two months after determination, in order to allow time for the ordering and CQA testing of liner materials.

4.4 Stability

The Licence Holder undertook a stability assessment of the capping layer on the eastern slope of cell 10, however no assessment was undertaken for the southern slopes of Cells 10 and 11. This was due to the southern slopes of Cell 10 and 11 being at a lower angle and length than the east of Cell 10, indicating they would be more stable.

The stability assessment for the east of Cell 10 was based on the worst-case scenario of the finished waste profile being at a slope of 1 (V) in 3.2 (H) and being a continuous slope of 50 m long. The outcome of the stability assessment was that the proposed capping design was suitably stable and achieved an acceptable factor of safety for each condition that was considered.

4.5 **Construction Quality Assurance**

A CQA Plan has been developed to provide guidance as to the CQA requirements for the construction activities. The CQA Plan sets out the extent of the construction works covered by the CQA Plan, including the proposed testing requirements, inspection, and verification procedures to demonstrate that the materials and works meet the design and specification requirements. The key aspects of the CQA plan are contained below:

- Installation and joining of the GCL will be undertaken by an Installer who has installed and joined a minimum of 100,000 m² of the GCL type and proposed joining method.
- Installation will be performed under the direction of a Field Installation Supervisor (FIS) who shall be responsible throughout the GCL installation, for GCL panel layout, joining, patching, repairs and all other activities of the liner sub-contractor.
 - The FIS will have experience with the installation and joining of a minimum of 10 projects involving a total of 500,000 m² of the GCL type.
- Joining will be performed under the direction of a Master Installer (MI), who may also be the Field Installation Supervisor.
 - The MI will have experience with a minimum of 300,000 m² of the GCL type and joining method.
- The FIS and/or MI will be present whenever installation and joining is performed.
- An independent CQA Consultant will be appointed that has experience and knowledge of GCL and joining performance characteristics to verify that the Works have been carried out according to specifications.
 - The duties of the CQA Consultant include inspections, verifications, audits and evaluation of materials and workmanship, provision of advice on installation, repair, and covering of the GCL lining system and issuing a final CQA Report documenting the quality of the constructed capping.
- GCL rolls or portions of rolls with moisture content equal or above 40% by weight (ASTM D5993) may be rejected, as instructed by the Superintendent. GCL rolls with damaged wrapping and moisture content lower than 40% will be approved for use.
- Daily reports for all accomplished works will be created that include the following:
 - Total amount and location of GCL placed; and,
 - Drawings of the previous day's installed GCL showing panel numbers.
- The GCL liner material will be reinforced and comprised of both woven and non-woven geotextile fully needle punched and heat bonded together to contain the bentonite powder, with the specifications shown in Table 5.

Property	Test	Frequency	Value
Montmorillonite content	XRD (X-ray diffraction) Quantitative Mineralogy Analysis	50 tonnes	> 70 wt%
Carbonate content	-	50 tonnes	1 - 2 wt%
Bentonite form	-	50 tonnes	Natural Na-bentonite or >80 wt% Sodium as activated bentonite
Particle size	AS 1289-3.6.2	50 tonnes	Powdered (e.g. 80% passing 75 micron sieve) or Granulated (e.g. < 1% passing 75 micron)
Cation exchange capacity	Methylene blue method	50 tonnes	≥ 70 meq/100 g (or cmol/kg)
Free Swell (bentonite) (min. av)	ASTM D5890	50 tonnes	≥ 24 mL/2g
Moisture Content (bentonite)	ASTM D5993	2,500 m ²	≤ 25% at Manufacture ≤ 35% Site Samples
Fluid Loss (bentonite)	ASTM D5891	50 tonnes	≤ 18 ml max
Polymer Coating (min. av)	ASTM D5261	4,000 m ²	≥ 200 g/m²
Top Geotextile Mass (min. av)	ASTM D5261	20,000 m ²	≥ 200 g/m²
Mass of GCL (min. av)	ASTM D5993	2,500 m ²	≥ 5,000 g/m²
Mass of Bentonite (min. av)	ASTM D5993	2,500 m ²	≥ 4,500 g/m²
Bottom Geotextile Mass (min. av)	ASTM D5261	20,000 m ²	≥ 100 g/m²
Composite layer Thickness (Dry) (min. av)	ASTM D5199	2,500 m ²	≥ 6 mm
Elongation (MD) (min. av)	ASTM D4632	20,000 m ²	≥ 8%
Tensile Strength (min. av)	ASTM D6768	20,000 m ²	≥ 10 kN/m
Peel Strength (min. av)	ASTM D6496	2,500 m ²	≥ 360 N/m

Table 5: GCL liner manufacturer specifications

Property	Test	Frequency	Value
Permeability	ASTM D5887	25,000 m ²	≤ 5 x 10 ⁻¹¹ m/s
Permeability coating (10 m head)	EN 14150	25,000 m ²	≤ 1 x 10 ⁻¹⁴ m/s

• CQA testing of the GCL will be in accordance with Table 6.

Table 6: CQA testing for GCL panels

Item	Property	Standard	Frequency
Conformance testing (upon shipment of GCL	Thickness (dry)	ASTM D1777	1 sample per 1,000 m ²
to the premises)	Mass per unit area of GCL	ASTM D5993	1 sample per 1,000 m ²
	Moisture content of bentonite	AS 1289.2.1.1	1 sample per 2,500 m ²
	Swell index/free swell of clay	ASTM D5890	1 sample per 1,500 m ²
	Pell strength (for needle-punched products only)	ASTM D6496	1 sample per 1,000 m ² for flatter areas
	Tensile strength	ASTM D4595	1 sample per 10,000 m ²
	Index flux	ASTM D5887	1 sample per 10,000 m ²
Visual inspection of GCL			Each roll during placement. If thickness appears to be variable a check of the variability of the mass per unit area shall be conducted

• The geotextile material will not be made from recycled materials and will be 100% polyester or polypropylene (with the exception of inhibitors and/or carbon black added for UV resistance), with the specifications shown in Table 7.

Table 7: Geoxtextile material manufacturer specifications

Property	Value	Test method and frequency
Thickness (min. av)	≥ 4.0 mm	AS 2001-2.15 1 sample per 2,500 m ²
Mass per Unit Area (min. av)	≥ 450 g/m²	AS 2001-2.13 1 sample per 2,500 m ²

Property	Value	Test method and frequency
Wide Strip Tensile Strength (min. av)	37.5 kN/m	AS 3706-2 1 sample per 5,000 m ²
Tear Strength (min. av)	≥ 830 N	AS 3706-3 1 sample per 5,000 m ²
CBR Burst Strength (min. av)	≥ 6,400 N	AS 3706-4 1 sample per 5,000 m ²

• CQA testing of the geoxtextile material will be in accordance with Table 8.

Item	Property	Standard	Frequency	
Conformance testing	Thickness	AS 2001-2.15	1 sample per 2,500 m ²	
(upon shipment of geotextile to the premises)	Mass per unit area	AS 2001-2.13	1 sample per 2,500 m ²	
premises)	Wide stripe tensile strength	AS 3706-2	1 sample per 5,000 m ²	
	Tear strength	AS 3706-3	1 sample per 5,000 m ²	
	CBR burst strength	AS 3706-4	1 sample per 5,000 m ²	
Visual inspection of geotextile	Colour, thickness, tears, holes, punctures, needle punching, presence of needles or broken needles, and other faults in the material	-	Each roll during placement	

5. Risk assessment

The department assesses the risks of emissions from prescribed premises and identifies the potential source, pathway and impact to receptors in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk* assessments (DWER 2020).

To establish a Risk Event there must be an emission, a receptor which may be exposed to that emission through an identified actual or likely pathway, and a potential adverse effect to the receptor from exposure to that emission.

5.1 Source-pathways and receptors

5.1.1 Emissions and controls

The key emissions and associated actual or likely pathways during premises operation and construction of the extended capping layer which have been considered in this Amendment Report are detailed in Table 9 below. Table 9 also details the proposed control measures the Licence Holder has proposed to assist in controlling these emissions, where necessary.

Table 9: Licence Holder controls

Emission	Potential pathways	Sources	Proposed controls
Construction			
Dust	Air/windborne	Installation of additional capping layer to Cell 10 and 11: - Clearing, grubbing and earthworks - Vehicle and machinery	 Dust suppression as required. Slow vehicle speeds. Designate haulage roads. Weather monitoring to minimise dust generating activities during adverse conditions. Contingency measures to be
Noise Odour	pathway	Installation of additional capping layer to Cell 10 and 11: - Trimming of existing soil cover to top of waste mass	 Contrigency measures to be implemented if complaints are received. No re-shaping of the existing waste mass is required. Minimal exposure of waste mass. Minimum 300 mm of cover material to be applied over any exposed waste.
Operation			
Leachate	Overland runoff and seepage to soils and groundwater	Extension of capping layer on landfill cells 10 and 11	 CQA testing and inspections of synthetic capping materials. Full coverage of a low permeability capping layer above the waste mass. Reduced leachate generation resulting from the extended low permeability layer of the capping system. Sloping of capping surface to prevent pooling of stormwater. Boot sealing around service penetrations through the capping layer. Shallow-rooted vegetation to prevent penetrations through low permeability barriers of the capping layer. Monitoring and maintenance. Groundwater monitoring.
Spills / Contaminated stormwater	Overland runoff and seepage to soils and groundwater	 Changes to Category 62 activities: Acceptance of up to 1,000 tonnes per annual period of E-waste, household and lithium batteries and lead-acid batteries 	 Existing controls. Increased rate of waste removal from the Premises.

Emission	Potential pathways	Sources	Proposed controls
		 Addition of Category 61: Acceptance of more than 100 tonnes per annual period of hazardous liquid waste 	
Dust	Air/windborne pathway	Final capped surface of landfill cells 10 and 11	- Hydro-seeding of the upper capping layer to reduce wind erosion.
Landfill gas	Air/windborne pathway	Extension of capping layer on landfill cells 10 and 11	 CQA testing and inspections of synthetic liner materials. Full coverage of a low permeability capping layer above the waste mass. Boot sealing around service penetrations through the capping layer.
		Addition of Category 57: – Storage of up to 250 used tyres at one time	 Maintain no more than 100 tyres in a single stockpile 3 m separation distance between stockpiles
		Addition of Category 61: - Acceptance of more than 100 tonnes per annual period of hazardous	 Increased frequency of removal offsite to maintain storage volumes at current levels
Fire related emissions: - Smoke and particulates - Fire embers - Fire washwater and associated contaminants	Air/windborne pathway, overland runoff and seepage to soils and groundwater	Changes to Category 61A activities: – Increased acceptance of up to 10,000 tonnes of greenwaste per annual period – Reduction of greenwaste stockpile separation to 3 m	 Increased frequency of green waste removal offsite 3 m stockpile height
		Changes to Category 62 activities: - Acceptance of up to 1,000 tonnes per annual period of E- waste, household and lithium batteries and lead-acid batteries	 Increased frequency of removal offsite to maintain storage volumes at current levels

5.1.2 Receptors

In accordance with the *Guideline: Risk assessments* (DWER 2020b), the Delegated Officer has excluded employees, visitors and contractors of the Licence Holder's from its assessment. Protection of these parties often involves different exposure risks and prevention strategies, and is provided for under other state legislation.

Table 10 and Figure 1 below provides a summary of potential human and environmental receptors that may be impacted as a result of activities upon or emission and discharges from the prescribed premises (*Guideline: Environmental siting* (DWER 2020a)).

 Table 10: Sensitive human and environmental receptors and distance from prescribed activity

Pacaptors	Distance from proscribed activity
Receptors	Distance from prescribed activity
Human receptors	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 660 m southwest of the Premises
Rural residential homestead (RR1)	boundary
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 525 m south of the Premises boundary
Rural residential homestead (RR2)	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 680 m south of the Premises boundary
Rural residential homestead (RR3)	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 475 m south of the Premises boundary
Rural residential homestead (RR4)	
Sensitive receptor -	Approximately 425 m south of the Premises boundary
Rural residential homestead (RR5)	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 375 m south-southeast of the Premises
Rural residential homestead (RR6)	boundary
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 430 m east of the Premises boundary
Residential development (RD1)	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 700 m south of the Premises boundary
Residential development (RD2)	
Sensitive receptor –	Approximately 125 m east of the Premises boundary
Rockingham Regional Memorial Park	
Environmental receptors	
Geomorphic wetland –	Approximately 560 m southwest of the Premises
Kerosene Lane Swamp (conservation management category)	boundary
Geomorphic wetland –	Approximately 1.5 km west of the Premises boundary
Cooloongup Lake (conservation management category)	
Geomorphic wetland –	Approximately 380 m northwest of the Premises
Unnamed basin sumpland (conservation management category)	boundary

Receptors	Distance from prescribed activity
Underlying groundwater – Perth - Superficial Swan	Regional information indicates that groundwater ranges from approximately 3 mAHD at the eastern boundary of the Premises to 2 mAHD at the western boundary. Depth to groundwater ranges between 25 mBGL to 3 mBGL depending on the extent of cut and fill activities across the Premises. Regional groundwater flows in a westerly direction towards Lake Coloongup.
	Monitoring during October 2021 encountered groundwater ranging between 5.056 mAHD to 1.9141 mAHD across the Premises. Local groundwater flow is inferred to be west-northwesterly.
	The closest downgradient abstraction bore is located approximately 250 m west of the Premises boundary in the BHP Billiton Nickel West Baldivis Tailings Storage Facility. The facility is a known contaminated site and groundwater abstraction is for treatment purposes.
Nature Reserve / Bush Forever Site –	Approximately 70 m north of the Premises boundary
Leda Nature Reserve / Bush Forever Site 349	
Bush Forever Site – Bush Forever Site 356	Approximately 850 m east of the Premises boundary
Threatened Ecological Community (TEC) / Priority Ecological Community (PEC) –	Approximately 70 m south of the capping works area
Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain (Critically Endangered [C'wth], Priority 3 [WA])	

5.2 Risk ratings

Risk ratings have been assessed in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020) for those emission sources which are proposed to change and takes into account potential source-pathway and receptor linkages as identified in Section 5.1. Where linkages are incomplete they have not been considered further in the risk assessment.

Where the Licence Holder has proposed mitigation measures/controls (as detailed in Section 5.1), these have been considered when determining the final risk rating. Where the Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls to be critical to maintaining an acceptable level of risk, these will be incorporated into the licence as regulatory controls.

Additional regulatory controls may be imposed where the Licence Holder's controls are not deemed sufficient. Where this is the case the need for additional controls will be documented and justified in Table 11.

The Revised Licence L7064/1997/11 that accompanies this Amendment Report authorises emissions associated with the operation of the Premises i.e. municipal waste acceptance, storage and landfilling activities.

The conditions in the Revised Licence have been determined in accordance with *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions* (DER 2015).

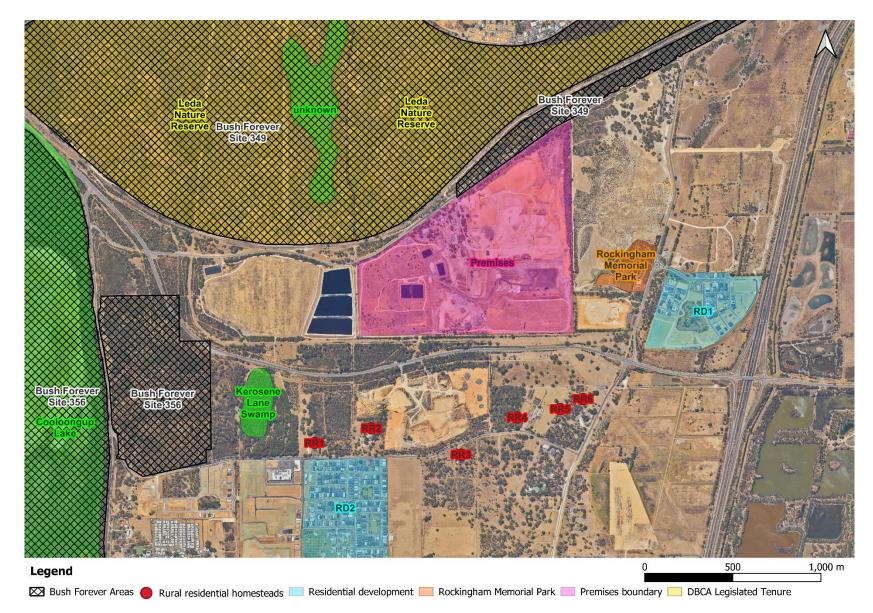


Figure 1: Receptors surrounding the Premises

Table 11. Risk assessment of potential emissions and discharges from the Premises during construction and operation

Risk Event	1	1			Risk rating ¹	Licence			
Source/Activities	Potential emission	Potential pathways and impact	Receptors	Licence Holder's controls	C = consequence L = likelihood	Holder's controls sufficient?	Conditions ² of licence	Justifica	
Construction	'								
Installation of additional capping layer to Cell 10 and 11:	Dust	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity			Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y		No further regulator the risk event.
 Clearing, grubbing and earthworks Vehicle and machinery movements 	Noise	Air/windborne	Sensitive human receptors (refer to Table 10)	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y	Condition 8: Table 5	No further regulator the risk event.	
Installation of additional capping layer to Cell 10 and 11: – Trimming of existing soil cover to top of waste mass	Odour	pathway causing impacts to amenity		Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Slight L = Possible Low Risk	Y		No further regulator the risk event.	
Operation						·	•		
Final capped surface of landfill cells 10 and 11	Dust	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity	Sensitive human receptors (refer to Table 10)	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y	Condition 8: Table 5	The risk event is co surface providing pr No further regulator the risk event.	
	Landfill gas			Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Moderate L = Unlikely Medium Risk	Y	Condition 8: Table 5 Condition 26 Condition 27	The proposed extension increase the conservation of the conservati	
Extension of capping layer on landfill cells 10 and 11 Leachate	Leachate	Seepage through soil to groundwater causing impacts to groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 5.1.1				The extension of the leachate management will expand the sur mass, reducing the pipeline or service preferential pathway	
Changes to Category 61A activities: – Increased acceptance of up to 10,000 tonnes of greenwaste per annual period	Leachate	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus</i> <i>gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain Leda Nature Reserve Bush Forever Areas Geomorphic wetlands	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Minor L = Rare Low Risk	Y	Existing Condition – 4: Table 3 Row 5(b)	The existing Licence greenwaste to be considered sufficient No further regulator the risk event.	
		Seepage through soil to groundwater causing impacts to groundwater quality							

ication for additional regulatory controls

tory controls are required due to the low risk rating of

tory controls are required due to the low risk rating of

tory controls are required due to the low risk rating of

considered unlikely due to vegetation of the capping protection against wind erosion once established.

tory controls are required due to the low risk rating of

extension of the capping layer is not considered to sequence or likelihood of the risk event. The extended and the surface barrier to landfill gas emissions and all ce protrusions will be sealed using bentonite so that ways are not formed.

f the capping layer is an improvement to the current ement of landfill cells 10 and 11. The extended capping surface barrier to rainfall infiltration through the waste he volume of leachate being generated in the cells. All ce protrusions will be sealed using bentonite so that vays are not formed.

ence Holder control and regulatory condition requiring be stored on a compacted limestone hardstand is ient.

tory controls are required due to the low risk rating of

Risk Event					Risk rating ¹	Licence	Conditions ² of licence	Justifica
Source/Activities	Potential emission	Potential pathways and impact	Receptors	Licence Holder's controls	consequence	Holder's controls sufficient?		
 Changes to Category 62 activities: Acceptance of up to 1,000 tonnes per annual period of E-waste, household and lithium batteries and lead- acid batteries Addition of Category 61: 	Spills / Contaminated stormwater	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus</i> <i>gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain Leda Nature Reserve Bush Forever Areas Geomorphic wetlands	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Moderate L = Rare Medium Risk	Y	Condition 4: Table 3 Row 6	The Licence Holder' areas and paint still risk event. Due to the waste ty the Licence Holder receival through incr
 Acceptance of more than 100 tonnes per annual period of hazardous liquid waste 		Seepage through soil to groundwater causing impacts to groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 5.1.1				Premises.
Addition of Category 57:	Smoke and particulates	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity	Sensitive human receptors (refer to Table 10)	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Major L = Unlikely Medium Risk	N	Condition 4: Table 3 Row <u>3</u> Condition 4: Table 3 Row <u>5(d)</u>	The Delegated Offic controls and determ due to the increased These additional reg
 Storage of up to 250 used tyres at one time Addition of Category 61: Acceptance of more than 100 tonnes per annual period of hazardous liquid waste Changes to Category 61A activities: Increased acceptance of 	Fire embers	Air/windborne pathway causing bushfire and impact to terrestrial ecosystems	Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus</i> <i>gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain Leda Nature Reserve Bush Forever Areas	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Major L = Unlikely Medium Risk	N	<u>Condition 4: Table 3 Row</u> <u>3</u> <u>Condition 4: Table 3 Row</u> <u>5(d)</u>	 storage of used tyres have been taken from (DFES) document G Including Shredded and Additionally, the Delet 11: DFES Site Planni guideline specifies and of 3.5 m. To ensure the is provided for DFE Officer will reduce the the requested 3 m.
 up to 10,000 tonnes of greenwaste per annual period Reduction of greenwaste stockpile separation to 3 m Changes to Category 62 activities: Acceptance of up to 1,000 tonnes per annual period of E-waste, household and 	Fire washwater and associated contaminants	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus</i> <i>gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain Leda Nature Reserve Bush Forever Areas Geomorphic wetlands	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Major L = Unlikely Medium Risk	Y	Existing Conditions – 3 and 4	The Delegated Offic storage areas, storr Premises are suitabl
lithium batteries and lead- acid batteries		Seepage through soil to groundwater causing impacts to groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 5.1.1	C = Moderate L = Unlikely Medium Risk	Y		

Note 1: Consequence ratings, likelihood ratings and risk descriptions are detailed in the Guideline: Risk assessments (DWER 2020).

Note 2: Proposed Licence Holder's controls are depicted by standard text. Bold and underline text depicts additional regulatory controls imposed by department.

cation for additional regulatory controls

er's existing controls of impermeable, bunded storage tillages are considered to be suitable controls for the

types not being treated or landfilled at the Premises, er is able to manage the increased volumes of waste acreasing the frequency at which it's removed from the

fficer has considered the Licence Holder's proposed mined that additional regulatory controls are required, ed fuel loads proposed for storage on the Premises.

regulatory controls will be targeted specifically to the res on the Premises. The requirements for tyre storage from the Department of Fire and Emergency Services *c Guidance Note: GN02 Bulk Storage of Rubber Tyres* and *Crumbed Tyres* (2020).

elegated Officer has reviewed the DFES *Guideline GLanning and Fire Appliance Specifications* (2019). The s access for a fire appliance requires a minimum width e that sufficient access between greenwaste stockpiles FES vehicles attending a fire event, the Delegated the minimum separation distance to 3.5 m rather than

fficer considers that the existing hardstands, bunded promwater and leachate management controls on the able for the proposed change to operations.

6. Consultation

Table 12 provides a summary of the consultation undertaken by the department.

As the Licence Holder is the Local Government Authority (LGA), direct interest consultation with the LGA was not undertaken for this application.

 Table 12: Consultation

Consultation method	Comments received	Department response
Licence Holder was provided with draft amendment on 8 February 2023	 The Licence Holder responded on 1 March 2023 with the comments below. Consideration for an amendment to the Timescales for 'Cells 10 and 11 Extended Capping Layer' in Table 5: Capping requirements (page I0) as follows; From: "Works must commence prior to July 2023" To: "Works must be completed prior to July 2024" The amendment is requested as due to the timeframes for tendering the works and liner delivery, commencement of the works prior to July 2023 would result in some of the works being undertaken during the winter period. Confirmation that they are satisfied with the proposed Licence Amendment subject to the above change. 	The Delegated Officer notes that the intent of the timeframe was for the proposed works to be completed in a timely manner and outside of the winter period. The proposed amendment to the condition is considered reasonable.

7. Conclusion

Based on the assessment in this Amendment Report, the Delegated Officer has determined that a Revised Licence will be granted, subject to conditions commensurate with the determined controls and necessary for administration and reporting requirements.

The proposed extension to the capping layer on landfill cells 10 and 11 is not considered to increase the risk profile for emissions and discharges from the Premises. The extended capping is an improvement to existing controls for the landfill cells and the Licence Holder is proposing to implement sufficient quality controls for the installation.

The Delegated Officer considers that additional controls are required in relation to managing the increased storage volumes of waste tyres on the Premises. These controls have been sourced from *Guidance Note: GN02 Bulk Storage of Rubber Tyres Including Shredded and Crumbed Tyres* (DFES 2020).

The proposed reduction in green waste stockpile separation distances to 3 m is not considered suitable, as existing guidance (DFES 2019) states that a minimum of 3.5 m is required for DFES vehicle access in the event of fire. The Delegated Officer has resolved to partially implement the proposed separation distance reduction by amending the existing distance to 3.5 m.

The remaining proposed changes to waste acceptance and storage activities are considered acceptable, provided that the Licence Holder's proposed and existing controls are implemented at the Premises.

7.1 Summary of amendments

7.1.1 Material amendments

Table 13 provides a summary of the proposed amendments that make a material change to the Licence Holder's requirements and will act as record of implemented changes. All proposed changes have been incorporated into the Revised Licence as part of the amendment process.

Condition no.	Proposed amendments
Existing Schedule 2	Category 57: Used tyre storage (general) was added with a design capacity of up to 250 used tyres at one time.
Revised	Category 61: Liquid waste facility was added with a design capacity of 1,000 tonnes per annual period.
Front page	The design capacity for Category 61A: Solid waste facility was amended from 7,000 tonnes per annual period to 10,000 tonnes per annual period.
	Changes to formatting are discussed in the consolidation section below (Table 14).
Existing 1.2.3: Table 1.2.3	The acceptance specification for Inert Waste Type 2 was changed from <i>No more than 100 tyre units stored on the premises</i> to <i>No more than 250 tyre units shall be accepted onto the premises at any one time.</i>
Revised 1: Table 1	The rate at which waste is received for green waste was changed from 7,000 tonnes per annual period to 10,000 tonnes per annual period.
	The rate at which waste is received for <i>Hazardous waste</i> was changed from <i>Up to 99</i> tonnes per annual period to Combined total of 1,000 tonnes per annual period.
	The acceptance specification was amended from <i>Limited to paints and resins, waste oils, and household hazardous wastes to Limited to household batteries, lithium batteries and lead-acid batteries, paints and resins, waste oils, and household hazardous wastes.</i>
	Hazardous waste was amended to Solid hazardous waste, E-waste and liquid hazardous waste.
	Changes to formatting are discussed in the consolidation section below (Table 14).
Existing N/A	The following operational requirement for the groundwater monitoring bore network was added:
Revised	Must be maintained free from blockages and in good working order to allow representative groundwater samples to be taken.
3: Table 2 Row 6(a)	
<u>Existing</u> N/A	The following process limits and/or specifications relating to storage of used tyres were added:
Revised	No more than 250 tyres shall be stored at the premises at any one time;
4: Table 3 Row 3	Tyres must be stored in the following arrangement:
	(i) Stacked on their side or in the laced storage format depicted in Figure 3;
	(ii) Within Tyre Stacks that do not exceed 3.7 m in height and 60 m ² in area (Figure 4);
	 (iii) Within Tyre Piles that contain a maximum of 4 Tyre Stacks with a minimum separation distance of 2.5 m between each stack (Figure 5); and
	(iv) A minimum separation distance of 18 m must be maintained between each Tyre Pile (Figure 6).

Table 13: Summary of licence amendments

Condition no.	Proposed amend	dments	
Existing 1.2.5: Table 1.2.4 (Hazardous waste) <u>Revised</u> 4: Table 3 Row 6 Existing 1.2.5: Table 1.2.4 (Special Waste Type 3) <u>Revised</u> 4: Table 3 Row 9(a)	waste. The following provi liquid hazardous w <i>Must not be la</i> Changes to forma The process limits <i>designated dispos</i> <i>into a designated</i>	was amended to <i>Solid hazardous waste</i> , <i>E-waste</i> and cess limits and/or specifications relating to solid hazard waste was added: andfilled at the premises atting are discussed in the consolidation section below is and/or specifications was amended from <i>Must only b</i> sal area within the landfill (cells 16 and 17) to <i>Must only b</i> sal area within the landfill (cells 16 and 17) to <i>Must only b</i> sal area within the landfill (cells 16 and 17) to <i>Must only b</i> satting are discussed in the consolidation section below	dous waste and (Table 14). De disposed of into a ly be disposed of
<u>Existing</u> N/A		uirements relating to construction of the extended cap ere added to Table 5:	ping layer of landfill
<u>Revised</u>	Cell Numbers	Specification	Timescales
8: Table 5	Cells 10 and 11 Extended Capping Layer	 Complete extension of the capping layer over the southern and eastern slopes of Cell 10 and the southern slope of Cell 11 in accordance with the following documents: Cell 10 and 11 Capping Drawings; Construction of Landfill Cell 10 & 11 Capping at the Millar Road Landfill Facility, Baldivis; and Millar Road Landfill: Landfill Capping Construction Activities Construction Quality Assurance Plan (July 2020). The capping layer must comprise: Soil cover layer over the waste mass; Coated GCL synthetic liner; Cushion geotextile; Soil growing medium; and Revegetated final cap surface. 	Works must be completed prior to July 2024
<u>Existing</u> 2.3.2: Table 2.3.1 <u>Revised</u> 16: Table 7	leachate pond.	cation was amended from <i>Leachate 1, Leachate 2, Le</i>	
Existing 3.1.2 <u>Revised</u> 23	calendar days to	ate for the Annual Audit Compliance Report was ame 30 September. atting are discussed in the consolidation section below	
Existing 3.2.1: Table 3.2.1 <u>Revised</u> 24	days to 30 Septer The Annual Envir	ate for the Annual Environmental Report was amende mber. onmental Report information requirements for leachate mended to include current DWER expectations for inf	e and groundwater

Condition no.	Proposed am	endments
	Condition or table	Requirement
	16	Summary of the process monitoring results that includes:
		(a) a clear statement of the scope of work carried out;
		(b) a description of the field methodologies employed;
		(c) a tabulated summary of results, as well as all raw data provided in an accompanying Microsoft Excel spreadsheet digital document/file (or a compatible equivalent digital document/file), with all results being clearly referenced to laboratory certificates of analysis;
		(d) a diagram with aerial image overlay showing all monitoring locations; and
		(e) an interpretive summary and assessment of results against previous monitoring results.
	17	Summary of the ambient groundwater quality monitoring results that includes:
		(a) a clear statement of the scope of work carried out;
		(b) a description of the field methodologies employed;
		 (c) a summary of the field and laboratory quality assurance / quality control (QA/QC) program;
		(d) copies of the field monitoring records and field QA/QC documentation;
		(e) an assessment of reliability of field procedures and laboratory results;
		(f) a tabulated summary of results, as well as all raw data provided in an accompanying Microsoft Excel spreadsheet digital document/file (or a compatible equivalent digital document/file), with all results being clearly referenced to laboratory certificates of analysis;
		(g) a diagram with aerial image overlay showing all monitoring locations and depicting groundwater level contours, flow direction and hydraulic gradient (relevant site features including discharge points and other potential sources of contamination must also be shown);
		 (h) an interpretive summary and assessment of the results against relevant assessment levels for water, as published in the Guideline Assessment and management of contaminated sites;
		 (i) an interpretive summary and assessment of results against previous monitoring results; and
		(j) trend graphs to provide a graphical representation of historical results and to support the interpretive summary.
	Licence Holde submissions.	ption of submitting raw data in an accompanying digital spreadsheet, the or is already meeting these reporting requirements in their recent AER rmatting are discussed in the consolidation section below (Table 14).
<u>Existing</u> N/A		reporting condition for validating compliance of the Cell 10 and 11 Extended r installation was added:
<u>Revised</u> 26		e holder must within 30 calendar days of the Cell 10 and 11 Capping Layer required by condition 8 being constructed and/or
	(a) unde 8; ar	ertake an audit of their compliance with the requirements of condition
		are and submit to the CEO an Environmental Compliance Report on compliance.
Existing N/A		condition listing the information requirements for the Cell 10 and 11 Extended r Environmental Compliance Report was added:
Revised		onmental Compliance Report required by condition 26, must include num the following:
27	Exte	ication by a suitably qualified engineer that the Cell 10 and 11 nded Capping Layer, as specified in condition 8, has been tructed in accordance with the relevant requirements specified in

Condition no.	Proposed amend	nents
Existing	specified Construct have been (c) an as-con engineerin (d) be signed and conta	8; vidence to demonstrate that all the relevant requirements in condition 8 and the Millar Road Landfill Landfill Capping ion Activities Construction Quality Assurance Plan (July 2020) in complied with; instructed version of the Cell 10 & 11 Capping Layout (MILL-300) ing drawing; and I by a person authorised to represent the works approval holder ins the printed name and position of that person.
1.1.2	Term	Definition
Revised Definitions: Table 11	annual period	a 12 month period commencing from 1 July until 30 June of the immediately following year.
	Cell 10 and 11 Capping Drawings	 means the following series of engineering drawings for the Millar Road Landfill Facility: Cell 10 & 11 Capping Layout (MILL-300); Proposed Cell 10 & 11 Capping Typical Sections - Sheet 1 of 2 (MILL-301); Proposed Cell 10 & 11 Capping Typical Sections - Sheet 2 of 2 (MILL-302); and Leachate Sump Penetration Detail (MILL-303).
Existing Schedule 1 <u>Revised</u> Schedule 1	Figures 1 and 2 we	ere replaced with updated figures provided by the Licence Holder.
Existing The premises bound N/A Revised Schedule 2 Image: Schedule 2		ndary was defined using GDA2020 MGA Zone 50 coordinates.
Existing N/A <u>Revised</u> Schedule 4	Figures showing th added.	e arrangement and minimum separation distances for tyre storage were

7.1.2 Conversion of Existing Licence

Table 14 provides a summary of the administrative amendments and conversion of licence conditions to the current licensing format that are not considered to make a material change to the Licence Holder's requirements. Table 14 will act as record of implemented changes and guide to the conversion.

Existing condition	Condition summary	Revised licence condition	Conversion notes
Content and introduction	Introduction and preamble description of the premises	N/A	Removed from licence due to current licensing format not containing this information.
1.1.1	Interpretation	Interpretation section	Redundant condition. Revised to current licensing format.
1.1.2	Definitions	Table 11	Revised to current licensing format.
1.1.3	Australian or other standard	Interpretation section	Redundant condition. Revised to current licensing format.
1.1.4	Reference to code of practice	Interpretation section	Redundant condition. Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.1 and Table 1.2.1	Disposal of waste in landfill infrastructure	4 and Table 3	Revised to current licensing format.
	Infrastructure requirements	3 and Table 2	
1.2.2 and Table 1.2.2	Containment infrastructure	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.3 and Table 1.2.3	Waste acceptance	1 and Table 1	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.4	Non-conforming waste	2	Revised to current licensing format. As soon as practicable term changed to within 7 calendar days.
1.2.5 and Table 1.2.4	Waste processing	4 and Table 3	Revised to current licensing format. Process limits that were more related to operational requirements for infrastructure were moved to the infrastructure and equipment table (Condition 3 Table 2).
1.2.6 (a)	Size of tipping face	4 and Table 3	Revised to current licensing format and moved to waste processing table as process limit for landfilling.
1.2.6 (b)	Stability of waste	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format and moved to infrastructure table as an operational requirement for the landfill cells.
1.2.6 (c)	Covering of waste	N/A	Redundant condition removed. Duplicates other condition of the licence (Condition 5 Table 4).
1.2.6 (d)(e)	Cell boundary separation and rehabilitation	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format and moved to infrastructure table as an operational requirement for the landfill cells.

Table 14: Conversion of licence conditions in this amendment

Existing condition	Condition summary	Revised licence condition	Conversion notes
1.2.7 and Table 1.2.5	Landfill cover requirements	5 and Table 4	Revised to current licensing format. As soon as practicable terms removed where a maximum timeframe was not defined.
1.2.8 and Table 1.2.6	Leachate pond freeboard	N/A	Redundant condition removed. Duplicates other condition of the licence (Condition 3 Table 2).
1.2.9	Inspection and notification of leachate system blockage	6	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.10	Timeframe for removal of leachate in the event of a blockage	7	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.11 and Table 1.2.7	Capping requirements	8 and Table 5	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.12	Collection and control of landfill gas	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format and moved to infrastructure table.
1.2.13	Stormwater ponding	9	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.14	Fencing and security	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format and moved to infrastructure table.
1.2.15	No burning of waste	12	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.16	Entry signage	3 and Table 2	Revised to current licensing format and moved to infrastructure table.
1.2.17	Windblown waste control	10	Revised to current licensing format.
1.2.18	Pest control	11	Revised to current licensing format.
1.3.1 and Table 1.3.1	Rehabilitation and Post- Closure Management Plan	N/A	Removed from licence as the plan has already been submitted (DWERDT247645) and acknowledged (A1077956).
2.1.1 (a)	Water sample methodology	16 and Table 7	Revised to current licensing format and included in monitoring table.
2.1.1 (b)	Groundwater sample methodology	17 and Table 8	Revised to current licensing format and included in monitoring table.
2.1.1 (c)	NATA accreditation	18	Revised to current licensing format.
2.1.2	Monitoring interregnum	13	Revised to current licensing format.
2.1.3	Calibration of monitoring equipment	14	Revised to current licensing format.
2.1.4	Calibration method reporting	N/A	Redundant condition removed.

Existing condition	Condition summary	Revised licence condition	Conversion notes
2.2.1 and Table 2.2.1	Monitoring inputs and outputs	15 and Table 6	Revised to current licensing format.
2.3.2 and Table 2.3.1	Leachate monitoring	16 and Table 7	Revised to current licensing format. Errors in parameter descriptions corrected.
2.4.1 and Table 2.4.1	Groundwater monitoring	17 and Table 8	Revised to current licensing format. Errors in parameter descriptions corrected.
3.1.1	Records	21 and 22	Revised to current licensing format.
3.1.2	Annual Audit Compliance Report (AACR)	23	Revised to current licensing format.
3.1.3	Complaints management	19	Revised to current licensing format.
3.1.4	Special Waste Type 1 and 2 register	20	Revised to current licensing format.
3.2.1 and Table 3.2.1	Annual Environmental Report (AER)	24 and Table 9	Revised to current licensing format.
3.2.2	Assessment of AER information	Table 9	Revised to current licensing format and moved to AER requirements table.
3.2.3	AER submitted according to specifications	N/A	Redundant condition removed due to changed licensing format.
3.3.1 and Table 3.31	Notification requirements	25 and Table 10	Revised to current licensing format and notification requirements for unauthorised fires updated to DWER Pollution Watch Hotline.
Schedule 2	Prescribed Premises Category table	Front page	Revised to current licensing format. Moved to table at the front of the licence.

References

- 1. Department of Environment Regulation (DER) 2015, *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 2. Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES) 2019, *Guideline GL-11: DFES Site Planning and Fire Appliance Specifications*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 3. DFES 2020, *Guidance Note: GN02 Bulk Storage of Rubber Tyres Including Shredded and Crumbed Tyres*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 4. Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) 2020a, *Guideline: Environmental Siting*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 5. DWER 2020b, Guideline: Risk Assessments, Perth, Western Australia.
- 6. Environmental Protection Authority Victoria (EPAV) 2015, 788.3: Siting, design, operation and rehabilitation of landfills, Carlton, Victoria.

Appendix 1: Application validation summary

Application type					
Works approval					
		Relevant works approval number:		None	
		Has the works approval been complied with? Yes \Box $\$ No \Box		No 🗆	
Licence		Has time limited operations under the works approval demonstrated acceptable operations?		Yes 🗆	No 🗆 N/A 🗆
		Environmental Compli Containment Infrastruc	ance Report / Critical cture Report submitted?	Yes □	No 🗆
		Date Report received:			
Renewal		Current licence number:			
Amendment to works approval		Current works approval number:			
Amendment to licence	\boxtimes	Current licence number:	L7064/1997/11		
Amendment to licence		Relevant works approval number:		N/A	
Registration		Current works approval number:		None	
Date application received		30 September 2022			
Applicant and Premises details					
Applicant name/s (full legal name/s)		City of Rockingham			
Premises name		Millar Road Landfill Facility			
Premises location		Lot 2170 on Plan 211650, Millar Road, BALDIVIS			
Local Government Authority		City of Rockingham			
Application documents					
HPCM file reference number:		DWERDT667245			
Key application documents (additional to application form):		Post-Closure Plan – Nove Appendix No Appendix No Appendix No 2020	o. 1 - Millar Road Landfill	cember 2 g Drawing g Specific g CQA PI	015, Draft ıs ation an

	Licence amendment
	Application to extend the landfill capping layer over the south and eastern slopes of Cell 10 and the southern slope of Cell 11. Investigations into leachate popouts occurring following high rainfall in 2021 concluded that the previous capping of Cell 10 and 11 did not completely cover the area occupied by the basal landfill liner at the above slope areas. The application is proposing to address this by installing additional capping in accordance with the previous design. The additional capping will extend 2m over the existing capping liner and 5m beyond the extent of the basal liner.
	The application also requests the following additional amendments:
Summary of proposed activities or changes to existing operations.	 The application also requests the following additional amendments: Page 3 – Premises Description and Licence Summary, second paragraph – Remove the reference to 390,000 tonnes per annum; Page 3 – Premises Description and Licence Summary, third paragraph – amend the text to "Initial construction of the landfill began in 1993 with the facility opening that same year. Since then multiple cells have been commissioned. All cells have been constructed with either compacted low permeability clay or geosynthetic composite lining and capping systems with leachate collection systems and evaporation ponds"; Page 3 and 4 – Premises Description and Licence Summary, last paragraph – delete "AGL Energy" and replace with "LMS Energy", as LMS has recently taken over the management of landfill gas on site; Page 4 – Premises Description and Licence Summary, last paragraph – delete "2035" and replace with "2055", as, due to the imminent opening of the two Waste to Energy facilities in the southern metropolitan area, there is anticipated to be a reduction in annual landfill tonnage; consequently, the landfill is anticipated to last longer; Page 6 - Section 1.1 Interpretation – Change the Annual Period from 1 January to 31 December to 1 July to 30 June; Page 13 – Condition 1.2.9 – correction of error - delete "Schedule 2, Part A" and replace with "Schedule 3"; Page 14 – Condition 1.3.1 – correction of error - delete "Schedule 2, Part A" and replace with "Schedule 3"; Page 16 – Candition 2.3.2 – correction of error - delete "La.2.4" and replace with "2.3.1"; Page 16 – Table 2.3.1 – Monitoring Point Reference – delet the reference to "Leachate Pond 2", as this pond has been removed and add the reference to "Leachate Pond 4A/4B", as these have recently been constructed; Page 16 – Table 2.3.1 – delete "methylbenzene" and replace with "ethylbenzene" and delete "ben(a)prene" and replace with "ethylbenzene" and delete "ben(a)prene" and replac
	 Increase Hazardous Wastes throughput from 99 tpa to 1,000 tpa;
	 Decrease spacing between greenwaste stockpiles from 5 m to 3 m; and Allow temporary storage of leachate in depressions on the landfill surface.

Prescribed premises category and description		essed / proposed production c gn capacity	Proposed changes to the production or design capacity (amendments only)
Category 61A: Solid waste facility	Asse	essed – 7,000 tpa	Increase to 10,000 tpa
Category 62: Solid waste depot	Asse	essed – 50,000 tpa	No change
Category 64: Class II or III putrescible landfill site	Asse	essed – 450,000 tpa	No change
Category 57: Used tyre storage (general)	Prop	bosed – 250 tyres at one time New category added. Addition of category is not p the application but will be increase tyre storage abo licence limit of 100	
egislative context and other approvals			
Has the applicant referred, or do they inten refer, their proposal to the EPA under Part the EP Act as a significant proposal?	d to IV of	Yes 🗆 No 🛛	Referral decision No: Managed under Part V Assessed under Part IV
Does the applicant hold any existing Part IV Ministerial Statements relevant to the application?	V	Yes 🛛 No 🗆	Ministerial statement No: 271 EPA Report No: 596
Has the proposal been referred and/or assessed under the EPBC Act?		Yes 🗆 No 🛛	Reference No:
Has the applicant demonstrated occupancy (proof of occupier status)?	/	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🛛	If N/A explain why? Previously demonstrated
Has the applicant obtained all relevant plar approvals?	ning	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🛛	If N/A explain why? Public works undertaken by a local government
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing EP Act clearing permit in relation to this proposal?	D	Yes 🗆 No 🖂	CPS No: N/A No clearing is proposed.
Has the applicant applied for, or have existing CAWS Act clearing licence in relati this proposal?		Yes 🗆 No 🛛	Application reference No: N/A Licence/permit No: N/A No clearing is proposed.
Has the applicant applied for, or have existing RIWI Act licence or permit in relati this proposal?		Yes 🗆 No 🛛	Application reference No: Licence/permit No: Licence / permit not required.
Does the proposal involve a discharge of v into a designated area (as defined in section of the EP Act)?		Yes 🗆 No 🖂	Name: N/A Type: N/A Has Regulatory Services (Water) been consulted? Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠ Regional office: Kwinana Peel

Is the Premises situated in a Public Drinking	Yes □ No ⊠		A proposed activities/ landuse
Water Source Area (PDWSA)?		WQPN 25	e with the PDWSA (refer to)? Io □ N/A ⊠
Is the Premises subject to any other Acts or subsidiary regulations (e.g. <i>Dangerous Goods</i> <i>Safety Act 2004, Environmental Protection</i> (<i>Controlled Waste</i>) <i>Regulations 2004, State</i> <i>Agreement Act xxxx</i>)	Yes 🛛 No 🗆	Waste) Re	ental Protection (Controlled gulations 2004 s Goods Safety Act 2004
Is the Premises within an Environmental Protection Policy (EPP) Area?	Yes 🗆 No 🛛		
Is the Premises subject to any EPP requirements?	Yes 🗆 No 🛛		
Is the Premises a known or suspected		Classificat	ion: possibly contaminated –
contaminated site under the Contaminated Sites Act 2003?	Yes 🛛 No 🗆	investigatio	on required (PC–IR
		Date of cla	ssification: 19 July 2017
Direct interest stakeholders			
Internal – Referral to EPA Services	Letter to	be sent	Yes 🛛 No 🗆
CATEGORY SPECIFIC CHECKLIST – SOLID WA			
Part 1: Environmental siting and conceptual s	ite model (CSM)		
1.1 Siting context and background		Yes	Document reference:
Provide a description of:		\boxtimes	
			Application supporting
history of the site (past and current a	activities)	No 🗆	document
	activities)	No 🗆	
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting 		No 🗆	document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses 	g within this area	No 🗆	document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 	g within this area		document Sufficient: Yes
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹)	Yes	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference:
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius¹) e and directions to sensitive	Yes	document Sufficient: Yes
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius¹) e and directions to sensitive uding:	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclu human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and sear 	g within this area I for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal)	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclu human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seat depth to groundwater and potential 	g within this area I for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal)	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
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 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclus human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seated depth to groundwater and potential sensitive flora and fauna designated areas² 	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s)	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclus human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seat depth to groundwater and potential sensitive flora and fauna 	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s)	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclu human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seat depth to groundwater and potential sensitive flora and fauna designated areas² regional and local catchment charace 	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s)	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclu human receptors (e.g. residential, ru and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seat depth to groundwater and potential sensitive flora and fauna designated areas² regional and local catchment charace 	g within this area I for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) e and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s) cteristics. d in the <u>Guideline:</u>	Yes X	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions inclution in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions inclution in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions inclution in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions inclutions inclutions inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions incluting inclutions inclutions inclutions inclutions inclutions inclut	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) a and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s) cteristics. d in the <u>Guideline:</u>	Yes No Yes	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document Sufficient: Yes
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental is the sensitive flora and fauna designated areas ² is regional and local catchment charace. And other sensitive receptors as identifies <i>Environmental siting</i> . 1.3 Local climate and meteorological data Provide information on the local climate and information on the local climate and environmental site and environmental site environmental site environmental site environmental site environmental site environmental environmental environmental environmental environmental environmental site environmental environmental site environmental envinonmental environmental environmental environmental environme	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) a and directions to sensitive uding: ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s) cteristics. d in the <u>Guideline:</u>	Yes □ Yes □	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: N/A Sufficient: Yes – Scope of
 history of the site (past and current a land ownership the local area and the landfill's siting surrounding land uses community and/or stakeholder need 1.2 Sensitive receptors and designated ar Provide information on the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions in the distance environmental and human receptors inclutions and/or recreational premises) surface waters (permanent and seared depth to groundwater and potential sensitive flora and fauna designated areas² regional and local catchment charace And other sensitive receptors as identifie Environmental siting. 1.3 Local climate and meteorological data Provide information on the local climate and potential and previde information on the local climate and previde information previde information previde information previde informatind previde information previde information previde information	g within this area for landfill site. eas (within a 2 km radius ¹) a and directions to sensitive ural, industrial / commercial, sonal) beneficial use(s) cteristics. d in the <u>Guideline:</u>	Yes □ Yes □	document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: Application supporting document Sufficient: Yes Document reference: N/A

1.4	station or from a Bureau of Meteorology [BoM] site; site details must be provided). Topography, geology and hydrology	Yes □	Document reference:
1.4	Provide information on the topography, geology and hydrogeology of the		N/A
	area including:	No 🖂	Sufficient: Yes – Scope of
	surface elevation and topography		amendment application is
	 regional and local geology³ and soils³ including site-specific soil and geological records where available 		for capping
	regional and local hydrology		
	• groundwater flow direction and rate ³		
	 groundwater quality³ and current or future use 		
	groundwater aquifer characteristics		
	 a description of geologic active processes (e.g. faulting, subsidence) (if applicable). 		
.5	Conceptual site model	Yes 🗆	Document reference:
	Provide a site-specific conceptual site model (CSM) ⁴ which clearly	No 🖂	N/A
	identifies all potential source-pathway-receptor (S-P-R) linkages for all related environmental media (Section 1.8 below – Attachment 3).		Sufficient: Yes – Scope of amendment application is for capping
Attac	hments		
.6	Attachment 1: An aerial photograph, map, and/or site plan of	Yes □	If N/A why:
	Locality map(s) sufficient scale showing the proposed prescribed premises boundary and general locality of the	No 🗆	
	premises in respect to nearby sensitive receptors and surrounding land uses.	N/A ⊠	Previously provided
	Multiple maps at different scales can be provided.		
.7	Attachment 2: An aerial overview and cross-section drawings of	Yes □	If N/A why:
	Topography, topographical, geological, and hydrogeological geology and features related to the site.	No 🗆	
	hydrogeological plans/maps	N/A ⊠	Previously provided
.8	Attachment 3: In accordance with Part 1.5 above, provide a CSM in	Yes □	If N/A why:
	Conceptual site table format. A graphical representation can also be model developed and submitted to help illustrate S-P-R	No 🗆	
	linkages. An example table format is provided below.	N/A ⊠	Previously provided
Part 2	2A: Design overview and construction works		
2.1	Landfill design concept	Yes ⊠	Document reference:
	Provide information on each component of the proposed landfill including (but not limited to):	No 🗆	Application supporting document and appendices
	 landfill type and design concept: including details on size (spatial and volumetric), lifespan, geometry, proposed liner⁵ and leachate management system⁵ and groundwater and surface water management⁵ (specified design detail must be provided for each proposed landfill cell) 		Sufficient: Yes
	 waste types proposed for disposal⁶ 		
	 details on the landfill cell(s) that will be subject of this application and staging of development 		
	 site infrastructure layout including details on traffic access and internal haul routes, and details on all facilities for receiving and handling waste and administration of the landfill. 		
2.2	Scope of construction works	Yes ⊠	Document reference:
	Provide details of construction works including:	No 🗆	Application supporting document and appendices

	infrastructu	re to be constructed		Sufficient: Yes
		n phases and associated timings of works		
		n quality assurance (CQA) measures and procedures to		
	be employe			
	noise, dust cells are tyi	f management measures and controls to be adopted for and odour emissions (odour in the case where new ng in with existing cells) and for the management of , general erosion and sediment control ¹⁰		
Attach	nments			
2.3	Attachment 4: Premises map and site	A premises map and site layout plan must be provided, which include the following:	Yes ⊠ No □	Document reference: Application supporting
	layout plan(s)	premises boundary	N/A □	document Appendix 6 and 7
		 site layout depicting all infrastructure (current and proposed) 		
		 location of the works (cells, leachate ponds, etc.) and any potential future cells/ponds (as applicable) 		
		stormwater infrastructure		
		access and haulage roads		
		• other key buildings (gatehouse, weighbridge, administration office, etc.)		
		 scale and north arrow; GPS coordinates and legend. 		
2.4	Attachment 5: Detailed	Detailed design drawings:11	Yes 🛛	Document reference:
	design	cell layout	No 🗆	Application supporting
	drawings (multiple as	landfill geometry	N/A □	document Appendix No. 2 – Cell 10 & 11 Capping
	(multiple as required)	 schematic cross sections of the landfill cell(s) 	-	Drawings
	• /	leachate pond layout and cross sections		
		landfill cap.		
Part 2	B: Landfill liner s	pecifications		
2.6	Landfill liner s	ystem:	Yes □	Amendment application is
	statement of the	of the proposed landfill liner system and configuration. A e intended landfill liner performance (overall permeability nt features) should also be provided in support of the system.	No 🖂	not related to works on the basal liner
	Components ¹²	of the basal and side slope liner may include:		
	Subgrade ¹			
		eosynthetic clay liner (GCL)		
	•	ity Polyethylene (HDPE) geomembrane		
		Irainage layer ^{15,16}		
	-	eotextile layer.		
	Provide detaile Attachment 6).	d design drawings of the liner system (see Section 2.9 –		
2.7	Liner construc	tion and/or installation:	Yes □	Amendment application is
	the liner system	ation of the proposed construction and/or installation of n. Information should be provided for each individual liner the case requires). Considerations include, but are not	No 🖂	not related to works on the basal liner
	 any prepa preparatio 	ratory works required, e.g. earthworks/subgrade n, compaction methods		
		nd storage of liner materials		
	 method of 	placement (for clay liners include details of thickness er of lifts, compaction method and required level of		

	_	kouinatio	o	oting	and (another points) and (as to instants		
	•	keying int adjacent l		_	ces (anchor points) and/or tying into		
	•	conditions	s of u	nderlying s	surface between layers		
	•	method of seaming)	f joint	ting for line	er installation (e.g. bonding, welding, or		
	•	quality as	surar	nce testing	(see Section 2.8 below).		
2.8	Cor	nstruction	Qual	ity Assura	ance plan	Yes 🗆	Amendment application is not related to works on the
	plar proc	e application which inc cedures to landfill mee	ludes demo	s the prop onstrate th		basal liner	
	The	e CQA plan	shou	ıld include	as a minimum:		
	•	each part	y invo	olved in the	ilities, qualifications and obligations for e CQA plan and the proposed level of truction/ installation		
	•	frequency applicable	of te spe ce an	esting, test cifications d rejection	tion, including sampling locations, methods, laboratories, accreditations, and quality standards, data evaluation, criteria, and contingency measures in		
	•	and finish	of ke	ey stages o	s – these points are typically the start of the work that cannot later be rectified ger be accessible		
	•	liners, geo	otexti , the	les, geone	s (i.e. geomembranes, geosynthetic clay t drainage geocomposites, and should address the following		
		0			quality control – including factory test ations and material warranties		
		0	prog verif	ram of CQ	onformance testing – there should be a A independent conformance testing to naterials supplied comply with the ications		
		o	weat over acco instr	ther and ot laps, welds ordance wit uctions an	cedures – storage to protect from ther damage during installation, panel s, jointing and seam orientation in th good practice and the manufacturer's d regular inspections, repairs tested and protection from UV light after installation		
	•	reporting ¹		l record ke	eping requirements.		
Attach	ments	5					
0.0	• • •		<u></u>	Are deta	iled design drawings provided which o	learly depi	ct the following:
2.9	Det	achment ailed des	6: ign		<u> </u>		
		wings dfill liner	-	a)	basal and side wall liner detail (typical	Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
			section)	No 🗆	Amendment application is not related to works on the		
						N/A ⊠	basal liner
						Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
				b)	leachate sump liner detail (typical section)	No 🗆	Amendment application is not related to works on the
						N/A ⊠	basal liner
				c)	inferred groundwater levels (mAHD) relative to the base of the landfill cell	Yes □	If N/A why:
					(mAHD); depicted on cross-section	No 🗆	Amendment application is
					drawings (showing at least two perpendicular planes on the horizontal, e.g. north-south, east-west, or	N/A 🛛	not related to works on the basal liner
					otherwise as appropriate) showing perimeter side slopes/walls. All heights of the base, sump, liner, and the perimeter side walls should be shown in mAHD.		

	d) leachate collection system, depid the distribution and layout of leac collection pipes, sumps, leachate extraction/removal pipes with appropriate grades/slopes etc.	andfill r is table. tting chate	If N/A why: Amendment application is not related to works on the basal liner
	e) anchor trench detail	Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠	If N/A why: Amendment application is not related to works on the basal liner
	f) liner tie in detail and interface be adjacent cells (if required)	tween Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠	If N/A why: Amendment application is not related to works on the basal liner
Part 2C	: Stability assessment		
2.10	Stability assessment	Yes 🖂	Document reference:
	 Provide a stability assessment which analyses the following asp a minimum: liner interface stability assessment of the capping liner system (upper surface) 		Application supporting document Appendix No. 5 – Cell 8 & 10 Stability Statement, WML, 5 March 2020
	slopes)b) assessment of the basal liner system interfaceswaste stability		Previous stability assessment provided with application
	embankment slope and foundation stability.		
	Other information requirements: The software used and chosen model must be detailed and justif all assumptions and data inputs must be clearly document justified. ¹⁸		
	All adopted factors of safety (FoS) must be clearly document justified.	ted and	
	Details of the material properties used in the analysis must be pr Where material properties are not based on site- investigations, ¹⁹ clear justification must be provided to demonstr they are appropriate for use in the stability assessment.	specific	
	The assessment must include the elements with the highest instability (critical surfaces) based on interface properties, ge sequence of deposition of the waste and subsurface conditions. construction/filling stages must be analysed if the geometry, conditions and materials are of risk. Indicate the location of the s analysed on an appropriate figure and provide justification to specific elements have been selected (see Section 2.11 – Atta 7).	ometry, Interim loading sections for why	
	Confirm the design assumptions regarding internal leachate p surfaces and external pore pressures for the stability analy- model the scenarios that account for a build-up of pore water p in the lining system and waste during normal and abnormal ope as well as post-operations. At a minimum, the following three leachate scenarios must be addressed:	sis and ressure erations	
	no phreatic surface		
	 elevated phreatic surfaces representing hypothetical 'stear state' condition high phreatic surface representing a malfunction of the lear 		

	 consider both average/expected pore pressure condition and highest inferred groundwater level. A stability analysis must also be performed for pseudo-static conditions to address the effect of a seismic event. The following scenarios must be assessed: operation basis earthquake (OBE) maximum design earthquake (MDE) maximum credible earthquake (MCE). Methods for determining return period intervals for each scenario must be clearly documented and justified. A sensitivity analysis must also be carried out for the basal liner system interface to assess the effect of variability of material properties on the stability analysis outcomes. 		
Attachr	nents		
2.11	Attachment 7: Stability assessment drawings and figures (multiple as required)Analysis drawings and/or figures including, but not limited to: cell layout; aerial overview depicting analysed sections•cell layout; aerial overview depicting analysed sections•cell cross-sections depicting analysed sections (include analysis results in table on figure) • other figures and drawings as required.	Yes ⊠ No □ N/A □	Document reference: Application supporting document Appendix No. 5 – Cell 8 & 10 Stability Statement, WML, 5 March 2020
Part 2D	: Leachate management		
2.12	 Leachate management system Provide a description of the proposed leachate management system²⁰ and method for managing leachate (e.g. evaporation, treatment, recirculation). A written summary of all the related infrastructure²¹ should be provided as well as depicted on an appropriately scaled site layout plan (refer to Section 2.14 – Attachment 8). Please also provide the following assessment and management detail: water balance calculation^{22,23} to predict the volume of leachate generation over time and to demonstrate that the proposed system has sufficient capacity to manage leachate volumes over the operational life of the landfill leachate management and proposed monitoring plan, including: maximum head of leachate on the liner surface and leachate sump during operation of the landfill in-cell leachate monitoring, including the operational controls and infrastructure to be used to control the leachate head leachate pond management, including details on operational freeboard, mechanical aeration equipment (if required), and pond level alarms proposed leachate quality monitoring program (refer also to Part 2G) contingency plans for leachate management in the event of breakdown of various components. 	Yes ⊠ No □	Application supporting document
2.13	 Leachate pond design and construction. Provide details of the leachate pond design, including but not limited to: pond dimensions and volumetric capacity²⁴ pond liner system: configuration of pond liner²⁵ statement of intended performance (overall permeability and containment features) 	Yes □ No ⊠	Amendment application is not related to changes to the leachate pond design

		leachate conveyance infrastructure and equipment tion points at the leachate pond(s)		
		uction and/or installation ²⁶		
	 construction employed²⁷. 	n quality assurance (CQA) measures to be		
		of the liner system including that of the liner anchor rovided (refer to Section 2.15 – Attachment 9).		
Attachr	ments			
2.14	Attachment 8:	Provide a layout plan of the leachate management	Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
	Figure/plan – layout of	system which clearly depicts all associated infrastructure and equipment.	No 🗆	Amendment application is
	leachate management system	Multiple plans can be provided.	N/A ⊠	not related to changes to th leachate pond design/layou
2.15	Attachment 9:	Are Detailed design drawings provided which cle	arly depic	t the following:
	Detailed design drawings –	 Basal and side wall liner detail (typical section). 	Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
	leachate pond	Section).	No 🗆	Amendment application is
	liner		N/A ⊠	not related to changes to th leachate pond design/layou
		b) Inferred groundwater levels (mAHD)	Yes □	If N/A why:
		relative to the base of the leachate pond base (mAHD), depicted on cross-section	No 🗆	Amendment application is
		drawings (showing at least 2 perpendicular planes on the horizontal,	N/A ⊠	not related to changes to th leachate pond design/layou
		e.g. north-south, east-west, or as appropriate) showing perimeter side		
		slopes/walls. All heights of the base, liner		
		and the perimeter side walls should be shown in mAHD.		
		Cross-sections must clearly demonstrate		
		the separation distance between the lowest point of the leachate pond and underlying water table.		
		c) Anchor trench detail.	Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
			No 🗆	Amendment application is
			N/A ⊠	not related to changes to th leachate pond design/layou
Part 2E	: Landfill gas mana	agement		
2.16	Landfill gas mai	nagement system:	Yes 🗆	Amendment application is
		of the proposed landfill gas management system	No 🖂	not related to changes or construction of the landfill
	including:			gas management system.
	h halistan s	escription of the proposed management system,		LF gas management syster is already installed in the
	installation	procedures, installation timeline, monitoring, and e procedures, including details on:		
	installation p maintenanc o es			areas to be capped. Cappin will be sealed around existing bores and installed
	installation r maintenanc o e: lif o th	e procedures, including details on: stimated gas generation rates across the entire		areas to be capped. Cappin
	installation ; maintenanc o e: lif o th re al o th la	e procedures, including details on: stimated gas generation rates across the entire respan of the landfill ²⁸ the containment measures to be implemented to aduce subsurface migration (e.g. installation of popropriate basal and capping liner systems) the collection system (active or passive) and layout of andfill gas piping and extraction wells (vertical or porizontal or both), including details on installation		areas to be capped. Cappin will be sealed around existing bores and installed below existing distribution
	installation p maintenanc o ee lif o th re al o th la br p o ut	e procedures, including details on: stimated gas generation rates across the entire espan of the landfill ²⁸ he containment measures to be implemented to aduce subsurface migration (e.g. installation of ppropriate basal and capping liner systems) he collection system (active or passive) and layout of indfill gas piping and extraction wells (vertical or		areas to be capped. Cappin will be sealed around existing bores and installed below existing distribution

	 in-waste gas monitoring points, perimeter monitoring bores and associated monitoring program (refer also Part 2G) contingency plans in the event of breakdown of vario components. 	o to	
Attachr	nents:		
2.17	Attachment 10: Drawings and figures - landfill gas management systemDesign drawings and layout figure(s) of proposed landfill gas management syst including, but not limited to:. in-cell layout of gas collection infrastructure (aerial and cross-section diagrams should provided where relevant) overview of associated above-ground gas management infrastructure . landfill gas monitoring locations. Multiple drawings and figures can be provided.	tem No □ e N/A ⊠	If N/A why: Amendment application is not related to changes or construction of the landfill gas management system.
Part 2F	: Surface water management		
2.18	 Surface water management²⁹ Provide details on the proposed stormwater management strateg and controls for the landfill premises including, but not limited to: diversion of stormwater away from areas containing waste usi drainage features, bunds, interceptor drains or other drainage systems details on clean stormwater holding ponds to be constructed (irequired); design specifications and an overview of construction works should also be provided details of any proposed controlled releases of clean stormwater into the environment and/or proposed reuse options on-site erosion and sediment control along drainage lines and dischar points, including stormwater flow control, vegetation, detentior ponds, minimising land disturbance, and other temporary and permanent erosion protection measures. 	ng if on er rge	Amendment application is not related to changes to the stormwater management system
Attachr	nents:		
2.19	Attachment 11: Design drawings and layout figure(s) of Drawings and proposed surface water managem figures - infrastructure. surface water managem management infrastructure		If N/A why: Amendment application is not related to changes to the stormwater management system
Part 2G	: Monitoring requirements		
2.20	Leachate quality monitoring Provide details of the proposed leachate quality monitoring progr (refer also to Part 2D), including, but not limited to, sampling locatic sampling methodology, analysis suite, sampling frequency, a reporting requirements.	ons,	Not relevant to scope of amendment
2.21	Landfill gas monitoring Provide details on the proposed landfill gas monitoring program (re also to Part 2E), including, but not limited to, sampling location well/monitoring point construction specifications, samp methodology, analysis suite, sampling frequency and repor requirements. Proposed sampling locations should give regard to the landfill surfar subsurface (in-waste), perimeter, subsurface services on and adjace to the site, buildings or structures on and adjacent to the site, and lan gas treatment/management infrastructure (such as flares a combustion engines).	ons, ling ting ace, cent dfill	Not relevant to scope of amendment

	outline what action	lifferent monitoring locations must be documented to on will be taken to address the matter and/or what g will be carried out to verify the effectiveness of		
2.22	Groundwater and	d surface water monitoring	Yes □	Not relevant to scope of
		on the proposed groundwater and surface water m, including, but not limited to:	No 🖂	amendment
	sampling loc			
	 well construct sampling me 	tion specifications thodology		
	 analysis suite sampling free 			
	 reporting req 			
	 the backgroum mBGL) 	ind groundwater quality and levels (in mAHD and		
	 the backgrou flow direction 	Ind surface water quality and levels/flow rates and		
		ifers, and groundwater flow direction and rates of		
	a monitoring contaminatio	network that acts as an early indicator of leachate n in groundwater or surface water prior to offsite		
	migration. For a new facility	, the operator should seek to demonstrate baseline		
		/or surface water conditions prior to construction d the results of this monitoring into the initial CSM		
Attachn	nents:			
2.23	Attachment 12:	Applicants must document the proposed monitoring	Yes 🗆	If N/A why:
	Landfill monitoring	program in a landfill monitoring plan or a series of equivalent standalone monitoring and/or	No 🗆	Not relevant to scope of
	plan	management plans.	N/A ⊠	amendment
		The SAQP required in Part 2.22 should be incorporated in this plan.		
Part 3: I	Premises operation	S		
3.1	Landfill managen	nent and operations	Yes 🛛	Document reference:
	Provide operationa	al detail on the following operational aspects:	No 🗆	Application supporting
		ours of the facility		document Section 14 Only contains emission
	 security fenci internal traffic 	ng and site access		information relevant to the
		ighbridge for monitoring waste acceptance		proposed amendments
	 waste accept requirements 	ance, ³⁰ including details of acceptance and handling for different waste types (e.g. putrescibles, ste, special waste types, contaminated solid wastes,		
		thod/waste placement, filling sequence and tipping ment (the vertical and horizontal size of the tipping specified).		
	materials to b use), litter an	details on daily, intermediate and final cover, e used, volumes required and storage area pre- d debris control (measures to prevent the discharge ebris beyond the active landfill area and greater indary)		
	 dust manage 	ment – measures to prevent operations impacting al values and social surroundings		
		ement – measures to protect environmental values rroundings from unreasonable emissions of odour		
	the assigned	ement – demonstrate and maintain compliance with levels specified in the Environmental Protection lations 1997 (Noise Regulations)		

	of fires occu procedures emergencies • vector mana growth and environment	rring at the for fire and s, etc.) gement (n spread of v al values a d fuel store	nagement (measures to minimise the risk e facility) and emergency response l other emergencies (e.g. spills, landfill gas neasures to prevent the attraction, refuge, vermin and pests to mitigate impacts to and social surroundings) es, including details of storage		
		planning (ing (refer to Part 2G) ³² map out all likely incidents and document measures).		
Attachr	ments:				
3.2	Attachment 13: Landfill environmental management plan	manage environ landfill	nts must document the operational ement aspects in a consolidated landfill mental management plan (LEMP). ³³ The monitoring plan (required by part 2G) can rt of the LEMP.	Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠	If N/A why: No change to existing management practices
Part 4:	Landfill closure an	d rehabili	tation		
4.1	Closure and after	ercare ma	nagement	Yes 🖂	Document reference:
	 Provide information management of the materials of the materials to proposed the materials to proposed the materials to propose the materials to the materials to propose the materials to the materials to propose the materials to propose the materials to propose the materials to the materials to propose the materials to the materials to propose the materials to the materials to the materials to propose the materials to propose the materials to t	tion abou he facility, ture intence ogressive premises m and sur cell(s) wh on the fina must also design det be used i d in Part 2 see Sectio il for conne lection an managem adform a quality as truction/ins ost-closure roposed e	It the proposed closure and aftercare including, but not limited to: led land use closure, capping and rehabilitation of used face contours (pre- and post-settlement) for ich forms the scope of the application; a l landform in the context of surrounding be provided ail and drawings (specifications and n the final cap) – where geomembranes are n a capping system, similar design detail to B (landfill liner specifications) must be n 4.2 – Attachment 14) ections in the cap to landfill gas and/or d monitoring points (where relevant) ent measures for water shed from the cap ssurance (CQA) measures to be employed	No 🗆	Application supporting document Appendix No. 1 - Millar Road Landfill Facility Rehabilitation and Post- Closure Plan – November 2015 – Issued 1 December 2015, Draft Application supporting document Appendix No. 2 – Cell 10 & 11 Capping Drawings Application supporting document Appendix No. 3 – Cell 10 & 11 Capping Specification Application supporting document Appendix No. 4 – Cell 10 & 11 Capping CQA Plan Sufficient: Yes
Attachr					
4.2	Attachment 14: Landfill closure plan (including design figures)	and closu by Part 4 (LCP).	s must document the proposed objectives ire and rehabilitation measures (as required 4.1) in a consolidated landfill closure plan e plan the following drawings/figures must ed: final contour map – depicting proposed final contours, top & side slopes, and surface drainage features typical cross-sections of the proposed landfill cap and design (refer to Part 2A for liner design/construction information requirements – the same should be	Yes ⊠ No □ N/A □	Document reference: Application supporting document Appendix No. 1 - Millar Road Landfill Facility Rehabilitation and Post- Closure Plan – November 2015 – Issued 1 December 2015, Draft

c)	location of passive gas and leachate management infrastructure intended to remain on the premises throughout closure.			
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