

# **Amendment Report**

# **Application for Licence Amendment**

#### Part V Division 3 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

**Licence Number** L7815/2001/11

**Licence Holder** Northern Star (Thunderbox) Pty Ltd

**ACN** 107 154 727

File Number DWERVT16137~1

**Premises** North Eastern Goldfields Operations

Legal description -

Mining tenements L36/155, L36/157, L36/158, L37/61, L37/73, L37/142, L37/166, L37/199, L37/215, L37/216, M36/35, M36/177, M36/421, M36/462, M36/473, M36/494, M36/503, M36/504, M36/512, M36/516, M36/525, M36/527, M36/541, M36/542, M36/582, M36/584, M36/585, M36/586, M36/587, M36/589, M36/599, M36/600, M36/1148, M37/339, M37/340, M37/356, M37/357, M37/358, M37/359, M37/360, M37/361, M37/367, M37/368, M37/437, M37/465 and

M37/1148 LEINSTER WA 6437

As defined in Schedule 1 of the revised licence

**Date of Report** 18 September 2024

Decision Revised licence granted

#### SENIOR INDUSTRY REGULATION OFFICER

an officer delegated under section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)

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# 1. Decision summary

Licence L7815/2001/11 is held by Northern Star (Thunderbox) Pty Ltd (Licence Holder) for the North Eastern Goldfields Operations (the premises), located at mining tenements L36/155, L36/157, L36/158, L37/61, L37/73, L37/142, L37/166, L37/199, L37/215, L37/216, M36/35, M36/177, M36/421, M36/462, M36/473, M36/494, M36/503, M36/504, M36/512, M36/516, M36/525, M36/527, M36/541, M36/542, M36/582, M36/584, M36/585, M36/586, M36/587, M36/589, M36/599, M36/600, M36/1148, M37/339, M37/340, M37/356, M37/357, M37/358, M37/359, M37/360, M37/361, M37/367, M37/368, M37/437, M37/465 and M37/1148, LEINSTER WA 6437.

This amendment report documents the assessment of potential risks to the environment and public health from proposed changes to the emissions and discharges during the operation of the premises. As a result of this assessment, revised Licence L7815/2001/11 has been granted.

The revised licence issued as a result of this amendment supersedes the existing licence previously granted in relation to the premises.

# 2. Scope of assessment

## 2.1 Regulatory framework

In completing the assessment documented in this Amendment Report, the department has considered and given due regard to its Regulatory Framework and relevant policy documents which are available at <a href="https://dwer.wa.gov.au/regulatory-documents">https://dwer.wa.gov.au/regulatory-documents</a>.

#### 2.2 Application summary

On 7 May 2024, the Licence Holder submitted an application to the department to amend Licence L7815/2001/11 under section 59 and 59B of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (EP Act). Licence L7815/2001/11 relates to the North Eastern Goldfields Operations premises, located within the Shire of Leonora about 40 km south-east of Leinster. The premises includes the Thunderbox mine as well as a number of satellite mines, including the Bannockburn pits.

The application is primarily to recommence operation of the Bannockburn pits which has been in care and maintenance since 1998. Ore mined from the recommencement of the Bannockburn pits will be transported to the existing Thunderbox mill for processing. The Licence Holder also applied for performance upgrades to the existing Thunderbox operation's sewage facility. The application is seeking the following amendments:

- Dewatering of the Bannockburn pits requiring the following changes under Category 6:
  - Increase capacity from 450,000 tonnes per annual period (tpa) to 8,000,000 tpa;
  - Construction of 2 new 8,690 kL turkey nest dams to contain dewatering water for process requirements and dust suppression;
  - Installation of new water conveyance pipelines; and
  - Discharging of excess mine dewater into the North Well pits, Slaughter Yard pits, Waterloo underground, Bannockburn pits and/or the Thunderbox pit.
- Additional power supply for Bannockburn requiring the following changes under Category 52:
  - No increase to existing 38 MW capacity;
  - Installation of a mobile 200 kW diesel generator at the administration area; and
  - Additional air emission point associated with the generator.

- Additional sewage treatment and upgrades requiring the following changes under Category 54:
  - Increase capacity from 120 m³/day to 140 m³/day;
  - Construction of a new 20 m³/day leach drain for facilities at the Bannockburn pits area;
  - Additional discharge point for treated sewage at the Bannockburn area; and
  - Upgrades to Thunder Box Operations WWTP comprising new storage tanks and aerators. The upgrades are to reduce sludge generation volumes but not change treatment capacity.
- Additional putrescible landfill requiring the following changes under Category 64:
  - Increase capacity from 5,000 tpa to 7,000 tpa; and
  - Addition of a new 2,000 tpa designated Class II putrescible waste landfill for the Bannockburn pits located on the Bannockburn Waste Rock Dump.
- Additional fuel storage for Bannockburn requiring the following changes under Category 73:
  - Addition of existing 126 m<sup>3</sup> of minor fuel storage infrastructure for Bannockburn, located at the various Bannockburn bores (4 m<sup>3</sup> tanks) and pump stations (15 m<sup>3</sup> tanks);
  - Installation of above ground self-bunded diesel fuel storage tanks with a max capacity of 500 kL;
  - Construction of a concrete refuelling apron and 1.8 m high bunds around the new tanks; and
  - Decrease capacity from 105,000 m³ to 2,500 m³. Although the actual storage capacity on the premises is proposed to increase, the capacity listed on the existing licence is considered an administrative error and vastly exceeds what is currently located on the premises. The amendments result in the actual capacity at the site increasing by 626 m³;
- The following administrative amendments:
  - Replace licence Figure 2a with a new figure showing the Thunderbox Operations containment infrastructure and monitoring bores;
  - Remove licence Figure 2b which is made redundant by the above new figure; and
  - Replace licence Figures 8 and 9 with the revised layout and design of the Thunderbox sewage facility and effluent discharge point.

These amendments are limited only to changes to Category 6, 52, 54, 64 and 73 activities from the existing licence. No changes to the aspects of the existing licence relating to Category 5 have been requested by the Licence Holder. Table 1 below outlines the proposed changes to the existing licence.

Table 1: Proposed design or throughput capacity changes

Category	Current design or throughput capacity	Proposed design or throughput capacity	Summary of proposed amendments	
5: Processing or beneficiation of metallic or non- metallic ore	7,000,000 tonnes per annual period	No change	No change required due to ore from Bannockburn being transported to the existing Thunderbox mill for processing.	

Category	Current design or throughput capacity	Proposed design or throughput capacity	Summary of proposed amendments
6: Mine dewatering	450,000 tonnes per annual period	8,000,000 tonnes per annual period	Dewatering of the Bannockburn pits with associated storage and discharge.
<b>52:</b> Electrical power generation	38 MW	No change	Power supply for the Bannockburn operations area.
<b>54:</b> Sewage facility	120 m³/day	140 m³/day	Sewage treatment for the Bannockburn operations area and upgrades to sewage treatment at the Thunderbox operations area.
64: Class II putrescible landfill	5,000 tonnes per annual period	7,000 tonnes per annual period	Putrescible landfill for the Bannockburn operations.
73: Bulk chemical storage	105,000 m³	2,500 m <sup>3</sup>	Additional fuel storage for the Bannockburn operations and correction of licence errors.

During the assessment of the application it was identified that the mining tenements listed in the premises description of the existing licence were outdated and no longer correct. This was due to some tenements changing type from a miscellaneous licence to a mining lease.

## 2.3 Bannockburn pits operations

No mining has taken place at the Bannockburn pits since 1998 and the mining operation has been in care and maintenance for an extended period. The Bannockburn pits area is already included in the premises boundary, with Licence L7815/2001/11 currently including one dewatering dam at Bannockburn which was historically used to supply water for dust suppression. Existing groundwater licences GWL 63550 and GWL 158766 are also held by the Licence Holder in relation to the premises.

The Licence Holder intends to resume dewatering at Bannockburn, in order to expand the Bannockburn pits and recommence mining operations. Proposed changes to dewatering operations at Bannockburn include the construction and operation of two new dewatering dams: one located east of the Bannockburn pits (East Dam) and one north of the waste rock dump (North Dam). These dams will be used to store mine dewater for reuse.

The two dams will be constructed via cut and fill earthworks with an outer perimeter wall of 1 m high, a maximum cut depth of 3 m and cover an area of 140 m x 50 m. The dams will be HDPE lined and have been designed with an operational freeboard of 300 mm. A standpipe and pipeline/pumping infrastructure will also be installed so that mine dewater can be transported to the Thunderbox processing plant for use in operations. Pipelines will be fitted with flowmeters, telemetry and automatic shutoff systems.

## 2.4 Mine dewatering and discharge

The Licence Holder intends to reuse approximately four to five Mtpa of the dewater for dust suppression and operation of the Thunderbox processing plant, which is currently supplied from a nearby borefield. Dewatered groundwater from the Bannockburn pits is expected to have a lower salinity than the borefield, and the Licence Holder intends to replace the borefield supply over time by reusing dewatered groundwater from the Bannockburn pits. Dewatered groundwater from Bannockburn is expected to be predominantly fresh to brackish (900 to 1,400 mg/L TDS), with some areas being slightly saline, up to about 6,600 mg/L.

The Licence Holder commissioned groundwater flow modelling which indicated that groundwater volumes from dewatering of the Bannockburn pits will be relatively low for the first four years, reaching up to approximately 750,000 kL/year (Table 2), and will be lower than the demand required by the Thunderbox processing plant until year five of mining. As mining progresses toward the paleochannel, dewatering rates will increase.

Table 2: Modelled average dewatering flow rates

Year Days		Flow (m³/day)	Flow (kL/year)	
1	365	433	158,045	
2	365	1,222	446,030	
3 365		1,127	411,355	
4 365		1,973	720,145	
5	365	14,148	5,164,020	
6	365	12,582	4,592,430	
7	288	26,230	9,573,950	

Despite the initial deficits, temporary storage of dewater will be required to provide contingency options in the event of a temporary shutdown or if inflow rates exceed processing water consumption. In addition to the one existing and two proposed dewatering dams, groundwater will be discharged and stored in various mining voids across the premises. Discharge of mine dewater will occur to the existing North Well pit, Slaughter Yard pit and Waterloo underground. In pit storage of water will also take place in the Bannockburn and Thunderbox pits, where practicable.

Table 3: Predicted discharge and storage capacity

Discharge location	Maximum predicted demand or discharge (tpa)	Storage capacity excluding freeboard (tonnes)	
Water reuse (processing, dust suppression, etc.)	5,000,000	7,000,000	
North Well pits	679,941	679,941	
Waterloo underground	478,518	478,518	
Slaughter Yard pit	110,664	110,664	
Bannockburn pits	720,000	5,057,104	

Discharge location	Maximum predicted demand or discharge (tpa)	Storage capacity excluding freeboard (tonnes)	
Bannockburn underground	-	519,840	
Thundarhay nita	720,000	A Zone pit - 4,383,924	
Thunderbox pits	720,000	D Zone pit - 8,415,683	
Total	7,709,123	26,645,674	

#### 2.4.1 Future requirements

The Licence Holder has stated that this application is only in relation to dewatering discharge for the first four years of mine dewatering. A subsequent licence amendment application will be submitted seeking dewatering and discharge beyond year five of mining, when dewatering rates increase.

To support the future amendment, the Licence Holder will conduct additional investigations during the first three years of mining at Bannockburn, to identify further water management requirements for the life of the mine. These investigations will include validation of the dewatering model and a review of the site water balance. The subsequent application will include controls for long term dewatering storage, to accommodate the increased inflow rates predicted beyond year 5 of mining. This may include management methods to decrease dewatering rates or additional water storage infrastructure.

#### 2.5 Department initiated amendments

In addition to the amendments requested by the Licence Holder, the department has made the following amendments to the licence:

- corrected clerical mistakes and unintentional errors in the 29 April 2024 licence amendment that were made when converting the licence to the current licensing format;
- removed or updated any redundant conditions, definitions or information; and
- corrected other clerical mistakes and unintentional errors that were identified.

The full list of amendments as they relate to the revised licence are detailed in Section 5.1.

Errors from the 29 April 2024 licence amendment were corrected by referring to the licence in place previous to this date, which was granted on 28 May 2021.

## 3. Risk assessment

The department assesses the risks of emissions from prescribed premises and identifies the potential source, pathway and impact to receptors in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk* assessments (DWER 2020).

To establish a Risk Event there must be an emission, a receptor which may be exposed to that emission through an identified actual or likely pathway, and a potential adverse effect to the receptor from exposure to that emission.

## 3.1 Source-pathways and receptors

#### 3.1.1 Emissions and controls

The key emissions and associated actual or likely pathway during premises operation which have been considered in this Amendment Report are detailed in Table 4 below. Table 4 also details the proposed control measures the Licence Holder has proposed to assist in controlling these emissions, where necessary.

**Table 4: Licence Holder controls** 

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls				
Construction	Construction						
Dust		Air/windborne	Dust suppression water.				
Noise	Forthworks	pathway	None specified.				
Sediment	Earthworks, machinery and	Overland runoff	None specified.				
Spills and leaks of hydrocarbons	vehicle movements	Overland runoff Seepage through soil to groundwater	None specified.				
Operation - Cate	gory 6						
	Mine dewatering and storage	Overtopping of storage Seepage through soil to groundwater	Mine dewater for dust suppression to be stored in HDPE lined storage dams with 8,690 kL capacity.				
			Storage dams to have an operational freeboard of 300 mm.				
	Discharge of mine dewatering for dust suppression		Approximately 4 - 5 million tonnes per annum of mine dewater to be used in the processing plant.				
Saline			Remaining mine dewater volumes to be stored in mining voids and pits.				
groundwater		Direct discharge	Mining voids and pits used for dewatering storage will have an operational freeboard of at least 5 m.				
			Mining voids and pits provide a total storage volume of approximately 19.65 GL at their proposed freeboard levels.				
			Water supply requirements expected to exceed dewatering volumes for the first five years of mine dewatering.				

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls				
Operation – Category 52							
Combustion emissions	Operation of a mobile 200 kW diesel generator	Air/windborne pathway	None specified.				
Spills and leaks of hydrocarbons	Refueling of diesel generator	Overland runoff Seepage through soil to groundwater	None specified.				
Operation - Categ	gory 54						
Odour	Treatment of sewage and discharge of treated sewage	Air/windborne pathway	<ul><li>Enclosed tanks.</li><li>Leach drains to be buried below ground.</li></ul>				
			<ul> <li>Village WWTP to have additional storage tanks and aeration provided to reduce sludge generation.</li> <li>Primary treated sewage to be disposed.</li> </ul>				
Sewage, treated sewage and sludge leachate	Treatment of sewage and discharge of treated sewage	Overland runoff Seepage through soil to groundwater	Two alternating leach drains of 30 m length and width will be constructed with permeable drainage aggregate, 75 mm or 100 mm diameter distributing pipes and at a grade of no more than 1 in 200.				
			<ul> <li>Barriers will be installed to prevent to vehicles or heavy machinery from driving over the top of the leach drains and causing damage.</li> </ul>				
Operation - Categ	ory 64						
Noise			None specified.				
Dust		Air/windborne pathway	<ul> <li>Dust suppression water.</li> <li>Landfill to be located within the Bannockburn Waste Rock Dump to</li> </ul>				
Odour	Landfilling of solid waste meeting Class II		provide protection from prevailing winds.  • Landfill trench dimensions to be no more than 30 m x 2 m x 2 m.				
Windblown waste	acceptance criteria		Landfill trenches to be covered with 1 m of inert and incombustible fill within 3 months of reaching capacity.				
Leachate		Seepage through soil to groundwater	Landfill area will be located more than 100 m from any surface body and 3 m from the highest level of groundwater.				

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls					
Operation - Cate	Operation – Category 73							
			Diesel to be stored in above ground self-bunded fuel storage tanks with a maximum storage capacity of 500 kL.					
	Storage of diesel fuel		Storage tanks will be protected from vehicular contact by concrete bollards adjacent to the refuelling apron.					
Spills and leaks of hydrocarbons		Overland runoff Seepage through soil to groundwater	Concrete refueling apron to be provided with 1.8 m high bunds along the side and a sump for collection of hydrocarbons.					
			Storage will be in accordance with the Dangerous Goods Safety (Storage and Handling of Non-explosives) Regulations 2007.					
			Hydrocarbon waste will be transported off site and disposed of by a licenced controlled waste contractor.					

#### 3.1.2 Receptors

In accordance with the *Guideline: Risk assessments* (DWER 2020), the Delegated Officer has excluded employees, visitors and contractors of the Licence Holder's from its assessment. Protection of these parties often involves different exposure risks and prevention strategies, and is provided for under other state legislation.

Table 5 below provides a summary of potential human and environmental receptors that may be impacted as a result of activities upon or emission and discharges from the prescribed premises (*Guideline: Environmental siting* (DWER 2020)).

Table 5: Sensitive human and environmental receptors and distance from prescribed activity

Receptors	Distance from prescribed activity			
Human receptors				
Weebo Pastoral Station	12 km northeast of the premises.  Not considered a viable receptor due to distance from the premises.			
Town of Leinster	36.5 km northwest of the premises.  Not considered a viable receptor due to distance from the premises.			
Sturt Meadows homestead	40 km south of the premises.  Not considered a viable receptor due to distance from the premises.			

Receptors	Distance from prescribed activity			
Environmental recept	ors			
	The Thunderbox pit and northern portions of the premises are situated in an area comprising local fractured and weathered rock aquifers.			
Underlying groundwater –	The Bannockburn pits and southern portion of the premises are situated in an area containing a large alluvium aquifer where surficial sediments hold low salinity groundwater. Thick sections of Quaternary to Tertiary alluvium (gravel, sand, calcrete, silcrete and clay) overlie the Archaean bedrock and the palaeochannel sediments of Tertiary age both along Marshall Creek and the trunk Lake Raeside palaeodrainage (Rockwater, 2023).			
Fractured and weathered rock aquifer Surficial sediment aquifer	Groundwater levels follow topography and before pumping commenced, groundwater flowed to the south-west and south beneath Marshall Creek and within rocks in the creek banks, towards the south-easterly trending Lake Raeside palaeodrainage, where groundwater discharges and is evaporated (Rockwater, 2023).			
	At the Thunderbox pit area, groundwater level ranges from around 15 – 30 meters below ground level. At the Bannockburn pits, pre-mining groundwater levels were about 394 mAHD, 9 m below ground surface (Rockwater, 2023).			
	Beneficial uses of groundwater include mining and stock water. Multiple licensed groundwater users are located within 20 km of the premises.			
Surface water –	Numerous minor, non-perennial watercourses associated with Marshall Creek traverse the premises.			
Marshall Creek minor, non-perennial watercourses	The Bannockburn pits are located on the southern margin of Marshall Creek, a major tributary of the Lake Raeside palaeodrainage (Rockwater, 2023).			
Surrounding vegetation –  Native vegetation containing records of priority flora species	Native vegetation is located adjacent and near to proposed new containment infrastructure and dewatering discharge points.			

# 3.2 Risk ratings

Risk ratings have been assessed in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020) for those emission sources which are proposed to change and takes into account potential source-pathway and receptor linkages as identified in Section 3.1. Where linkages are incomplete they have not been considered further in the risk assessment.

Where the Licence Holder has proposed mitigation measures/controls (as detailed in Section 3.1), these have been considered when determining the final risk rating. Where the Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls to be critical to maintaining an acceptable level of risk, these will be incorporated into the licence as regulatory controls.

Additional regulatory controls may be imposed where the Licence Holder's controls are not deemed sufficient. Where this is the case the need for additional controls will be documented and justified in Table 6.

The revised Licence L7815/2001/11 that accompanies this Amendment Report authorises emissions associated with the operation of the Premises.

The conditions in the Revised Licence have been determined in accordance with *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions* (DER 2015).

Table 6. Risk assessment of potential emissions and discharges from the premises during construction and operation

Risk Event					Risk rating <sup>1</sup>	Licence Holder's controls sufficient?	Conditions <sup>2</sup> of licence	Justification for additional regulatory controls
Source/Activities	Potential emission	Potential pathways and impact	Receptors	Licence Holder's controls	C = consequence L = likelihood			
Construction								
	Noise	Air/windborne pathway			Risk event not viable due to distance to sensitive receptors.			
Earthworks, machinery and vehicle		causing impacts to health and amenity	No viable receptors	Refer to Section 3.1.1	Risk event not viable	due to distance	to sensitive receptors.	
movements to construct and install:  - Two 8,690 kL storage dams  - Water conveyance pipelines	Dust	Air/windborne pathway causing smothering of vegetation	Native vegetation	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Slight L = Possible	Y	17: Table 8	N/A - The Delegated Officer considers existing and proposed dust controls to be sufficient.
<ul> <li>200 kW diesel generator</li> <li>20 m³/day leach drain</li> <li>Sewage tanks and aerators</li> </ul>	Sediment	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting	Surface water	Note: to decisir 5.1.1	Low Risk	Y	N/A	N/A - The Delegated Officer considers sediment impacts to be already adequately regulated through the environmental outcomes and performance criteria of the mining proposal.
Sewage taiks and aerators     500 kL of fuel storage tanks and bunding	Spills and leaks of hydrocarbons	Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	Native vegetation Surface water Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y	9	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the existing licence condition to be sufficient.
Operation - Category 6								
Dewatering of the Bannockburn pits comprising:  - Storage within 2 x 8,690 kL turkey nest dams  - Use of 4-5 Mtpa of groundwater for	Fresh to slightly saline groundwater (900 to 6,600 mg/L TDS)	Overtopping of storage or containment loss from pipelines causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Native vegetation Surface water	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Moderate L = Unlikely Medium Risk	N	1, 6, 7  1: Table 1  2: Table 2	To align with controls previously specified for other containment infrastructure at the premises, the Delegated Officer considers that high water level shutoff switches, perimeter fencing and fauna egress points are required.
mineral processing  Discharge of up to 679,941 kL/yr to North Well pit  Discharge of up to 478,518 kL/yr to Waterloo underground  Discharge of up to 110,664 kL/yr to Slaughter Yard pit  Discharge of up to 720,000 kL/yr to Bannockburn pits  Discharge of up to 720,000 kL/yr to Thunderbox pits		Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater Native vegetation	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Moderate L = Unlikely <b>Medium Risk</b>	Y	1, 17: Table 8	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls to be sufficient due to the similar groundwater quality in the discharge areas.
Discharge of mine dewatering for dust suppression		Direct discharge causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Native vegetation	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y	17: Table 8	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls to be sufficient.
Operation – Category 52								
	Combustion emissions	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity	No viable receptors	Refer to Section 3.1.1	Risk event not viable	due to distance	to sensitive receptors.	
Operation and refueling of a mobile 200 kW diesel generator	Spills and leaks of hydrocarbons	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality  Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil	Native vegetation Surface water Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Minor L = Unlikely Medium Risk	N	9 2: Table 2	To align with controls previously specified for other power infrastructure at the premises, the Delegated Officer considers that a bunded concrete hardstand that drains to an oil/water separator is required for the new diesel generator.

Risk Event					Risk rating <sup>1</sup>	Licence																		
Source/Activities	Potential emission	Potential pathways and impact	Receptors	Licence Holder's controls	C = consequence L = likelihood	Holder's controls sufficient?	Conditions <sup>2</sup> of licence	Justification for additional regulatory controls																
Operation – Category 54																								
Treatment of sewage and discharge of up	Odour	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to amenity	No viable receptors	Refer to Section 3.1.1	1.1 Risk event not viable due to distance to sensitive receptors.																			
to 20 m <sup>3</sup> /day of primary treated sewage via a leach drain	Sewage, treated sewage and sludge leachate	Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Minor L = Unlikely Medium Risk	Y	2: Table 2, 17: Table 8, 23	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls to be sufficient.																
	Odour	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to amenity	No viable receptors	Refer to Section 3.1.1	Risk event not viable	due to distance	to sensitive receptors.																	
Performance improvements at the Thunderbox WWTP comprised of additional storage and aeration	Sewage, treated sewage and sludge leachate	Overtopping of storage or containment loss from pipelines potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Native vegetation Surface water Underlying	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Minor L = Unlikely <b>Medium Risk</b>	Y	Y 2: Table 2, 17: Table 8, 23	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls and existing licence conditions to be sufficient.																
		Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	groundwater																					
Operation – Category 64																								
	Noise	Air/windborne pathway causing impacts to amenity	No viable receptors	Refer to Section 3.1.1	Risk event not viable due to distance to sensitive receptors.																			
	Odour				Risk event not viable due to distance to sensitive receptors.																			
					Risk event not viable due to distance to sensitive receptors.																			
Landfilling of up to 2,000 tonnes per annual period of solid waste meeting	Dust	Air/windborne pathway causing smothering of vegetation	Native vegetation	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Slight L = Unlikely Low Risk	Y	10, 11	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls and existing licence conditions to be sufficient.																
Class II acceptance criteria	Leachate	Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Minor L = Unlikely Medium Risk	Y	10, 11	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls and existing licence conditions to be sufficient.																
	Windblown waste	Air/windborne pathway causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Native vegetation	Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Slight L = Possible Low Risk	Y	11, 12	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's proposed controls and existing licence conditions to be sufficient.																
Operation – Category 73																								
Storage of 626 kL of diesel fuel	Spills and leaks of			Refer to Section 3.1.1	C = Minor L = Unlikely	Y	2: Table 2	N/A – The Delegated Officer considers the Licence Holder's existing and proposed controls to be sufficient.																
	hydrocarbons	hydrocarbons	hydrocarbons																Seepage through soil to groundwater impacting soil and groundwater quality	Underlying groundwater		Medium Risk		

Note 1: Consequence ratings, likelihood ratings and risk descriptions are detailed in the Guideline: Risk assessments (DWER 2020).

Note 2: Proposed Licence Holder's controls are depicted by standard text. **Bold and underline text** depicts additional regulatory controls imposed by department.

#### 4. Consultation

Table 7 provides a summary of the consultation undertaken by the department.

**Table 7: Consultation** 

Consultation method	Comments received	Department response
Local Government Authority advised of proposal on 12 August 2024	None received.	N/A
Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DEMIRS) advised of proposal on 12 August 2024	DEMIRS replied on 21 August 2024. Refer to Appendix 1.	Refer to Appendix 1
Department of Health (DoH) advised of proposal on 12 August 2024	DoH replied on 13 September 2024. Refer to Appendix 1.	Refer to Appendix 1
Watarra Aboriginal Corporation RNTBC advised of proposal on 12 August 2024	None received.	N/A
Licence Holder was provided with draft amendment on 9 September 2024	The Licence Holder replied on 11 September 2024. Refer to Appendix 2.	Refer to Appendix 2

#### 5. Conclusion

Based on the assessment in this Amendment Report, the Delegated Officer has determined that a revised licence will be granted, subject to conditions commensurate with the determined controls and necessary for administration and reporting requirements.

# 5.1 Summary of amendments

Table 8 , Table 9 and Table 10 provide a summary of the proposed amendments and will act as record of implemented changes. All proposed changes have been incorporated into the revised licence as part of the amendment process.

Table 8: Summary of non-administrative licence amendments related to the application

Condition no.	Proposed amendments
Category limits	The limits for categories 6, 54, 64 and 73 were changed from 450,000 to 8,000,000 tpa, 120 to 140 m³/day, 5,000 to 7,000 tpa and 105,000 to 2,500 m³ in aggregate respectively.

Condition no.	Proposed amendments
1 – Table 1: Bannockburn - North Dam and Bannockburn - East Dam	The proposed North Dam and East Dam at the Bannockburn mining area were added to the containment infrastructure table, along with infrastructure requirements specified by the Licence Holder as controls and additional regulatory controls imposed by the department.
2 – Table 2: Thunderbox - WWTP	Requirements for the proposed upgrade to the Thunderbox village WWTP were added.
2 – Table 2: Bannockburn - North Dam and East Dam	The proposed North Dam and East Dam at the Bannockburn mining area were added to the table as infrastructure to be constructed, along with construction requirements specified by the Licence Holder as controls and additional regulatory controls imposed by the department.
2 – Table 2: Bannockburn - WWTP	The proposed WWTP at the Bannockburn mining area was added to the table as infrastructure to be constructed, along with construction requirements specified by the Licence Holder as controls.
2 – Table 2: Bannockburn - Power supply	The proposed diesel generators for power supply to the Bannockburn mining area were added to the table as infrastructure to be constructed/installed, along with requirements specified by the Licence Holder and additional regulatory controls imposed by the department.
2 – Table 2: Bannockburn - Fuel storage	The proposed fuel storage infrastructure at the Bannockburn mining area was added to the table as infrastructure to be constructed, along with construction requirements specified by the Licence Holder as controls.
2 – Table 2: Bore field - Fuel storage	The existing fuel storage tanks at the bore field were added to the table.
2 – Table 2: Groundwater monitoring bores	New groundwater monitoring bores TSF-CD-01, TSF-CD-02, TSF-CD-03 and TSF-CD-04 were added to the table, along with an operational requirement to keep them maintained in good working order.
10 – Table 4	Landfilling requirements were amended to account for the proposed landfill at the Bannockburn operation.
14 – Table 6	The table was amended to account for air emissions from the proposed diesel generators for the Bannockburn operation.
17 – Table 8	Condition wording changed to refer to discharges rather than emissions. The table was amended to account for the proposed mine dewatering discharges to voids and for dust suppression, as well as the treated effluent discharges to the Bannockburn leach drain.
21 – Table 10	The table was amended by adding in groundwater monitoring requirements for the new groundwater monitoring bores TSF-CD-01, TSF-CD-02, TSF-CD-03 and TSF-CD-04. The monitoring specifications were sourced from Condition 1.3.3 and Table 1.3.2 of the 28 May 2021 licence.
23 – Table 11	The table was amended to account for the proposed discharge of treated effluent to the Bannockburn leach drain.
Figure 5	A map showing the new containment infrastructure (North Dam and East Dam) at the Bannockburn operation was added.
Figure 13	A map showing the layout of site infrastructure and equipment at the Bannockburn operations was added.

Condition no.	Proposed amendments
Figure 14	A map showing the location of fuel storage tanks at the bore field was added.
Figure 17	A map showing the location of the landfill, emission points to air and discharges to land at the Bannockburn operations was added.
Figure 20	A map showing the Thunderbox pit and Waterloo underground dewatering discharge points was added.
Figure 21	A map showing the Bannockburn and North Well pit dewatering discharge points was added.

Table 9: Summary of department initiated licence amendments to correct previous conversion errors

Condition no.	Proposed amendments
1 – Table 1: TSF cells A and B	Infrastructure requirement corrected by adding in the missing permeability requirement: <1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> m/s or equivalent (See Table 1.3.1 of 28 May 2021 licence).
1 – Table 1: Thunderbox - Process water dam	Infrastructure requirement corrected by adding in the missing permeability requirement: <1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> m/s or equivalent (See Table 1.3.1 of 28 May 2021 licence).
1 – Table 1	Thunderbox - Process water dam, Thunderbox - Mine dewatering dam 2, Thunderbox - Saline Dewatering Dam, Bannockburn - Mine Dewatering Dam, Otto bore operations - Mine dewatering dam infrastructure requirements corrected by adding in the missing freeboard requirement:
	Minimum top of embankment freeboard of 300 mm (See Condition 1.3.3 of 28 May 2021 licence).
2	Condition wording corrected by referring to construction requirements in addition to operational requirements.
3	Condition wording corrected by referring to the construction of infrastructure in Table 2 and removing reference to Table 1.
3	This departure condition is intended to be related to the construction of infrastructure only (See Condition 1.3.12 of 28 May 2021 licence).
C. Table 2	Freeboard inspection requirements corrected by referring to containment infrastructure listed in Table 1 rather than just TSFs:
6 – Table 3	Other types of containment infrastructure listed in Table 1 have freeboard capacities requiring inspection (See Condition 1.3.3 and Table 1.3.2 of 28 May 2021 licence).
21	Condition wording corrected by also referring to the tailings decant rather than just ambient groundwater.
	(See Condition 1.3.3 and Table 1.3.2 of 28 May 2021 licence)
27(d)(e)	Condition number referencing corrected to refer to the right conditions.
28	Condition number reference corrected to refer to the right condition.
29 – Table 12	Condition number references corrected to refer to the right conditions.
32 – Table 14	Condition number references corrected to refer to the right conditions.

Table 10: Administrative changes in this amendment

Existing condition	Condition summary	Revised licence condition	Conversion notes	
Cover page	Premises details	Cover page	Updated to current tenement details.	
1 and Table 1	Containment infrastructure requirements		Wording and table format updated to refer to containment infrastructure and more accurately reflect the structure of the condition.	
Table 1	Infrastructure location	Table 1	Figure numbers revised to remain correct.	
Table 2: Saline dewatering dam at Thunderbox pit	Infrastructure requirements	Table 1: Thunderbox - Saline Dewatering Dam	Corresponding requirements moved to Table 1 so that already constructed containment infrastructure is not duplicated in both tables.	
Table 2	Infrastructure labelling	Table 2	Slight wording change to distinguish infrastructure for each operational area of the premises.	
Table 2	Infrastructure location	Table 2	Figure numbers revised to remain correct.	
16	Fugitive dust emissions	16	Figure numbers revised to remain correct.	
Figure 1	Premises map (whole)	Figure 1	Replaced with revised figure provided by the Licence Holder.	
N/A	Premises map (north)	Figure 2	Figure provided by the Licence Holder included.	
N/A	Premises map (south)	Figure 3	Figure provided by the Licence Holder included.	
Figure 2a and 2b	Map of Thunderbox containment infrastructure and TSF monitoring bores	Figure 4	Figures 2a and 2b replaced with revised figure provided by the Licence Holder.	
Figure 8	Map of Thunderbox treated effluent pipeline and discharge points		Replaced with revised figure provided by the Licence Holder.	
Figure 9	Map of existing Thunderbox WWTP and additions	Figure 12	Replaced with revised figure provided by the Licence Holder.	
Figure 12	Emissions points to air at Thunderbox	Figure 16	Replaced with revised figure provided by the Licence Holder.	

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Existing condition	Condition summary	Revised licence condition	Conversion notes
Figures 2 to 14	Maps of infrastructure and emission / discharge points	Figures 4 to 21	To ease interpretation of the licence the figure numbers and order in which they appear were rearranged to match as far as possible the order in which they are referenced in licence conditions.

## References

- 1. Department of Environment Regulation (DER) 2015, *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 2. Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) 2020, *Guideline: Environmental Siting*, Perth, Western Australia.
- 3. DWER 2020, Guideline: Risk Assessments, Perth, Western Australia.

# **Appendix 1: Summary of stakeholder comments on the application**

Stakeholder	Stakeholder comment	Department's response	
Department of Energy, Mines, Industry	DEMIRS replied on 21 August 2024 advising they approved a Mining Proposal to recommence operations at the Bannockburn project in May 2024 (Registration ID 122128). The proposal was related to the following tenements:	Scope of mining proposal, environmental outcomes and performance criteria	
Regulation and Safety (DEMIRS)	L37/61, L37/73, L37/142, L37/215, L37/216, L37/225, L37/227, L37/228, L37/229, L37/256, L37/257, L37/258, L37/259, L37/260, M37/339, M37/340, M37/356, M37/357, M37/358, M37/359, M37/360, M37/361, M37/367, M37/368, and M37/465. M37/819, M37/1063, and M37/1148.	noted and considered in the assessment.	
	And approval was granted for:		
	<ul> <li>Expansion of the existing Bannockburn Pit to combine the West Pit, North Pit, East Pit, Turkeys Nest Pit, and the Bruce Decline into a single mining void. The new mining void being referred to as the Bannockburn 'Main Pit'.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Construction of a new WRD to the east (WRD 3) and modification to the existing South WRD (WRD 1).</li> </ul>		
	Expansion of Marshall Creek Borefield		
	<ul> <li>Realignment of the Old Agnew Road which currently runs through the middle of Bannockburn and upgrade the existing pipeline access road between Bannockburn and Thunderbox to handle road trains.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The proposed mining activities will also comprise the following mining related infrastructure to support the development and ongoing operation of the Project:</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Various Mining Ore Pads (MOPs)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Two double cell Turkey's Nest Dams (saline water storage)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Workshop and fuel storage facilities</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Maintenance workshops and washdown pads</li> </ul>		
	o Power (gensets) and fuel facilities		
	o Laydown yards		
	<ul> <li>Administration building, ablution blocks and parking areas</li> </ul>		

eholder	Stakehold	er comment					Department's respons			
	0 H	Haul roads, acc	ess tracks and	service corrido	ors					
	0 [	Dewatering infr	astructure							
	0 \$									
	0									
		·	gazine storage a	•						
	Northern S		o meet the follo	•		rformance criteria during				
			Table 9-1: Environme	ental Outcomes, Perfor	mance Criteria and Monitoring					
	Environmental Factor	DMIRS Objective	Risk Pathways	Environmental Outcome	Performance Criteria	Monitoring				
	Biodiversity	To maintain representation,	Clearing outside of the approved disturbance	(1) No unauthorised disturbance/ clearing of	Clearing is within the boundary of the disturbance envelope.	Areas cleared will be surveyed following clearing.				
		diversity, viability and ecological functions at the species, population	envelope or greater than approved disturbance areas.	native vegetation.	Clearing is not greater than approved disturbance areas.	Survey data will be used to reconcile cleared areas (completed as part of				
		and community level.			Clearing is conducted in accordance with relevant approvals (e.g., Clearing Permits, Mining Proposals, POWs).	MRF/AER reporting processes). GIS records to be retained to confirm location and area of clearing in respect to approved disturbance areas.				
			Fauna injury/death – due to vehicular incidents	(3) No injury or death to conservation significant fauna (e.g. Malleefowl).	No incident records pertaining to injury of death of conservation significant fauna (e.g. Malleefowl).	Incident reporting system, records maintained for fauna injury or death occurring on site due to vehicular interaction.				
			Inadequate surface water management (flood diversion or containment bunding) resulting in release of mine affected (dirty/contaminated) surface water runoff.	(4) No decline in health /condition or death of surrounding vegetation due to sedimentation.	No visually discernible sedimentation observed beyond the containment bunding.	Visual assessment of aerial photos (at least annually) to confirm sediment retention or identify sediment breaches.				
			Introduction and/or spread of environmental weeds, Declared Pests or WoNS.	(7) No decline in health/ condition of native revegetation and/or reduction in rehabilitation success.	No Declared Pests or WoNS observed within the disturbance envelope.	Visual observation of project areas (e.g. waste dumps, workshop, office buildings) with records kept if Declared Pests or WoNS observed.				
	Water Resources	To maintain the hydrological regimes, quality and quantity of groundwater and surface water to the extent that existing and	Extraction of water from local aquifer.	(5) No long-term impacts on aquifer (groundwater level). No impacts on third party users (e.g., pastoral activities).	Groundwater abstraction will be undertaken according to the conditions outlined in the relevant 5C Groundwater Licence and Operating Strategy as approved by DWER.  No concerns raised by pastoralists	Monitoring of regional groundwater levels to manage potential impacts to regional water sources (e.g., North Poll No. 2 and Outcamp Well).  Monitoring of groundwater abstraction volumes (monthly or as stipulated				
		potential uses, including ecosystem maintenance, are protected.		No impacts on groundwater dependent environmental values.	regarding their water requirements.	within the Operating Strategy).  Concerns raised by pastoralists are recorded in the site's Stakeholder Engagement Register.				
						Stakeholder Engagement records indicate no concerns raised by pastoralists with regards to their water requirements.				

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Stakeholder	Stakeholde	Stakeholder comment									
	Environmental Factor	DMIRS Objective	Risk Pathways	Environmental Outcome	Performance Criteria	Monitoring					
	Land and Soils	To maintain the quality of land and soils so that environmental values are protected.	Spills or leaks from stored hydrocarbons and chemicals.	(2) No long-term contamination of soils and/or water resources as a result of hydrocarbon/ chemical spills/leaks.	All hydrocarbons and chemicals contained in designated storage areas. No hydrocarbon, chemical or saline water spills outside of containment areas greater than 5,000 litres in any one incident.  Any hydrocarbon/chemical spills/leaks outside of containment areas are controlled, contained, and cleaned-up within 7 days.	Weekly inspections of storage, refuelling and laydown areas with records kept.  Hydrocarbon/ chemical spills/leaks within Project area are recorded via the site's incident reporting system.  Incident records pertaining to hydrocarbon/chemical spills/leaks detail action taken to clean-up.					
			Spill or leak from pipeline or Turkey's Nest Dam	(9) No degradation of land and soils via contact with saline water.	Any saline leaks outside of containment areas are controlled and contained within 24 hours and remediated.	Saline water pipelines and Turkey's Nest Dams inspected daily with records kept.					
			Insufficient management of mine waste resulting in oxides and other undesirable materials not being stored/ stockpiled within designated landforms.	(10) No decline in health /condition or death of surrounding vegetation – due to sedimentation.	All oxides and other undesirable materials stored/ stockpiled within designated landforms.	Storage areas will be surveyed monthly to confirm volume and location of oxides and other undesirable materials.					
			Inadequate management of mine waste resulting in PAF materials and/or materials containing elevated concentrations of metals/metalloids not being stored/ stockpiled within designated landforms.	{11} No long-term contamination of soils or groundwater – due to Acid Mine Drainage (AMD) and/or Metalliferous Drainage (MD).	All PAF materials and/or materials containing elevated concentrations of metals/metalloids are stored/ stockpiled within designated PAF void within the East WRD.	Storage areas will be surveyed monthly to confirm volume and location of PAF materials and/or materials containing elevated concentrations of metals/metalloids.					
	Public Health and Safety	-	Inadequate blast management. Inadequate bunding, barriers and signage with respect to blasting.	(6) No fly rock fragments landing within zones accessible by the public (e.g. Old Agnew Rd) resulting in human injury or death.	No incidents of fly rock impacting the public.	Records maintained of fly rock incidents. Incident records pertaining to public complaints.					
			Fugitive dust emissions generated during earthworks, haulage and material handling –	(8) No human injury/illness due to airborne contaminates.	No incidents of fugitive dust emissions impacting the public.	Incident records pertaining to public complaints.					

Stakeholder	Stakeholde	Stakeholder comment						
	Environmental Factor	DMIRS Objective	Risk Pathways	Environmental Outcome	Performance Criteria	Monitoring		
			materials containing elevated concentrations of metals/metalloids or fibrous minerals.  Noting that only waste materials are a potential risk. No fibrous minerals are contained within the ore zone.					
	Rehabilitation and Mine Closure	Mines are closed in a manner to make them physically safe to humans and animals, geo-technically stable, geo-chemically non-polluting/non-contaminating, and capable of sustaining an agreed post-mining land use, and without unacceptable liability to the State.	Inadequate handling and storage of topsoil.	{12} Soil stored in suitable manner in order to retain structure and seed viability	Soil to be handled when dry Soil to be stacked <2m high	Soil stockpiles to be inspected during and following stockpiling. Soil stockpiles to be surveyed, labelled and marked on mine plans. GIS records to be retained.		
					permit application (CPS Mining Proposal.	S 10369) for the project		
Department of Health (DoH)	The proposal is for operations to recommence at the Bannockburn mining site and for associated support services to be instituted.  The proposal does not appear to consider control of fugitive dust emissions, other than indicating that water removed from mines will be used for dust suppression. Any dust management plan for the current operations should be updated to include the new mining activities. In doing so, consideration should be given to how to manage any potential impacts on the Kaora Aboriginal Camp which is within the Thunderbox Operation's boundary. It is not clear in the provided documentation where the Camp is						itself, as this regulated under the <i>Mining Act 1978</i> . The licence regulates secondary activities associated with mining, such as ore processing, dewatering and support	
	purpose ar	nd does not pr	esent any huma ct Kaora Camp	an or environm		lso ensure that it is fit for g during dust suppression of ification under the	The department notes that the Koara Camp is a registered Aboriginal Cultural Heritage site due to archaeological finds but is not an inhabited camp.	

# Appendix 2: Summary of Licence Holder's comments on risk assessment and draft conditions

Condition	Summary of Licence Holder's comment	Department's response		
Licence				
Premises boundary	Include mining tenement M37/1148 in the premises description.	Included.		
	An updated premises boundary figure was provided, along with two additional figures showing the north and south portions of the premises at a lower scale.	New figures included.		
1: Table 1	Rename Bannockburn - Mine Dewatering Dam to Bannockburn Mine Hill Dewatering Dam	Infrastructure renamed to match label in provided figure.		
	The North and East dam HDPE liner will be 1.5 mm thick.	Included in table.		
2: Table 2	The saline dewatering dam at Thunderbox is still part of site infrastructure. Operational requirements and infrastructure location need to stay in this table also.	The dam still remains on the licence and has been moved to Table 1, which contains other containment infrastructure.		
	The North and East dam HDPE liner will be 1.5 mm thick.	Included in table.		
17: Table 8	Thunderbox A zone and D zone are just names within the same pit. The table should just have one row labelled Thunderbox – Pit.	Reference to A and D zone pits removed and replaced with Thunderbox – Pit.		
	The Bannockburn underground is within the Bannockburn pit. The table should just have one row labelled Bannockburn – Pit.	Reference to Bannockburn underground removed and replaced with Bannockburn – Pit.		
	5 m freeboard is the correct height for all pits. Waterloo underground has a 6 m freeboard.	Noted.		
Amendment Report				
Section 2.2	Remove the words waterloo pit. There is no actual pit as this is a boxcut. Hence call it Waterloo boxcut or Waterloo underground.	Reference to Waterloo pit has been removed.		

# **Appendix 3: Application validation summary**

SECTION 1: APPLICATION SUMMARY					
Application type					
Amendment to licence	⊠ -	Current licence number:	L7815/2001/11		
		Relevant works approval number:		N/A	$\boxtimes$
Date application received		7 May 2024			
Applicant and Premises details					
Applicant name/s (full legal name/s)		Northern Star (Thunderbox) Pty Ltd			
Premises name		North Eastern Goldfields Operation			
Premises location		Mining tenements L36/155, L36/157, L36/158, L36/181, L36/193, L36/199, L36/202, L37/61, L37/73, L37/142, L37/166, L37/181, L37/199, L37/215, L37/216, M36/35, M36/177, M36/421, M36/428, M36/462, M36/473, M36/494, M36/503, M36/504, M36/512, M36/516, M36/525, M36/527, M36/541, M36/542, M36/582, M36/584, M36/585, M36/586, M36/587, M36/589, M36/599, M36/600, M36/1148, M37/339, M37/340, M37/356, M37/357, M37/358, M37/359, M37/360, M37/361, M37/367, M37/368, M37/437, and M37/465			
Local Government Authority		Shire of Leonora			
Application documents		<u> </u>			
HPCM file reference number:		DWERDT944573			
Key application documents (additional to application form):		Application supporting document – Updated through RFI Appendix A - Hydrogeological Assessment – Provided in RFI Appendix B - WWTP details – Provided in RFI RFI response comments			
Scope of application/assessment					
Licence amendment  Re-commencing operation of the Bantand maintenance since 1998. Mining of the existing pit, with ore transported to processing. The licence amendment processi		e 1998. Mining operations e transported to the existi e amendment proposes the Bannockburn pit requipacity from 450,000 tpa to pacity from 450,000 tpa to pa	s will comping Thunde the following the foll	rise a cutback of erbox mill for rig: ollowing changes of the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the total transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the total	

- Construction of a new 20 m³/day leach drain for facilities at the Bannockburn pit area;
- Additional discharge point for treated sewage at the Bannockburn area; and
- Upgrades to Thunder Box Operations WWTP comprising new storage tanks and aerators. The upgrades are to reduce sludge generation volumes but not change treatment capacity.
- Additional putrescible landfill requiring the following changes under Category 64:
  - o Increase capacity from 5,000 tpa to 7,000 tpa; and
  - Addition of a new 2,000 tpa designated Class II putrescible waste landfill for the Bannockburn pit located on the Bannockburn Waste Rock Dump.
- Additional fuel storage for Bannockburn requiring the following changes under Category 73:
  - Decrease capacity from 105,000 m³ to 2,500 m³. Although the actual storage capacity on the premises is proposed to increase, the capacity listed on the existing licence is considered an administrative error and vastly exceeds what is currently located on the premises. The amendments result in the actual capacity at the site increasing by 626 m³;
  - Addition of existing 126 m<sup>3</sup> of minor fuel storage infrastructure for Bannockburn, located at the various Bannockburn bores (4 m<sup>3</sup> tanks) and pump stations (15 m<sup>3</sup> tanks);
  - Installation of above ground self-bunded diesel fuel storage tanks with a max capacity of 500 kL; and
  - Construction of a concrete refuelling apron and 1.8 m high bunds around the new tanks.

The following administrative amendments are also requested:

- Replace licence Figure 2 with Thunderbox Operations Containment Infrastructure and Monitoring Bores figures;
- Remove licence Figure 2b as the new Thunderbox Operations Containment Infrastructure and Monitoring Bores contains this information;
- Replace licence Figure 8 with Figure 7 Thunderbox Sewage Treatment Facility and Effluent Discharge Point; and
- Replace licence Figure 9 with Figure 8 Thunderbox Wastewater Treatment Plant.

# Category number/s (activities that cause the premises to become prescribed premises) Table 1: Prescribed premises categories

Prescribed premises category and description	Assessed production or design capacity	Proposed changes to the production or design capacity (amendments only)	
Category 5: Processing or beneficiation of metallic or non-metallic ore	7,000,000 tpa	No change	
Category 6: Mine dewatering	450,000 tpa	8,000,000 tpa	
Category 52: Electrical power generation	38 MW	No change	
Category 54: Sewage facility	120 m³/day	140 m³/day	
Category 64: Class II putrescible landfill	5,000 tpa	7,000 tpa	
Category 73: Bulk chemical storage	105,000 m <sup>3</sup>	2,500 m <sup>3</sup>	

Legislative context and other approvals				
Has the applicant referred, or do they intend to refer, their proposal to the EPA under Part IV of the EP Act as a significant proposal?	Yes □ No ⊠	Referral decision No:  Managed under Part V   Assessed under Part IV		
Does the applicant hold any existing Part IV Ministerial Statements relevant to the application?	Yes □ No ⊠	Ministerial statement No: EPA Report No:		
Has the proposal been referred and/or assessed under the EPBC Act?	Yes □ No ⊠	Reference No:		
Has the applicant demonstrated occupancy (proof of occupier status)?	Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠	Certificate of title □  General lease □ Expiry:  Mining lease / tenement ☒ Expiry:  Other evidence □ Expiry:		
Has the applicant obtained all relevant planning approvals?	Yes □ No □ N/A ⊠	Approval: Expiry date: If N/A explain why? Mining tenement		
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing EP Act clearing permit in relation to this proposal?	Yes ⊠ No □	CPS No: CPS 10369/1		
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing CAWS Act clearing licence in relation to this proposal?	Yes □ No ⊠	Application reference No: N/A Licence/permit No: N/A Not in a CAWS catchment		
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing RIWI Act licence or permit in relation to this proposal?	Yes ⊠ No □	Application reference No: Licence/permit No: GWL63550, GWL170438, GWL154472, GWL158766, AGR201435		
Does the proposal involve a discharge of waste into a designated area (as defined in section 57 of the EP Act)?	Yes ⊠ No □	Name: Goldfields Groundwater Area Type: Proclaimed Groundwater Area Will Regulatory Services (Water) be consulted? Yes ☒ No ☐ N/A ☐ Regional office: Goldfields		
Is the Premises situated in a Public Drinking Water Source Area (PDWSA)?	Yes □ No ⊠	Name: N/A Priority: N/A Are the proposed activities/ landuse compatible with the PDWSA (refer to WQPN 25)?  Yes □ No □ N/A ☒		
Is the Premises subject to any other Acts or subsidiary regulations (e.g. Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004, Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004, State Agreement Act xxxx)	Yes ⊠ No □	Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004, Dangerous Goods Safety (Storage and Handling of Non-explosives) Regulations 2007, Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004		
Is the Premises within an Environmental Protection Policy (EPP) Area?	Yes □ No ⊠			

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Legislative context and other approvals				
Is the Premises subject to any EPP requirements?	Yes □	No ⊠		
Is the Premises a known or suspected contaminated site under the <i>Contaminated Sites Act 2003?</i>			Classification: Combination of report not substantiated (RNS), not contaminated – unrestricted use (NC–UU), remediated for restricted use (RRU) depending on which tenement.	
	Yes ⊠	No □	Thunderbox pit area is RRU, RNS, NC-UU and AC.  Date of last classification: 23 October	
			2019	
			CM Files: DEC12260/1 and DER2015/000433-1	