Decision Report

Application for Works Approval

Part V Division 3 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*

Works Approval Number	W6766/2022/1
Applicant	Pilgangoora Operations Pty Ltd
ACN	616 560 395
File number	DER2022/000584
Premises	Pilgangoora Lithium-Tantalum Project Mining Tenement M45/1256 and L45/417 MARBLE BAR WA 6760 As defined by the premises map attached to the issued works approval
Date of report	10 March 2023
Decision	Works approval granted

Alana Kidd

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ALANA KIDD
MANAGER, RESOURCES INDUSTRIES
an officer delegated under section 20 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA)

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1. Decision summary

This decision report documents the assessment of potential risks to the environment and public health from emissions and discharges during the construction and operation of the premises. As a result of this assessment, works approval W6766/2022/1 has been granted.

2. Scope of assessment

2.1 Regulatory framework

In completing the assessment documented in this decision report, the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (the department; DWER) has considered and given due regard to its regulatory framework and relevant policy documents which are available at https://dwer.wa.gov.au/regulatory-documents.

2.2 Application summary and overview of premises

On 27 October 2022, the applicant submitted an application for a works approval to the department under section 54 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (EP Act).

The application is to undertake construction works relating to a new Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (COSC), to replace the existent one which belongs to the mining contractor, and which will be decommissioned by Q1 2024 and the construction of a 15 ML raw water dam, at the premises. The premises is approximately 80 km south-southeast of Port Hedland.

The premises relates to the category 5 and assessed 5Mtpa capacity under Schedule 1 of the *Environmental Protection Regulations 1987* (EP Regulations) which are defined in works approval W6766. The infrastructure and equipment relating to the premises category and any associated activities which the department has considered in line with *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020) are outlined in works approval W6766.

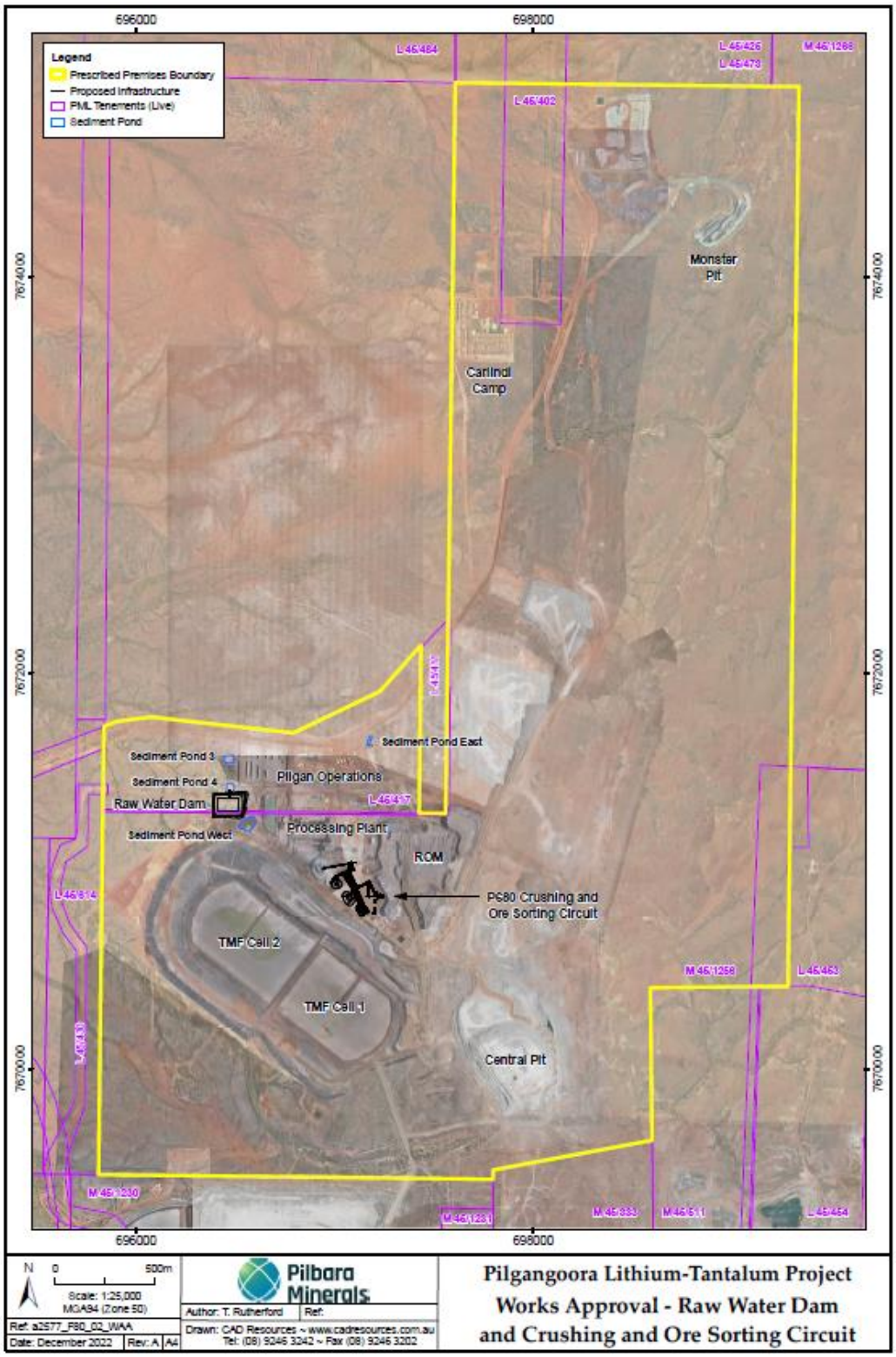

Figure 1 – Prescribed premises boundary shown in yellow, consisting of mining tenements M45/1256 and L45/417.

2.3 Proposed activities

Pilgangoora Operations Pty. Ltd. (the applicant), a wholly owned subsidiary of Pilbara Minerals Limited, currently operates the original Pilgangoora project (the Project) under the principal Works Approval W6051/2017/1 and Operating Licence L9056/2017/1.

Currently the project is going through construction works of Stage 2 to increase the rate of production to 5 million tonne per annum (Mtpa) of ore (approved under W6051/2017/1). The current life of mine is approximately 17 years.

The current operation includes accommodation camps, a processing plant, and tailings management facility (TMF).

The Crushing and Ore Sorting scope consists of the displacement of the current contracted CSI primary / secondary crushing and screening circuit with an applicant owned and operated circuit, with the key addition of incorporating ore sorting technology. The circuit is can operate at a continuous design throughput of 950tph (dry) for a maximum ore processing capacity of 5Mtpa (consistent with existing approvals). There are no changes to remaining processing infrastructure approved under W6051/2017/1.

The flowsheet consists of primary jaw and secondary cone crushing arranged to produce a secondary crushed material for placement onto the existing Coarse Ore Stockpile (COS). The ten ore sorters (housed in the sorting hall lower right of Figure 2), necessitates the need for additional dry screening to each size sorting fraction, however, the net resultant product to the COS remains of the same final size fraction (P80 <40mm). Final transfer of material onto the COS remains via the existing stockpile feed conveyor.

Ore sorting is utilised in the circuit to reject an inert coarse (6-200mm) waste basalt and the primary ore gangue minerals (quartz and albite) through a combination of single pass optical and X-ray ore sorting technologies. This material is then rehandled by mine fleet to existing waste dumps. The circuit is facility with no reagent usage, and only utilises water for dust mitigation.

Figure 2 shows the proposed design of the COSC, and in red shows the current ore crushing and screening circuit to be replaced. Figure 3 shows the location of the COSC in proximity to the plant.

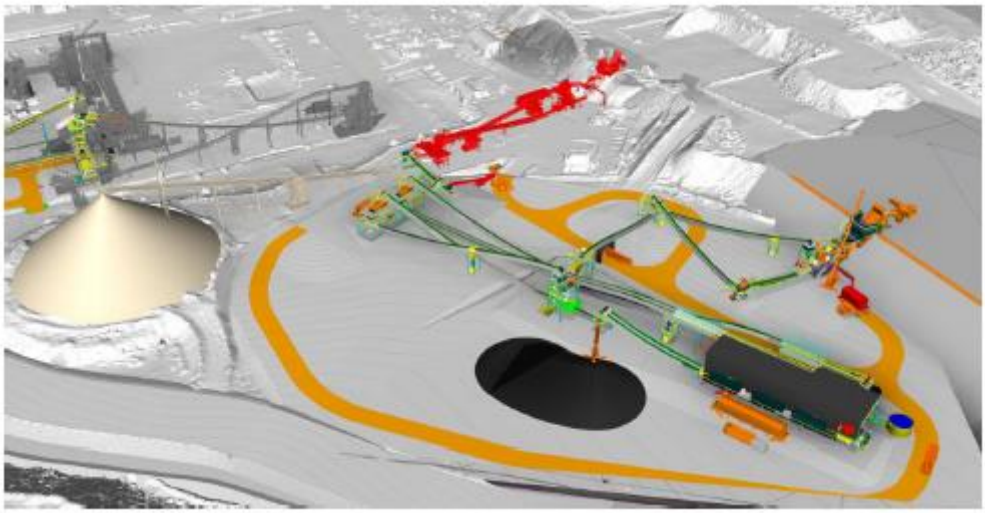

Figure 2 –Crushing and Ore sorting circuit (existing circuit is shown in red).

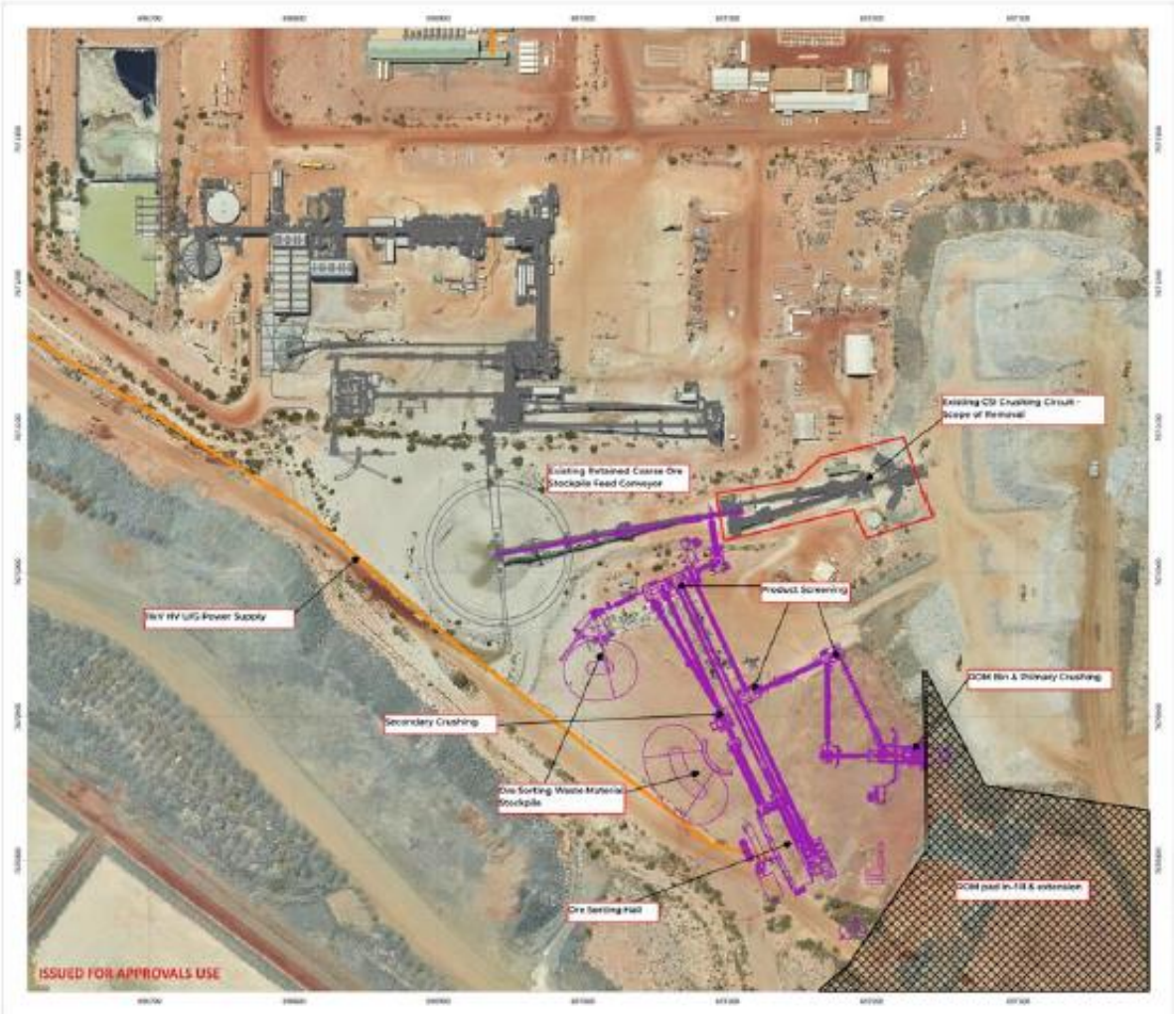

Figure 3 – Location of proposed crushing and ore sorting circuit

Proposed activities also involve the construction of a 15ML HPDE lined dam (Figure 1) to assist with continued water supply through the plant. The dam will contain raw water extracted from production bores and will maintain a 200 mm freeboard. Pond levels will be integrated into the process control system and key flows measured through the pump station. The dam will be run between 50-70% capacity. The applicant has confirmed that water will be sourced from a production borefield and is freshwater. There are no dewatering bores connected to the raw water dam or used in the system. As such the discharge into the raw water dam does not trigger Category 6 – Mine dewatering.

Existing pipeline infrastructure from the Western and Southern Borefields will be utilised for connection to the raw water dam. A Transfer and Distribution Station containing 5 pumps and a generator will be placed adjacent to the facility for the transfer of water. The applicant has also informed that the raw water dam has been approved under the most recent Mining Proposal submitted to the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS), Reg ID: 113757.

In accordance with the applicant, water abstraction is currently regulated under existing approvals under *Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914* via GWL183354(5). The Delegated Officer has noted the dam as an associated activity however the lined dam will not be regulated under Part V of the EP Act as category 6 is not triggered.

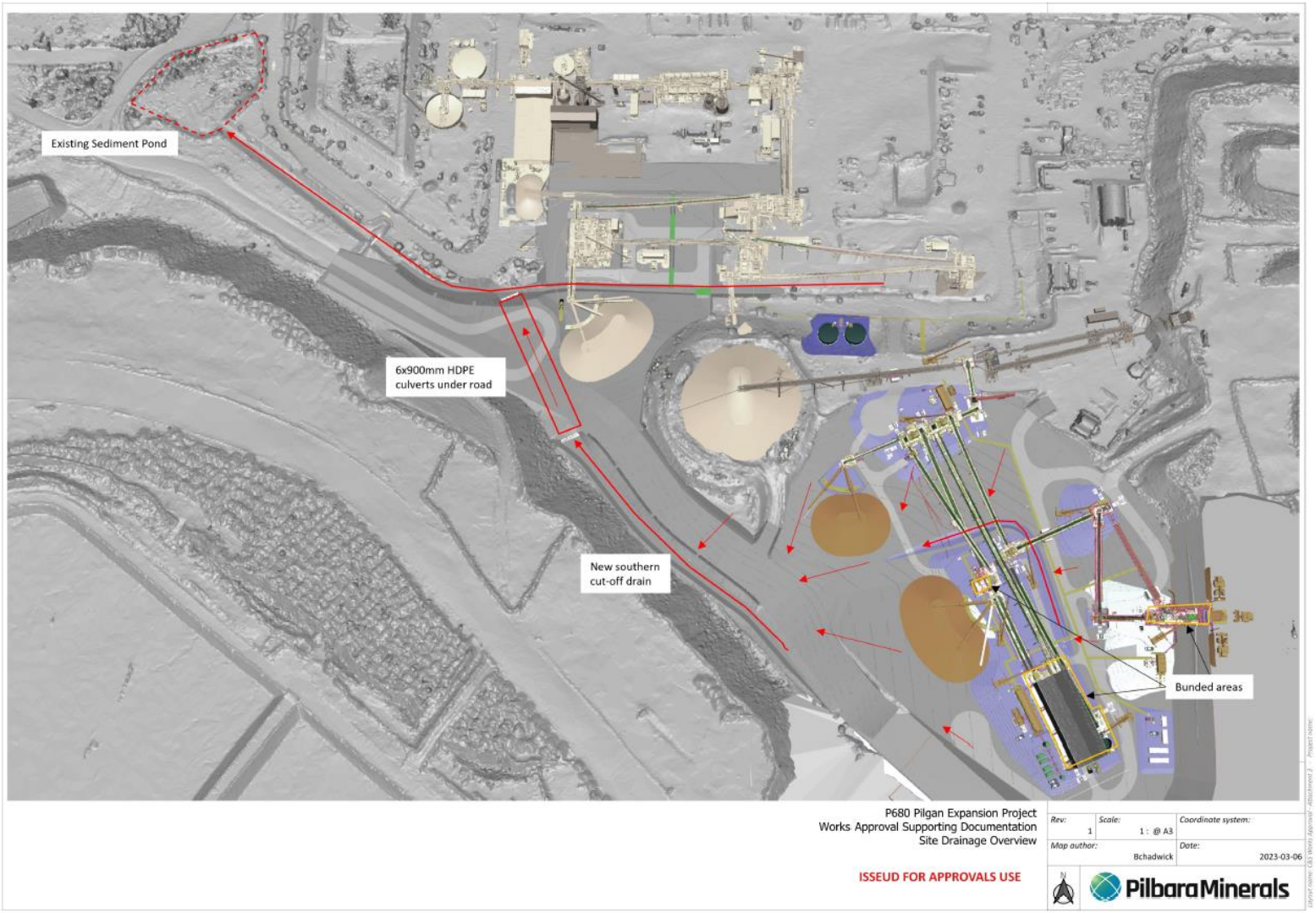

Figure 4 – Stormwater management infrastructure

3. Risk assessment

The department assesses the risks of emissions from prescribed premises and identifies the potential source, pathway and impact to receptors in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020).

To establish a risk event there must be an emission, a receptor which may be exposed to that emission through an identified actual or likely pathway, and a potential adverse effect to the receptor from exposure to that emission.

3.1 Source-pathways and receptors

Emissions and controls

The key emissions and associated actual or likely pathway during premises construction and operation which have been considered in this decision report are detailed in Table 1 below. Table 1 also details the control measures the applicant has proposed to assist in controlling these emissions, where necessary.

Table 1: Proposed applicant controls

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls
Construction			
Dust	Works associated with the construction of the Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit including (COSC) Vehicle movement on unsealed roads	Air / windborne	• Dust suppression conducted during construction activities, using water trucks. • Water used for dust suppression is sourced from the 2 MEG Turkeys Nest (water dam) which contains raw water. Dust suppression will be used as required on running surfaces of mobile machinery.
Noise		Air / windborne	• No controls proposed.
Hydrocarbon and chemical spills	Operation of heavy machinery associated with construction activities	Discharges to land	• Any soil that becomes contaminated due to a spill will be collected and treated at the monster bioremediation pad, as per Pilbara Minerals Spill Response Procedure PIL01-PRO-0000-G-009. • No additional diesel storage is proposed as part of this works approval. • Any fuel spills will be cleaned up immediately. • Spill kits located within the COSC area.
Time limited operation			

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls
Dust	Operation of Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (COSC)	Air/ windborne	• The Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (COSC) is equipped with a functioning dust suppression system to prevent any excessive dust emissions during operation. • Water sprays on all transfer points and a deluge system on the ROM bin activated by beam switches as a truck or front-end loader tips feed ore into the plant. • All large dry screens incorporate water sprays and/or dust covers. Compliant bunding will be incorporated around all wet circuit componentry (washed sorted material will retain a 1-2% moisture content) and clean transfer points will be achieved with dual belt scrapers and skirting on loading points for all conveyors. • Both stockpiles from the COSC, employ the use of luffing radial stackers providing dust minimisation by keeping the discharge height ~ 500mm above the top of the stockpile. The radial component of the design provides for increased stockpile storage volume as well as the ability to lock the stacker into a fixed position to allow safe reclaim of material on to the other side of the pile without a stop in operation. This is in addition of water sprays on material transfer points for further dust extinction. • Dust suppression using water trucks will be continuous on haul and access roads, the ROM, in pits and other open areas. • The maximum stockpile height is 12 m.
Noise	Operation of Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (– COSC)	Air / windborne	• No controls proposed.
Hydrocarbons and chemicals	Leaks and spills from operation of Crushing and screening circuit	Discharges to land	• No changes proposed to existing controls. • The crushing, screening and ore sorting facilities all have full concrete clean-up slabs beneath them. In addition, bunding is provided under the primary crushing building, ore sorting building and for all hydraulics related to the secondary cone crusher to allow wet clean-up. • All fuel spills will be cleaned up immediately.

Emission	Sources	Potential pathways	Proposed controls
Contaminated / sediment laden stormwater	Rainfall ingress	Overland runoff	• Stormwater diversion designed to ensure uncontaminated stormwater runoff is directed away from processing and material stockpile areas into earthen sedimentation ponds. • Upstream site rainwater catchment for the area will be minimised with an increase in the surrounding waste landform / southern ROM pad. • The remaining catchment area will be recovered by a southern side cut-off drain against the life of mine TSF toe. This drain reports to the overall site sediment catchment structure via an engineered culvert on the new mine haul road (used to transit waste materials from both circuits) – see Figure 4. • Sediment ponds to be operated and maintained as per L9056.

Receptors

In accordance with the *Guideline: Risk Assessment* (DWER 2020), the Delegated Officer has excluded the applicant's employees, visitors, and contractors from its assessment. Protection of these parties often involves different exposure risks and prevention strategies, and is provided for under other state legislation.

Table 2 and Figure 5 below provide a summary of potential human and environmental receptors that may be impacted as a result of activities upon or emission and discharges from the prescribed premises *(Guideline: Environmental Siting* (DWER 2020)).

Table 2: Sensitive human and environmental receptors and distance from prescribed activity

Human receptors	**Distance from prescribed activity**
Altura Lithium Operations Pty Ltd Accommodation Camp	Accommodation camp is 20km from proposed activities, Mine site operations are located within 3km of proposed activities.
Residential premises	Wallareenya Homestead more than 30 km north of the Premises. Indee Station more than 30 km northwest of the Premises. South Hedland more than 75 km north of the Premises.
Human receptors have been screened out from risk assessment due to distance from prescribed premises.	
Environmental receptors	**Distance from prescribed activity**
Threatened/Priority Flora	No threatened or priority flora has been identified using publicly available GIS datasets. *Pityrodia* sp. Marble has been identified as possible to occur in the project area, however it is noted that proposed infrastructure is in a heavily disturbed area. Refer to Figure 5 Applicant has stated that any clearing associated with the proposed activities are covered under existing clearing permit CPS 8175/1. CPS 8175/1 contains a condition requiring the permit holder to undertake a targeted survey for *Pityrodia sp*. Marble Bar prior to clearing. And ensures no clearing within 50m of any plants identified.
Threatened/Priority Fauna	Conservation significant species have been recorded in the survey area. These include the Rainbow Bee-eater listed under the *EPBC Act*, the Pilbara Leafnosed bat listed under the *EPBC Act*, and the Western Pebble-mouse listed under the *Wildlife Conservation Act* 1950 (WA).
Surface water and groundwater resources	There are two freshwater creeks within the Premises boundary (Houston and Pilgangoora Creek, within 100 m of TMF) that flow during high rainfall events. The Pilgangoora Creek catchment is 18.1 km^2 and drains in a roughly east to west

	direction across the Project site. This catchment ultimately reports to the Turner River downstream (west) of the Project site. See location of Pilgangoora creek in relation to proposed Crushing and Sorting circuit in Figure 5 The depth to groundwater within the vicinity of the crushing and sorting circuit area and is around 20 m . Groundwater in the area predominantly occurs as fractured bedrock aquifers, with a regional groundwater flow direction towards the west, away from the groundwater divide (which is located to the east of the project), and locally towards Pilgangoora Creek. Groundwater salinities in the area are typically fresh to slightly brackish.
Aboriginal Heritage sites	Whole M45/1256 is located within the buffers of Pilgangoora Historic Aboriginal Camp – a lodged site. Location of the circuit in relation to sites location is shown in Figure 5, as information provided by the applicant. Closest registered site is PILGANGOORA 1 – a quarry, within approximately 3.5km from proposed circuit. Applicant has undertaken surveys in the area and confirmed it has been in ongoing consultation with the Traditional Owners. Applicant has also confirmed recent engagement with the traditional owners, including discussion of proposed P680 Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit. No concerns were raised/comments provided by Traditional Owners. It is noted that the proposed circuit is a replacement of existing infrastructure located within an existing heavily disturbed area, as shown in Figure 5. Direct risks posed to Aboriginal Heritage sites are regulated under *Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972.* Applicant is reminded of its obligations under the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972.*

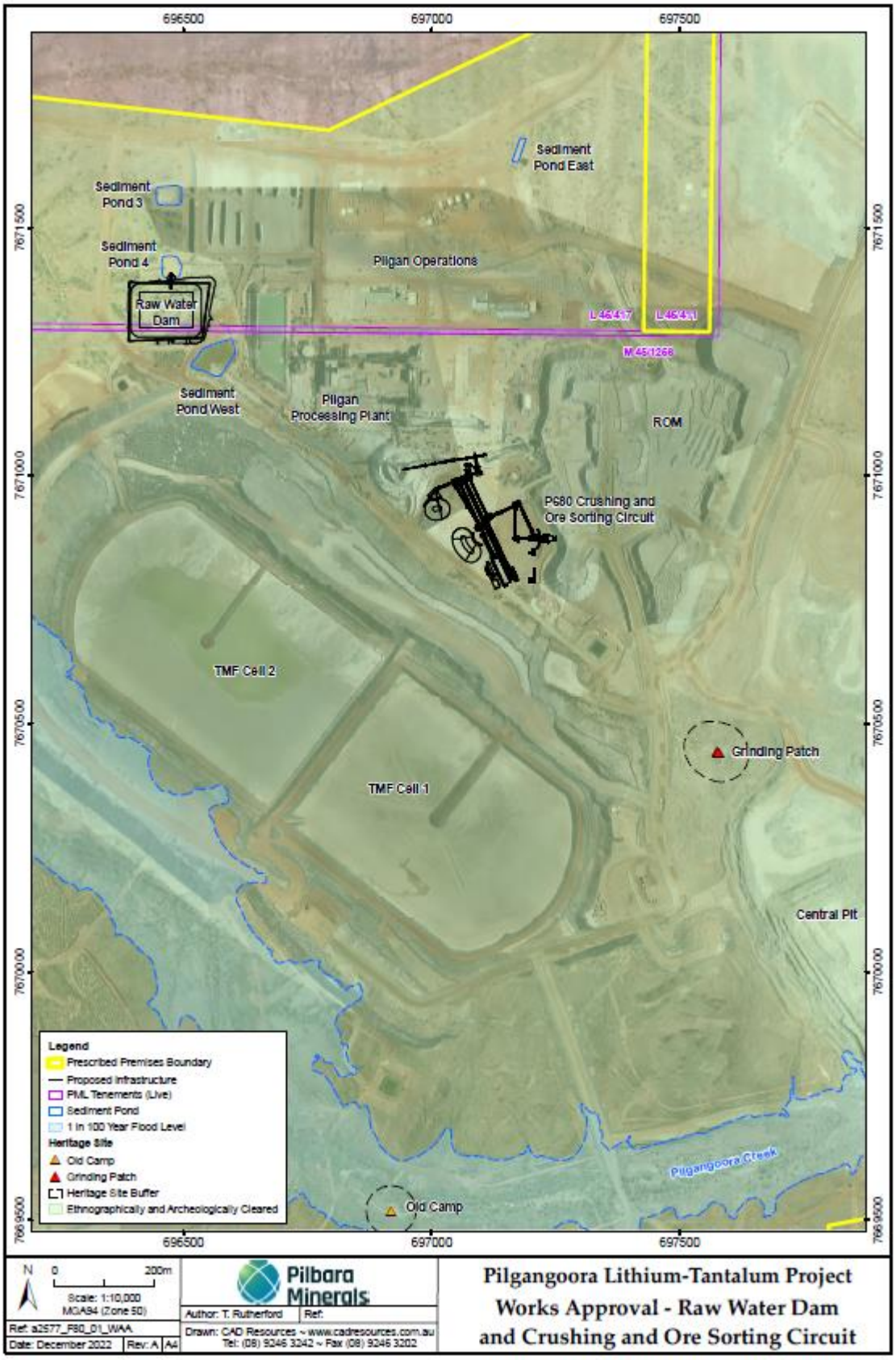

Figure 5: Distance to environmental receptors

3.2 Risk ratings

Risk ratings have been assessed in accordance with the *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020) for each identified emission source and takes into account potential source-pathway and receptor linkages as identified in Section 3.1. Where linkages are in-complete they have not been considered further in the risk assessment.

Where the applicant has proposed mitigation measures/controls (as detailed in Section 3.1), these have been considered when determining the final risk rating. Where the delegated officer considers the applicant's proposed controls to be critical to maintaining an acceptable level of risk, these will be incorporated into the works approval as regulatory controls.

Additional regulatory controls may be imposed where the applicant's controls are not deemed sufficient. Where this is the case the need for additional controls will be documented and justified in Table 3.

Works approval W6766 that accompanies this decision report authorises construction and time-limited operations. The conditions in the issued works approval, as outlined in Table 3 have been determined in accordance with *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions* (DER 2015).

A licence is required following the time-limited operational phase authorised under the works approval to authorise emissions associated with the ongoing operation of the premises i.e. crushing and sorting activities. A risk assessment for the operational phase has been included in this decision report, however licence conditions will not be finalised until the department assesses the licence application.

Table 3: Risk assessment of potential emissions and discharges from the premises during construction and operation

Risk events					Risk rating [1] C = consequence L = likelihood	Applicant controls sufficient?	Conditions [2] of [works approval / licence]	Justification for additional regulatory controls
Sources / activities	**Potential emission**	**Potential pathways and impact**	**Receptors**	**Applicant controls**				
Construction								
Placement of new crushing and sorting circuit and associated equipment including vehicle movements (reversing beepers).	Dust	Air / windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity	Surrounding vegetation, including conservation significant flora Conservation significant fauna Heritage sites No residential receptors	Refer to Section 3.1	C = Minor L = rare **Low Risk**	Y	N.A	The Delegated Officer considers that construction or infrastructure placement is temporary and pose a low risk of impact to surrounding environment. The proposed new circuit is a replacement of existing infrastructure and is in an already disturbed area (surrounded mostly by the existing plant infrastructure, ROM and TMF). Applicant's commitments are considered sufficient to manage risks.
	Noise			Refer to Section 3.1	C = Minor L = rare **Low Risk**	Y	N.A	
Operation (including Time-limited operation)								
Screening, crushing, sorting, unloading, loading and storage of material Vehicle movements	Dust	Air / windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity	Surrounding vegetation, including conservation significant flora Heritage sites Fauna, including conservation significant fauna No residential receptors	Refer to Section 3.1	C = Minor L = rare **Low Risk**	Y	Conditions 1 and 6	Applicant's proposed operational controls to minimise dust related risks during operations are imposed as conditions. Considering there is no increase in proposed crushing/screening and sorting capacity (5Mtpa), or change is waste type of emissions, risks of impacts to surrounding environment are unlikely to increase provided proposed controls are in place.
	Noise	Air / windborne pathway causing impacts to health and amenity		Refer to Section 3.1	C = Minor L = rare **Low Risk**	Y	N.A	

Risk events					Risk rating [1] C = consequence L = likelihood	Applicant controls sufficient?	Conditions [2] of [works approval / licence]	Justification for additional regulatory controls
Sources / activities	**Potential emission**	**Potential pathways and impact**	**Receptors**	**Applicant controls**				
	Contaminated / sediment laden stormwater	Overland runoff potentially causing ecosystem disturbance or impacting surface water quality	Pilgangoora creek located >600m south of circuit, minor drainage seen 400m east of circuit Surrounding vegetation including conservation significant flora	Refer to Section 3.1	C = Moderate L = Unlikely **Medium Risk**	Y	Conditions 1 and 6	Applicant's controls and commitments made regarding management of stormwater were added to the works approval. The applicant is required to manage and operate sediment ponds as per requirements under L9056/2017/1

Note 1: Consequence ratings, likelihood ratings and risk descriptions are detailed in the *Guideline: Risk Assessments* (DWER 2020).

Note 2: Proposed applicant controls are depicted by standard text. **Bold and underline text** depicts additional regulatory controls imposed by department.

4. Consultation

Table 4 provides a summary of the consultation undertaken by the department.

Table 4: Consultation

Consultation method	Comments received	Department response
Application advertised on the department's website on 05/01/2023	None received	N/A
Local Government Authority advised of proposal on 05/01/2023	None received	N/A
Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS) advised of proposal on 05/01/2023	DMIRS replied 11 January 2023 advising that: The most recent Mining Proposal (MP) approved for the Project is Reg ID 113757 (approved 8 November 2022); this MP approved a processing facility with capacity of ore processing of 5Mtpa. The plant site details are provided in a Key mine activites table in the MP. Any changes to the parameters in this table would require additional approval by DMIRS (i.e. a new MP) in order to remain compliant with tenement conditions. The MP (Reg ID 113757) included provision for a raw water dam on L45/417, as such this activity has been approved on this tenement under the *Mining Act.*	Applicant was encouraged to contact DMIRS to discuss any further approval requirements.
Applicant was provided with draft documents on 28 February 2023	Refer to Appendix 1	Refer to Appendix 1

5. Conclusion

Based on the assessment in this decision report, the delegated officer has determined that a works approval will be granted, subject to conditions commensurate with the determined controls and necessary for administration and reporting requirements.

References

1. Department of Environment Regulation (DER) 2015, *Guidance Statement: Setting Conditions*, Perth, Western Australia.
2. Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) 2020, *Guideline: Environmental Siting*, Perth, Western Australia.
3. DWER 2020, *Guideline: Risk Assessments*, Perth, Western Australia.

Appendix 1: Summary of applicant's comments on risk assessment and draft conditions

Reference	Summary of applicant's comment	Department's response
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 1, Section 2.2	P480 and P680 are one and the same project, P480 is used internally and refers specifically to the Pilgan target life of mine nameplate production capacity (480ktpa of spodumene concentrate). A corporate decision was subsequently made to rebrand the project as P680 (referring to the 480 ktpa from Pilgan + 200 ktpa from Ngungaju) to provide a clearer market understanding around the total Pilgangoora operational output. This decision was made post generation of a significant amount of engineering documentation, hence P480 appears across most internal deliverables.	Noted. Reference to P480 and P680 will be removed to avoid misunderstanding. DWER notes that this assessment does not involve increase in approved ore processing capacity, produced emission/waste type or changes to any other component of the approved premises. The applicant should note that any additional ore sources processed and deposited onsite, may trigger the need for an amendment, in accordance with section 53 of the EP Act.
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 3, Section 2.3	Process Flow Sheet provided. Dust suppression points are circled in green, and all screens / pan feeders fitted with dust covers are annotated with a blue line.	Process flow sheet added to decision documents.
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 5, Table 1	All hydrocarbon spills will be cleaned up immediately, following the PLS Spill Response Procedure (PIL01-PRO-0000-G-009). Please refer to Attachment 3 – Spill Kit Location Map for COSC and Attachment 4 – Spill Kit Location Map Pilgan Plant for the locations of spill kits located around the plant.	Spill Kit location noted, and control added to risk assessment section of decision report.
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 6, Table 1	Please refer to Attachment 2 – Process Flow Sheet. The wet componentry is highlighted in the dark blue boundary of the flow sheet, specifically the three primary ore sorter feed screens and water recovery circuit including the de-grit screen, settling cone and wash water storage tank / distribution pumps. The circuit washes the ore prior to optical sorting, to remove fines and dust. The water is recirculated through the settling cone, following fines removal. It is anticipated that the washed sorted	Noted. Information added to decision documents.

Reference	Summary of applicant's comment	Department's response
	material will retain a 1 -2% moisture content.	
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 10, Table 2	Pilbara Minerals engaged with the Nyamal board in June 2022 to discuss the P680 crushing and ore sorting circuit. There were no comments or feedback provided by the board. On the 6th of February 2023, Pilbara Minerals engaged with the traditional owners at the Implementation Committee Meeting (ICM) and discussed the P680 Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit. There were no comments or feedback raised at the ICM.	Information added to decision documents
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 9, Table 2	As per Operating Licence L9056, two bores are located within the plant and the remaining bores are located around the TMF. The standing water level for the two bores located within the plant include: • • PWE033 - water level recorded for February 2023 was 24.45 m. • • PMB002 - water level recorded for April 2022 was 17.92 m (bore decommissioned and replaced by PWE033).	Information added to decision documents.
Draft Decision Report - W6766/2022/1 Page 8, Table 1	Stormwater management is consistent with Condition 5 - Table 6 of the Operating Licence 9056.	Commitment added to risk assessment.
Draft Decision Report – W6766/2022/1	Site Drainage Overview provided.	Figure added to decision documents.

Appendix 2: Application validation summary

SECTION 1: APPLICATION SUMMARY		
Application type		
Works approval	☒	
Date application received		27 October 2022
Applicant and Premises details		
Applicant name/s (full legal name/s)		Pilgangoora Operations Pty Ltd
Premises name		Pilgangoora Operations
Premises location		Works Approval application is for the Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (COSC) on tenement M 45/1256 and the Raw Water Dam on tenement L 45/417.
Local Government Authority		Shire of East Pilbara
Application documents		
HPCM file reference number:		DER2022/000584
Key application documents (additional to application form):		Supporting document WA COSC & Raw water dam
Scope of application/assessment		
Summary of proposed activities or changes to existing operations.		The Project is a Lithium – Tantalum mine located approximately 80 km south-southeast of the town of Port Hedland and 30 km north-east of the Wodgina mine, in the Shire of East Pilbara, Western Australia. This Works Approval application seeks approval for the construction of a new Crushing and Ore Sorting Circuit (**COSC**) – part of CAT 5, to replace the existent one which belongs to the mining contractor and which will be decommissioned by Q1 2024 and the construction of a 15 ML raw water dam.

Category number/s (activities that cause the premises to become prescribed premises)

Table 1: Prescribed premises categories

Prescribed premises category and description	Proposed production or design capacity
Category 5: Processing or beneficiation of metallic or non-metallic ore	5.0Mtpa

Legislative context and other approvals		
Has the applicant referred, or do they intend to refer, their proposal to the EPA under Part IV of the EP Act as a significant proposal?	Yes ☐ No ☒	N.A
Does the applicant hold any existing Part IV Ministerial Statements relevant to the application?	Yes ☐ No ☒	N.A

Has the proposal been referred and/or assessed under the EPBC Act?	Yes ☐ No ☒	N.a
Has the applicant demonstrated occupancy (proof of occupier status)?	Yes ☒ No ☐	Mining lease / tenement ☒ Expiry: 15/12/2037
Has the applicant obtained all relevant planning approvals?	Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☒	N.A
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing EP Act clearing permit in relation to this proposal?	Yes ☒ No ☐	Applicant indicates that additional clearing is covered under CPS8175/1
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing CAWS Act clearing licence in relation to this proposal?	Yes ☐ No ☒	
Has the applicant applied for, or have an existing RIWI Act licence or permit in relation to this proposal?	Yes ☒ No ☐	Licence/permit No: GWL183354
Does the proposal involve a discharge of waste into a designated area (as defined in section 57 of the EP Act)?	Yes ☒ No ☐	Name: Pilbara Type: Proclaimed Groundwater Area and Surface Water Area Has Regulatory Services (Water) been consulted? Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A ☐ Regional office: North West
Is the Premises situated in a Public Drinking Water Source Area (PDWSA)?	Yes ☐ No ☒	N.A
Is the Premises subject to any other Acts or subsidiary regulations (e.g. *Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004, Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004, State Agreement Act xxxx*)	Yes ☒ No ☐	Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004 *The Mining Act 1978* *The Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972* *Radiation Safety Act 1975* and subsidiary legislation

Is the Premises within an Environmental Protection Policy (EPP) Area?	Yes ☐ No ☒	
Is the Premises subject to any EPP requirements?	Yes ☐ No ☒	
Is the Premises a known or suspected contaminated site under the *Contaminated Sites Act 2003*?	Yes ☐ No ☒	Not shown in Geocortex.