



<b>Licence number</b>	L8798/2013/1
<b>Licence holder</b>	Veolia Recycling & Recovery (Perth) Pty Ltd
<b>ACN</b>	118 828 872
<b>Registered business address</b>	Level 4, 65 Pirrama Road, PYRMONT NSW
<b>DWER file number</b>	2013/003909-1 and INS-0001874
<b>Duration</b>	09/12/2013 to 08/12/2030
<b>Date of amendment</b>	17/03/2025
<b>Premises details</b>	Bibra Lake Resource Recovery Park 65 Howson Way BIBRA LAKE WA 6163 Legal description - Lot 27 on Plan 3699 As depicted in Figure 1

<b>Prescribed premises category description (Schedule 1, <i>Environmental Protection Regulations 1987</i>)</b>	<b>Assessed design capacity</b>
Category 57: Used tyre storage (general): premises (other than premises within category 56) on which used tyres are stored.	No more than 200 tyres
Category 62: Solid waste depot: premises on which waste is stored or sorted pending final disposal or re-use	320,000 tonnes per annual period

This licence is granted to the licence holder, subject to the attached conditions, on 17 March 2025, by:

## **MANAGER WASTE INDUSTRIES**

an officer delegated under section 20 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA)

## Licence history

Date	Reference number	Description/Summary of changes
04/10/2012	W5226/2012/1	New application
28/11/2013	L8798/2013/1	Licence issued
10/12/2015	L8798/2013/1	Amendment to increase solid waste acceptance from 85,000 tonnes per year to 120,000 tonnes per year and allow for increased operating hours.
29/04/2016	L8798/2013/1	Amendment Notice 1 to extend expiry date from 8 December 2018 to 8 December 2030.
18/12/2019	L8798/2013/1	Amendment to update Premises and Licence Holder name (ACN remains the same) and to incorporate Amendment Notice 1.
29/01/2021	L8798/2013/1	Amendment to increase permitted waste throughput, and update conditions to reflect the existing material recovery activities occurring onsite.
21/07/2023	L8798/2013/1	Amendment to increase permitted waste throughput, permit acceptance of FOGO.
2/08/2023	L8798/2013/1	Administrative amendment to update Licence Holder name and Premises name
17/03/2025	L8798/2013/1	Amendment to give effect to the Minister for Environment's determination on appeal number 029 of 2023.

## Interpretation

In this licence:

- (a) the words 'including', 'includes' and 'include' in conditions mean "including but not limited to", and similar, as appropriate;
- (b) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;
- (c) where tables are used in a condition, each row in a table constitutes a separate condition;
- (d) any reference to an Australian or other standard, guideline, or code of practice in this licence:
  - (i) if dated, refers to that particular version; and
  - (ii) if not dated, refers to the latest version and therefore may be subject to change over time;
- (e) unless specified otherwise, any reference to a section of an Act refers to that section of the EP Act; and
- (f) unless specified otherwise, all definitions are in accordance with the EP Act.

**NOTE:** This licence requires specific conditions to be met but does not provide any implied authorisation for other emissions, discharges, or activities not specified in this licence.

## Licence conditions

The licence holder must ensure that the following conditions are complied with:

### Infrastructure and equipment

- The licence holder must ensure that the site infrastructure and equipment listed in Table 1 and located at the corresponding infrastructure location is maintained and operated in accordance with the corresponding operational requirement set out in Table 1.

**Table 1: Infrastructure and equipment requirements**

Site infrastructure and equipment		Operational requirement	Infrastructure location
1	Fire risk prevention and management	The MRF Building, FOGO Building and Waste Transfer Station Building to each be provided with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fire detectors in the roof;</li> <li>• Sprinkler system in the roof;</li> <li>• Fire hose reel; and</li> <li>• Fire hydrants.</li> </ul>	MRF Building, FOGO Building and Waste Transfer Station Building, as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
2	Leachate and spills and leaks containment	Consists of concrete floor.	MRF Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
3		Consists of a graded floor and associated sealed wash down waste collection sumps.	FOGO Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
4		Consists of concrete graded floor and associated sealed waste water collection sump.	Waste Transfer Station Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
5		Consists of concrete floor.	Overflow Storage Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
6		Consists of concrete floor. All liquid stored on bunded pallets.	Workshop as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.
7	Odour mitigation infrastructure and equipment	Consists of; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rapid opening/closing doors on 2 eastern side openings of the Waste Transfer Station Building.</li> <li>• Rapid opening/closing doors on 1 western side opening of the Waste Transfer Station Building.</li> </ul> The licence holder must ensure that rapid closing doors remain closed at all times unless vehicles are entering or exiting the building to deliver or remove waste.  Rapid closing doors must automatically close after vehicles	Waste Transfer Station Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.

Site infrastructure and equipment	Operational requirement	Infrastructure location
	<p>entering or exiting the building.</p> <p>Rapid closing doors must be operated such that no more than one door is open at a time across the Waste Transfer Station Building and FOGO Building.</p> <p>Rapid closing doors must be maintained in working order.</p>	
8	<p>Consists of;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Four 5 m x 5 m rapid opening/closing doors.</li> <li>• Translucent sheeting and eight whirly bird ventilators within the roof structure.</li> </ul> <p>The licence holder must ensure that rapid closing doors remain closed at all times unless vehicles are entering or exiting the building to deliver or remove waste.</p> <p>Rapid closing doors must automatically close after vehicles entering or exiting the building;</p> <p>Rapid closing doors must be operated such that no more than one door is open at a time across the Waste Transfer Station Building and FOGO Building.</p> <p>Rapid closing doors must be maintained in working order.</p>	FOGO Building as depicted in Schedule 1, Figure 2.

## Emissions and discharges

2. The licence holder must ensure that stormwater contaminated through waste handling activities is not discharged from the premises.
3. The licence holder must ensure that dust emitted from the premises does not unreasonably interfere with the health, welfare, convenience, comfort, or amenity of any person who is not on the premises.
4. The licence holder must ensure that odour emitted from the premises does not unreasonably interfere with the health, welfare, convenience, comfort, or amenity of any person who is not on the premises.

## Waste Acceptance

5. The licence holder must only accept waste on to the premises if:
  - (a) it is of a type listed in Table 2
  - (b) the quantity accepted is below any quantity limit listed in Table 2; and
  - (c) it meets any specification listed in Table 2.

**Table 2: Waste acceptance**

Waste type	Quantity limit	Specification <sup>1</sup>
Inert Waste Type 1	Combined total of 320,000 tonnes-per annual period (sub-limit of 50,000 tonnes of FOGO per annual period)	None
Special Waste Type 1		Asbestos and asbestos cement products accepted only if correctly wrapped and marked
Putrescible waste		Municipal solid waste fraction and greenwaste only
Recyclable solid wastes		Co-mingled curbside recycling collections and comingled, and source-separated commercial and industrial waste collections
Food Organics, Garden Organics (FOGO)		Municipal kerbside collections and commercial sources only.
Inert Waste Type 2	200 used tyres	Maximum of 200 used tyres to be stored onsite at any one time.

**Note 1: Additional requirements for the acceptance of controlled waste (including asbestos and tyres) are set out in the *Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004*.**

6. The licence holder must ensure that where waste does not meet the waste acceptance criteria set out in Condition 5, it is removed from the premises by the delivery vehicle or, where that is not possible, stored in a quarantined storage area or container and removed to an appropriately authorised facility as soon as practicable.

## Waste Processing

7. The licence holder must ensure that wastes accepted onto the premises are only subjected to the process(es) set out in Table 3 and in accordance with any process limits described in that Table.

**Table 3: Waste processing**

Waste type	Process	Process limits
Inert Waste Type 1	Receipt, handling, mechanical sorting, hand sorting and storage prior to disposal.	None specified
Inert Waste Type 2	Receipt, handling, and storage prior to disposal	Tyres to be stored in piles of up to 100 units with a 6 m separation distance between piles
Special Waste Type 1 (asbestos waste)		Cement bonded asbestos shall be bagged and stored in a clearly labelled and secure container

Waste type	Process	Process limits
Putrescible waste	Receipt, handling, mechanical sorting, hand sorting and storage prior to off-site disposal.	Putrescible wastes must: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>only to be stored and sorted within an enclosed building provided with internal hardstand;</li> <li>not be stored onsite for longer than 48 hours; and</li> <li>be removed in vehicles which are covered prior to exiting the Waste Transfer Station Building.</li> </ul>
Recyclable solid wastes	Receipt, handling, mechanical sorting, hand sorting and storage prior to off-site disposal.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Only to be received, consolidated, handled, and processed within an enclosed building with internal hardstand</li> <li>Baled paper and cardboard to be stored undercover</li> </ul>
Food and garden organics (FOGO)	Receipt, handling and storage prior to off-site disposal.	FOGO waste must: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>only be stored and sorted within the FOGO Building.</li> <li>be received on-site in sealed, compactor vehicles.</li> <li>be removed in vehicles which are covered prior to exiting the FOGO Building.</li> <li>be removed as soon as possible, within 24 hours or 48 hours in the event of a public holiday.</li> </ul> FOGO operations to only occur between 6:00 am - 5:00 pm on weekdays and 6:00 am - 1 pm on Saturdays.

## General Premises Operations

8. The licence holder must implement the following security measures at the premises:
  - (a) erect and maintain suitable fencing to prevent unauthorised access to the premises;
  - (b) ensure that any entrance gates to the premises are securely locked when the premises are unattended; and
  - (c) undertake regular inspections of all security measures and repair damage as soon as practicable.
9. The licence holder must implement control measures to prevent infestations of pests, flies, and vermin at the premises.
10. The licence holder must ensure that all windblown waste is contained within the prescribed premises boundary.
11. The licence holder must inspect the premises for windblown waste on a daily basis, with any windblown waste collected to be returned to the Waste Transfer Station Building (Schedule 1, Figure 2) or otherwise appropriately contained.
12. The licence holder must ensure that no waste is burnt on the premises.

- 13.** The licence holder must undertake regular washdown of the tipping floor and storage areas within the FOGO Building and Waste Transfer Station Building (Schedule 1, Figure 2) to remove organic waste build up on the concrete floor.
- 14.** The licence holder must maintain any drains, collection pits and sumps as appropriate to ensure the continued performance of the site stormwater and drainage systems.
- 15.** The licence holder must:

  - (a) ensure that fire fighting equipment and systems are in good working order, and capable of controlling a loose material fire;
  - (b) ensure that any unauthorised fire on the premises is extinguished as soon as possible;
  - (c) ensure contaminated firefighting water is not discharged beyond the boundary of the premises in the event of a fire.
  - (d) collect and remove all accumulated fire wash-water and other waste that may result from firefighting on the premises within 24 hours of a fire event; and
  - (e) ensure that any firefighting washwater is removed without delay by a carrier licenced under the *Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004*, and remove all fire impacted waste for disposal off-site to a suitably licensed premises.
- 16.** The licence holder must ensure that waste stockpiles are managed to the following specifications;

  - (a) Each stockpile volume must be maintained below 1,000 m<sup>3</sup>;
  - (b) Unsorted waste stockpiles must not exceed 4 m in height;
  - (c) Unsorted waste stockpiles must be separated by at least 6 m;
  - (d) Open stockpile faces must be maintained at 45° or shallower;
  - (e) Baled fibre, paper and plastics stockpiles must not exceed 4 bales high; and
  - (f) The front row of the baled fibre, baled paper and baled plastic stockpiles must not exceed 2 bales high
- 17.** In the event that any external rapid closing door cannot close, the licence holder must immediately:

  - (a) cover the doorway; or
  - (b) remove odorous waste from the premises; or
  - (c) take measures to effectively mitigate odour.
- 18.** The licence holder must ensure that vehicle access from door 1 through door 2, as depicted in Figure 3, is clear for vehicle entry before door 1 can open.
- 19.** The licence holder must not open Door 1, as depicted in Figure 3, if unreasonable odour emissions will occur, unless done so in accordance with condition 17(b).

## Odour monitoring

- 20.** The licence holder must retain the services of a suitably qualified person to:
- (a) plan and implement a minimum of three odour field assessments (OFAs) which follow the plume measurement methodology as specified in the *DWER Guideline: Odour Emissions* and the *European Standard EN 16841-2 (plume method)*. OFAs are to be undertaken:
    - (i). with the prime objective of characterising odour plume extents in the directions of receptors which are most likely to be impacted by odour;
    - (ii). during meteorological and operational conditions most likely to cause impacts at these receptors;
    - (iii). such that all odour monitoring uses the odour intensity levels in, or with equivalent sensitivity to, German standard VDI 3940;
    - (iv). over a six month period, with the last OFA to be undertaken prior to 31 September 2025, with each OFA conducted at least 4 weeks apart; and
  - (b) compile and submit to the licence holder within six weeks of completion of the final OFA field campaign, an OFA report in accordance with condition 21.
- 21.** An OFA report prepared pursuant to condition 20 is to include:
- (a) the objective of the assessment;
  - (b) a description of the measurement strategy, measurement conditions and the odour field survey standards that were followed;
  - (c) the following details for each single measurement:
    - (i). odour intensity levels and odour characters;
    - (ii). location (GPS coordinates), date and time;
    - (iii). field survey odour panellist identification;
    - (iv). the frequency and duration of external door opening times of the FOGO waste and MSW sheds is recorded during the assessment period; and
    - (v). details of feedstock volumes held, product volumes held and feedstock accepted to the site during the assessment period.
  - (d) the following representative meteorological measurements as recorded during the measurement cycle:
    - (i). wind speed (metres per second);
    - (ii). wind direction;
    - (iii). cloud cover estimate;
    - (iv). temperature;
  - (e) map(s) depicting the assessment area, odour sources at the premises and other potential odour sources (if relevant);
  - (f) a graphical summary of field survey results showing the recorded odour intensity levels either as a percentage of total observations using pie charts if the stationary plume method was used or as coloured dot points if the dynamic plume method was used that will be superimposed at each point assessed on a map of the survey area;
  - (g) any deviations from the conditions targeted in the OFA strategy and those occurring during the measurement (conclusions should reflect the influence of such deviations on the results); and
  - (h) detailed analysis, interpretation and conclusions with regard to the objectives of the assessment.



## Odour management plan

22. The licence holder must prepare and submit an Odour Management Plan (OMP) for the premises to the CEO by 31 October 2025.
23. The licence holder must undertake an operational odour analysis that is consistent with the purposes of, and to inform development of, the OMP.
24. The OMP specified in condition 23 must:
  - (a) be developed by independent suitably qualified persons in the field of odour emission assessment, monitoring and control;
  - (b) align with standards and guidance specified in DWER's *Guideline: Odour emissions* (June 2019);
  - (c) assess the effectiveness of the rapid closing doors and roof vents;
  - (d) assesses different operating and meteorological scenarios, including worst case;
  - (e) establish how any unreasonable emissions from all sources are prevented;
  - (f) establishes how all odour controls are designed, maintained, and operated, and thresholds for implementing controls, including contingency controls;
  - (g) detail how rapid closing doors are to be operated, with thresholds for when doors will not be used, and alternative operating methods when doors are not accessible;
  - (h) detail conceptual design specifications, including configuration and air flow estimates, for negative pressure air extraction systems that could be installed individually and/ or across both the FOGO shed and the MSW shed;
  - (i) establish ongoing monitoring and reporting requirements in the form of an odour monitoring plan using suitably qualified persons, where the odour monitoring plan details the monitoring methods and frequencies, odour complaint responses, and the controls that will be implemented when thresholds for odour are reached or exceeded.
25. The odour monitoring plan specified in condition 24(i) must address the following matters:
  - (a) odour from municipal solid waste;
  - (b) the pathway provided by door 1;
  - (c) role and effectiveness of rapid closing doors and roof vents;
  - (d) impacts to sensitive receptors, including neighbouring premises;
  - (e) odour complaints data;
  - (f) odour field assessment data, including:
    - (i). odour levels at the emission source and receptor locations;
    - (ii). risk of odour impacts to sensitive receptors;
    - (iii). assessment periods representative of peak and worst-case emission scenarios (i.e. operating conditions, waste volumes, vehicle movements, meteorological conditions);
    - (iv). an appropriately sensitive odour intensity scale.
  - (g) thresholds for determining what impacts are acceptable or unacceptable, including when controls are implemented;

- (h) the FIDOL factors;
  - (i) inconsistencies with previous decision making; and
  - (j) the effectiveness of current controls.
- 26.** The licence holder must implement and maintain the OMP specified in condition 22 once the CEO has notified the licence holder that the OMP meets the requirements of condition 24.

## Monitoring

- 27.** The licence holder must undertake the monitoring in Table 4 according to the specifications in that table.

**Table 4: Monitoring of inputs and outputs**

Input/Output	Parameter	Units	Frequency
Waste Inputs	Inert Waste Type 1, Inert Waste Type 2, Special Waste Type 1, Putrescible waste, Recyclable solid wastes, FOGO	Tonnes	Each load arriving at the premises
Waste Outputs	Waste type as defined in the Landfill Definitions	Tonnes	Each load leaving or rejected from the premises

## Records and reporting

- 28.** The licence holder must maintain accurate and auditable books including the following records, information, reports, and data required by this licence:
- (a) the calculation of fees payable in respect of this licence;
  - (b) any maintenance of infrastructure that is performed in the course of complying with conditions of this licence;
  - (c) monitoring programmes undertaken in accordance with conditions 20, 24 and 27 this licence; and
  - (d) complaints received under condition 32 of this licence.
- 29.** The books specified under condition 28 must:
- (a) be legible;
  - (b) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original version(s) and any subsequent amendments remain legible and are capable of retrieval;
  - (c) be retained by the licence holder for the duration of the licence; and
  - (d) be available to be produced to an inspector or the CEO as required.
- 30.** The licence holder must ensure that:

- (a) any person left in charge of the premises is aware of the conditions of the licence and has access at all times to the licence or copies thereof; and
  - (b) any person who performs tasks on the premises is informed of all relevant conditions of the licence pertinent to the tasks which that person is performing.
- 31.** The licence holder must:
- (a) undertake an audit of their compliance with the conditions of this licence during the preceding annual period; and
  - (b) prepare and submit to the CEO by no later than 28 days after the end of that annual period an Annual Audit Compliance Report in the approved form.
- 32.** The licence holder must record the following information in relation to complaints received by the licence holder (whether received directly from a complainant or forwarded to them by the Department or another party) about any alleged emissions from the premises:
- (a) the name and contact details of the complainant, (if provided);
  - (b) the time and date of the complaint;
  - (c) the complete details of the complaint and any other concerns or other issues raised;
  - (d) the frequency and duration of external door opening times of the FOGO waste and MSW sheds during the complaint event;
  - (e) the best available information consistent with the FIDOL factors and German standard VDI 3940; and
  - (f) the complete details and dates of any action taken by the licence holder to investigate or respond to any complaint.
- 33.** The licence holder must, within 7 days of becoming aware of any non-compliance with conditions of this licence, notify the CEO in writing of that non-compliance and include in that notification the following information:
- (a) which condition was not complied with;
  - (b) the time and date when the non-compliance occurred;
  - (c) if any environmental impact occurred as a result of the non-compliance and if so what that impact is and where the impact occurred;
  - (d) the details and result of any investigation undertaken into the cause of the non-compliance;
  - (e) what action has been taken and the date on which it was taken to prevent the non-compliance occurring again; and
  - (f) what action will be taken and the date by which it will be taken to prevent the non-compliance occurring again.
- 34.** The licence holder must, until 31 March 2027,:
- (a) prepare a Quarterly Report that provides information in accordance with Table 5 for the preceding quarterly period, and
  - (b) submit that Quarterly Report to the CEO within 30 days of the end of that quarterly period.

**Table 5: Quarterly reporting requirements**

Condition	Requirement
20	Details of odour field assessments (OFA) undertaken during the reporting period, and the OFA report specified in condition 20(b) should the OFA report be received by the suitably qualified person during the reporting period.
22	Progress in developing the Odour Management Plan (OMP) specified in condition 22.
24	Outcomes obtained through the findings of the OMP, actions taken in accordance with the OMP and details of any odour mitigation measures undertaken during the reporting period.
32	A summary of complaints received, including the information required to be recorded by condition 32.

35. The licence holder must:

- (a) prepare an Environmental Report that provides information in accordance with Table 6 for the preceding annual period, and
- (b) submit that Environmental Report to the CEO by 28 February each year.

**Table 6: Environmental reporting requirements**

Condition	Requirement
-	Details of operations at the premises for reporting period, including any operational trends or changes.
-	Details of odour management actions taken during the reporting period.
22	Outcomes obtained through the findings of the Odour Management Plan (OMP) specified in condition 22, actions taken in accordance with the OMP and details of any odour mitigation measures undertaken during the reporting period.
25	Odour monitoring conducted in accordance with the Odour monitoring plan specified in condition 24(i) for the reporting period, including any trends identified.
27	Waste inputs and waste outputs as specified by the parameters in Table 4.
31	Annual Audit Compliance Report (AACR)
32	A summary of complaints received, including the information required to be recorded by condition 32.

## Definitions

In this licence, the terms in Table 7 have the meanings defined.

**Table 7: Definitions**

Term	Definition
ACN	Australian Company Number
ACM	means asbestos containing material and has the meaning defined in the <i>Guidelines for Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos Contaminated Sites, Western Australia</i> , (DOH, 2021)
Acceptance Criteria	has the same meaning as that defined in Landfill Definitions
AHD	Australian Height Datum
Annual Audit Compliance Report (AACR)	means a report submitted in a format approved by the CEO (relevant guidelines and templates may be available on the Department's website).
annual period	a 12-month period commencing from 1 January until 31 December of the immediately following year.
asbestos	means the asbestiform variety of mineral silicates belonging to the serpentine or amphibole groups of rock-forming minerals and includes actinolite, amosite, anthophyllite, chrysotile, crocidolite, tremolite and any mixture containing 2 or more of those
books	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
CEO	means Chief Executive Officer of the Department. “submit to / notify the CEO” (or similar), means either: Director General Department administering the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> Locked Bag 10 Joondalup DC WA 6919 or: <a href="mailto:info@dwer.wa.gov.au">info@dwer.wa.gov.au</a>
construction and demolition waste	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions;
Department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
discharge	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.

Term	Definition
emission	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
EP Act	<i>Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)</i>
EP Regulations	<i>Environmental Protection Regulations 1987 (WA)</i>
FIDOL factors	means the following important dimensions of odour nuisance: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Frequency of odour impacts;</li> <li>2. Intensity (or strength) of the odour;</li> <li>3. Duration of the exposure events;</li> <li>4. Offensiveness of the odour; and</li> <li>5. Location of the impacts (the sensitivity of the receiving environment).</li> </ol>
FOGO	means food organics and garden organics waste collected from kerbside municipal collections
German standard VDI 3940	means the <i>German standard VDI 3940-3: Measurement of odour impact by field inspection – Determination of odour intensity and hedonic tone.</i>
green waste	biodegradable waste comprising plants and their component parts such as flower cuttings, hedge trimmings, branches, grass, leaves, plants, seeds, shrub and tree loppings, tree trunks, tree stumps and similar materials and includes any mixture of those materials.
hardstand	means a surface with a permeability of $10^{-9}$ metres/second or less
Hazardous Waste	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions
Inert Waste Type 1	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions
Inert Waste Type 2	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions
Landfill Definitions	means the document titled “Landfill Waste Classification and Waste Definitions 1996” published by the Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Environment as amended from time to time.
licence	refers to this document, which evidences the grant of a licence by the CEO under section 57 of the EP Act, subject to the specified conditions contained within.
licence holder	refers to the occupier of the premises, being the person specified on the front of the licence as the person to whom this licence has been granted.
operational odour analysis	has the meaning defined in <i>Guideline: Odour emissions</i> (DWER, June 2019)

Term	Definition
premises	refers to the premises to which this licence applies, as specified at the front of this licence and as shown on the premises map Figure 1 in Schedule 1 to this licence.
prescribed premises	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.
putrescible	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions
quarterly period	means each period of three consecutive months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31.
Recyclable solid waste	<p><b>Paper</b> (including newspaper, office paper(not shredded), magazines, envelopes, paper bags);</p> <p><b>Cardboard</b> (including Packaging/cardboard boxes(clean and flattened) milk and juice cartons (no long-life cartons (foil lined));</p> <p><b>Cans</b> (including Aluminium cans, steel cans, clean foil (scrunched in a ball at least 5cm in diameter);</p> <p><b>Glass</b> (including glass bottles and jars, broken glass) and;</p> <p><b>Plastic</b> (including bottles and container, plastic punnets, plastic lids (palm sized or larger)</p>
Special Waste Type 1	has the meaning defined in Landfill Definitions
usual working day	means 0500 – 1700 hours, Monday to Friday excluding public holidays in Western Australia
waste	has the same meaning given to that term under the EP Act.

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**END OF CONDITIONS**

# Schedule 1: Maps

## Premises map

The boundary of the prescribed premises is shown in the map below (Figure 1). The red line depicts the premises boundary.



Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the prescribed premises



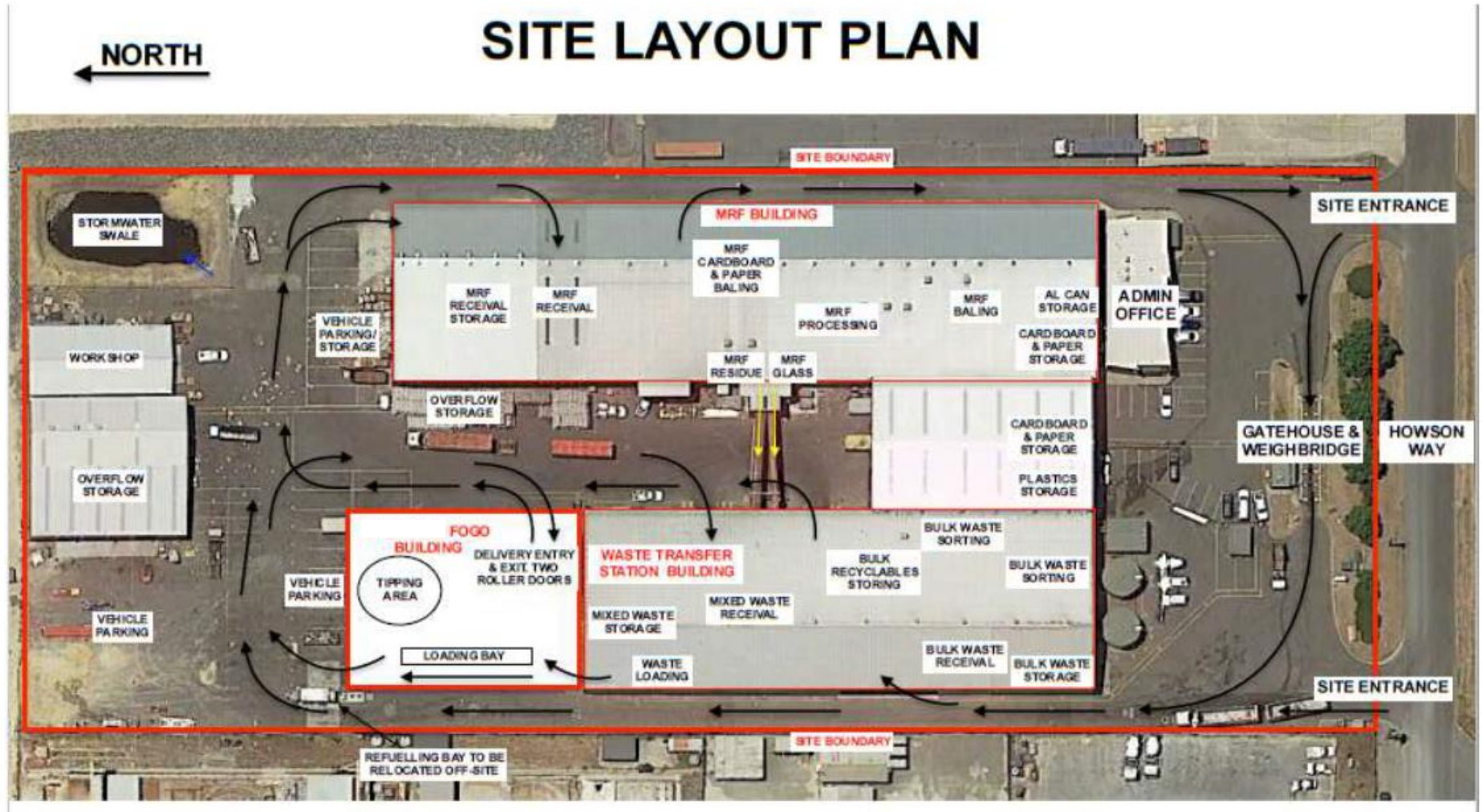


Figure 2: Premises site plan

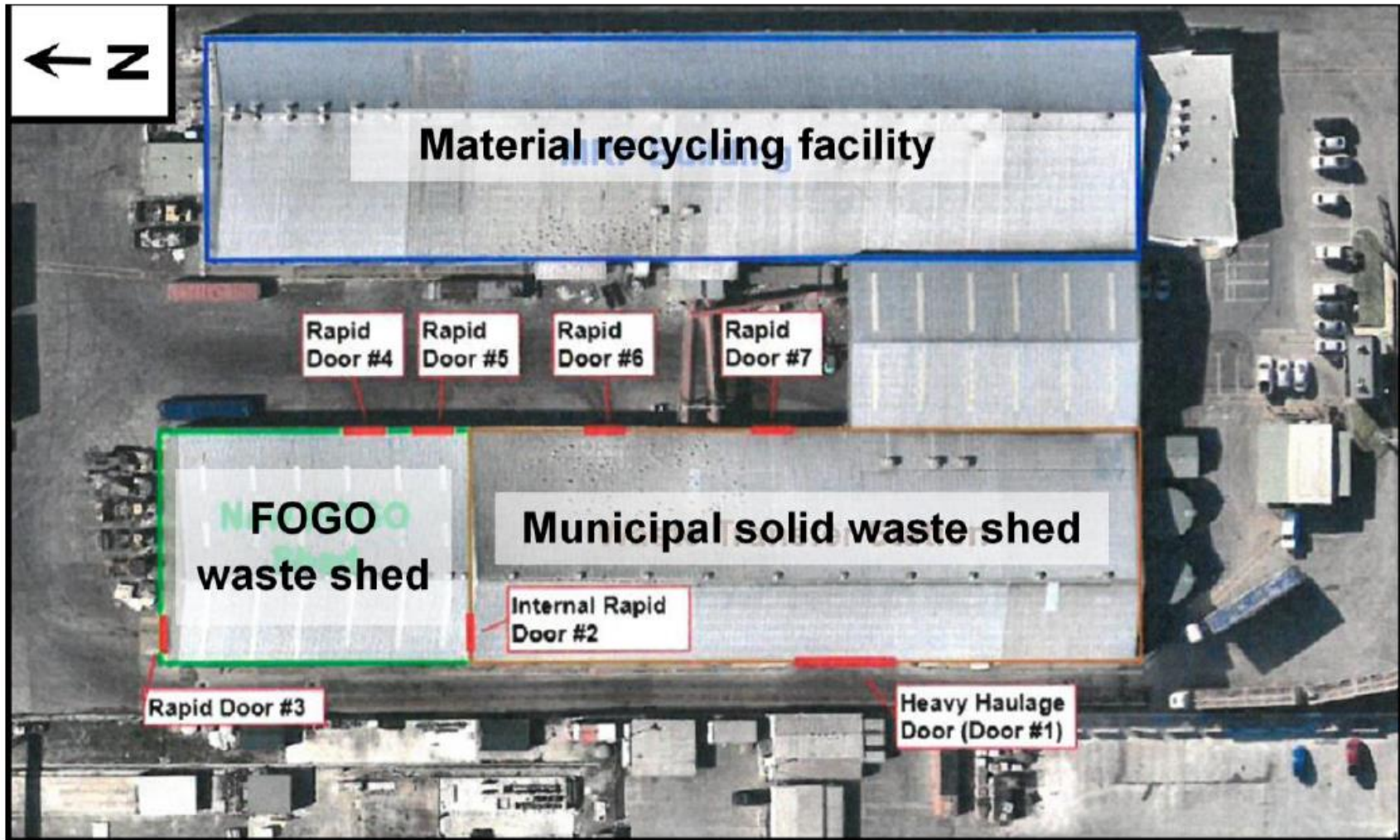


Figure 3: Overview of door locations